MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA A CLASS II MUNICIPALITY IN HARRISON COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND RELATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 RFP #19-061 (Harrison County)

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# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Office	Name	Term
	Elective	
Mayor:	E. Ryan Kennedy	07/01/17 - 06/30/21
Vice Mayor:	James Marino	07/01/19 – 06/30/23
Council Members:	Gary Keith	07/01/19 – 06/30/23
	Frank Ferrari	07/01/17 – 06/30/21
	James Malfregeot	
	Lillie Scott-Junkins	07/01/19 – 06/30/23
	Marshall Goff	07/01/17 – 06/30/21

Appointed

City Manager: Martin Howe

Finance Director: Kim Karakiozis

City Clerk: Annette Wright

### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FUNDS INCLUDED IN REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

#### **MAJOR FUNDS**

General
Coal Severance Tax
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund

### PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

#### **MAJOR FUNDS**

Municipal Building Commission

#### NONMAJOR FUNDS

#### Special Revenue Funds

Police Fund
Tax Increment Financing District
Urban Renewal Authority
Park Board
Park Board Special Levy
Dental and Vision Benefit
Capital Improvement Levy Fund
PEIA Fund
Police National Nightout

Debt Service Fund
Urban Renewal Authority

#### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

#### Pension Trust

Policemen's Pension and Relief Firemen's Pension and Relief

#### **COMPONENT UNITS**

Blended

Municipal Building Commission

Discretely Presented
Sanitary Board
Parking Authority

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Council Municipality of Clarksburg Clarksburg, West Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia adopted new accounting guidance, GASB 95 – Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual - General Fund - budgetary basis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance budget and actual - Coal Severance Fund - budgetary basis, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of Municipality contributions, notes to required supplementary information – net pension liability, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios multiyear – Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, schedule of the net pension liability multiyear – Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, schedule of contributions multiyear – Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, notes to schedule of contributions - Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios multiyear - Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, schedule of the net pension liability multiyear - Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, schedule of contributions multiyear - Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, notes to schedule of contributions - Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, schedule of proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, schedule of Municipality contributions – OPEB, notes to required supplementary information – net OPEB liability on pages 104 through 124 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit

of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2021, on our consideration of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clarksburg, West Virginia

Titick , Bartlett, Phil

January 28, 2021

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Carrammantal	Business		ent Units	
	Governmental Activities	Type	Total	Sanitary Board	Parking
Assets	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Board</u>	<u>Authority</u>
Cash	\$ 4,449,582	\$ 693,824	\$ 5,143,406	\$ 748,955	\$ 28,816
Receivables	6,957,487	-0-	6,957,487	1,110,914	-0-
Due to/from other activities	( 8,812)	-0-	( 8,812)	8,812	-0-
Inventory	-0-	-0-	-0-	241,660	-0-
Restricted assets	-0-	875,384	875,384	901,724	-0-
Capital assets, net	18,827,251	28,056,525	46,883,776	18,442,391	6,110,556
Total assets	30,225,508	<u>29,625,733</u>	<u>59,851,241</u>	21,454,456	6,139,372
10141 455015	50,225,508	29,023,733	37,031,271	21,434,430	0,137,312
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS	371,015	-0-	371,015	183,415	-0-
Deferred outflows of resources – Police and					
Fire Pension	1,652,946	-0-	1,652,946	-0-	-0-
Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT	<u>594,551</u>		<u>594,551</u>	<u>113,764</u>	<u>780</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,618,512		<u>2,618,512</u>	<u>297,179</u>	<u>780</u>
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	242,233	-0-	242,233	25,782	243
Accrued payroll	-0-	-0-	-0-	103,055	104
Accrued interest payable	-0-	7,274	7,274	-0-	-0-
Long-term liabilities		•	ŕ		
Due within one year	1,023,561	776,777	1,800,338	820,080	-0-
Due in more than one year	50,310,311	16,118,686	<u>66,428,997</u>	11,024,202	3,425
Total liabilities	<u>51,576,105</u>	16,902,737	68,478,842	<u>11,973,119</u>	3,772
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows of resources – WVPERS	304,222	-0-	304,222	150,422	-0-
Deferred inflows of resources – Police and	,		•	·	
Fire Pension	3,094,833	-0-	3,094,833	-0-	-0-
Deferred inflows of resources – WVRHBT	1,118,116		1,118,116	213,705	1,476
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,517,171	-0-	4,517,171	364,127	1,476
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	17,149,519	11,161,062	28,310,581	7,335,146	6,110,556
Restricted	-0-	875,384	875,384	1,412,996	25,487
Unrestricted	(40,398,775)	686,550	(39,712,225)	666,247	(1,139)
Total net position	\$ (23,249,256)		\$ (10,526,260)		\$ <u>6,134,904</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Net (Expenses) Revenues						
		Program Revenues			and Changes in	Net Position	_	Component Units		
			Operating	Capital	-	<b>Business</b>				
		<b>Charges</b>	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Type		Sanitary	<b>Parking</b>	
Functions/Programs	<b>Expenses</b>	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>	Board	Authority	
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 4,289,481	\$ 135,265	\$ 2,222,207	\$ -0-	\$ ( 1,932,009)	\$ -0-	\$ (1,932,009)	F -0-	\$ -0-	
Public safety	8,457,880	1,752,118	400,087	-0-	( 6,305,675)	-0-	( 6,305,675)	-0-	-0-	
Highways and streets	3,148,310	-0-	-0-	-0-	( 3,148,310)	-0-	( 3,148,310)	-0-	-0-	
Health and sanitation	450,208	-0-	-0-	-0-	( 450,208)	-0-	( 450,208)	-0-	-0-	
Community development	363,775	<b>-</b> 0-	-0-	-0-	( 363,775)	-0-	( 363,775)	-0-	-0-	
Culture and recreation	2,427,450	764,945	50,017	-0-	( 1,612,488)	-0-	( 1,612,488)	-0-	-0-	
Social services	34,609	-0-	-0-	-0-	( 34,609)	-0-	( 34,609)	-0-	-0-	
Benefit payments	2,063,439	-0-	<u>2,200,288</u>	0-	<u>136,849</u>		<u>136,849</u>	0-	<u>-0-</u>	
Total governmental activities	21,235,152	2,652,328	<u>4,872,599</u>		(13,710,225)		(13,710,225)	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	
Business-Type Activities										
Municipal Building Commission	2,348,111	536,703	279,000	<u>64,227</u>		(1,468,181)	( <u>1,468,181</u> )		0-	
Total business-type activities	2,348,111	536,703	279,000	64,227		(1,468,181)	( <u>1,468,181</u> )	0-		
Total primary government	\$ <u>23,583,263</u>	\$ <u>3,189,031</u>	\$ <u>5,151,599</u>	\$ <u>64,227</u>	( <u>13,710,225</u> )	(_1,468,181)	(15,178,406)		0-	
Component Units										
Sanitary Board	\$ 4,571,614	\$ 4,733,919	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	162,305	<b>-</b> 0-	
Parking Authority	238,197	131,578	<u>-0-</u>						(_106,619)	
Total component units	\$ <u>4,809,811</u>	\$ <u>4,865,497</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	0-			162,305	( <u>106,619</u> )	

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Net (Expenses) Revenues										
			Program Revenu	es	and	and Changes in Net Position			Component Units			<u>its</u>
			<b>Operating</b>	<u>Capital</u>			<b>Business</b>					
		<b>Charges</b>	Grants and	Grants and		<u>vernmental</u>	<u>Type</u>		<u>Sanitary</u>			<u>king</u>
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	for Services	<b>Contributions</b>	<u>Contributions</u>	4	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Board</u>		Auth	ority
General Revenues												
Taxes and special assessments:					_				•		•	_
Ad valorem					\$	4,104,410		\$ 4,104,410		0-	\$	-0-
Excise utility						706,504	-0-	706,504		0-		-0-
Business and occupation						6,767,491	-0-	6,767,491		0-		-0-
Alcoholic beverage						119,583	-0-	119,583		0-		-0-
Hotel occupancy						343,766	-0-	343,766		0-		-0-
Animal control						4,671	-0-	4,671		0-		-0-
Oil and gas						39,395	-0-	39,395		0-		-0-
Municipal sales and use tax						4,364,487	-0-	4,364,487		0-		<b>-</b> 0-
Licenses and permits						560,368	-0-	560,368		0-		-0-
Franchises fees						170,763	-0-	170,763		0-		<b>-</b> 0-
Interest and investment earnings						65,948	26,988	92,936	19,92	24		432
Intergovernmental – state						42,193	<b>-</b> 0-	42,193		0-		-0-
Video lottery and gaming income						89,248	-0-	89,248		0-		-0-
Miscellaneous						<u>169,391</u>		<u>169,391</u>	13,1			<u>-0-</u>
Total general revenues						<u>17,548,218</u>	<u>26,988</u>	<u>17,575,206</u>	33,04	<u> 11</u>		432
Change in net position before transfers						3,837,993	( 1,441,193)	2,396,800	195,34	16	( 10	06,187)
Operating transfers in (out)					(	<u>813,326</u> )	1,113,335	300,009	(300.00	<u>)9</u> )		<u>-0-</u>
Change in net position						3,024,667	( 327,858)	2,696,809	( 104,66	53)	( 10	06,187)
Net position – beginning – restated					(	(26,273,923)	13,050,854	(13,223,069	9,519,0 <u>9</u>	<u>52</u>	6,24	<u>41,091</u>
Net position ending					\$ (	( <u>23,249,256</u> )	\$ <u>12,722,996</u>	\$ ( <u>10,526,260</u>	\$ <u>9,414,3</u>	<u> 89</u>	\$ <u>6,1.</u>	<u>34,904</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA FUND BALANCE SHEETS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	Coal Severance Fund	Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSE 15					
Cash Receivables, net of allowances:	\$ 1,660,948	\$ 31,674	\$ 933,341	\$ 1,823,619	\$ 4,449,582
Accounts	1,135,529	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,135,529
Taxes	2,239,063	7,237	1,052,984	223,273	3,522,557
Grants	2,243,036	-0-	-0-	-0-	2,243,036
Other	38,643	-0-	-0-	-0-	38,643
Notes Due to/(from) other activities	-0- ( <u>606,728</u> )	-0- -0-	-0- 684,741	17,722 ( 86,825)	17,722 ( 8,812)
Due to/(from) other activities	(_000,728)	<u></u>	004,/41	(	(0,012)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>6,710,491</u>	\$ <u>38,911</u>	\$ <u>2,671,066</u>	\$ <u>1,977,789</u>	\$ <u>11,398,257</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 81,808	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 160,425	\$ 242,233
Accrued payroll	710,587	0-		1,305	711,892
Total liabilities	<u>792,395</u>			<u>161,730</u>	954,125
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred revenue – taxes	<u>396,012</u>			<u> 183,758</u>	<u>579,770</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>396,012</u>	0-		<u> 183,758</u>	<u>579,770</u>
Fund Balances					
Committed	-0-	38,911	-0-	-0-	38,911
Assigned	-0-	-0-	2,671,066	1,645,849	4,316,915
Unassigned	5,522,084	-0-	-0-	( 13,548)	5,508,536
Total fund balance	<u>5,522,084</u>	<u>38,911</u>	<u>2,671,066</u>	<u>1,632,301</u>	<u>9,864,362</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>6,710,491</u>	\$ <u>38,911</u>	\$ <u>2,671,066</u>	\$ <u>1,977,789</u>	\$ <u>11,398,257</u>

## MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE SHEETS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Fund balance, fund level statement June 30, 2020	\$ 9,864,362
The total fund balance of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's governmental funds differ from the net position of the governmental activities reported on the Statement of Net Position as follows:	
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the fund level statements:	
Accrued compensated absences Obligation under capital lease Net pension obligation payable Notes payable Other post-employment benefit obligation payable	( 734,010) ( 1,364,436) (45,598,568) ( 313,296) ( 2,611,670)
Capital assets, that are used in governmental activities and are purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those assets and their associated accumulated depreciation.	18,827,251
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension and other post-employment benefit are not required to be reported in the funds but are required to be reported at the government-wide level:	
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS Deferred outflows of resources – Police and Fire Pension Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT Deferred inflows of resources – WVPERS Deferred inflows of resources – Police and Fire Pension Deferred inflows of resources – WVRHBT	371,015 1,652,946 594,551 ( 304,222) ( 3,094,833) ( 1,118,116)
Some revenues are reported as deferred in the governmental funds:	
Deferred revenue	<u>579,770</u>
Net position of governmental activities	\$ ( <u>23,249,256</u> )

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Municipal</u>								
			C	Coal	_	ales and	<u>Other</u>		<u>Total</u>
		General		rance		Jse Tax	Governmenta	l G	overnmental
		Fund		ınd	_	Fund	Funds		Funds
Revenues									
Taxes and special assessments:									
Ad valorem	\$	2,404,296	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ 1,623,702	\$	4,027,998
Excise utility		706,504		-0-		-0-	-0-		706,504
Business and occupation		6,749,309		-0-		-0-	-0-		6,749,309
Alcoholic beverage		119,583		-0-		-0-	-0-		119,583
Hotel occupancy		343,766		-0-		-0-	-0-		343,766
Animal control		4,671		-0-		-0-	-0-		4,671
Oil and gas		39,395		-0-		-0-	-0-		39,395
Municipal sales and use tax		<b>-0</b> -		-0-		4,364,487	-0-		4,364,487
Licenses and permits		560,368		-0-		-0-	-0-		560,368
Charges for services		1,650,277		-0-		<del>-</del> 0-	764,945		2,415,222
Fines and forfeits		207,922		-0-		-0-	29,184		237,106
Franchise fees		170,763		-0-		-0-	-0-		170,763
Interest		13,076		505		29,955	22,412		65,948
Donations		23,442		-0-		-0-	26,575		50,017
Intergovernmental:		,		•		•			7
Federal		2,621,352		-0-		-0-	942		2,622,294
State		-0-	4	2,193		-0-	-0-		42,193
Contributions from employees		-0-		-0-		-0-	361,157		361,157
Contribution from employees		-0-		-0-		-0-	1,839,131		1,839,131
Video lottery and gaming income		89,248		-0-		-0-	-0-		89,248
Miscellaneous income		161,376		-0-		-0-	8,015		169,391
			-			4,394,442	4,676,063		24,978,551
Total revenue		<u>15,865,348</u>	4	<u>2,698</u>	:	4,394,442	4,070,003		<u> </u>
Expenditures									
General government		3,444,395		8,283		-0-	-0-		3,452,678
Public safety		9,308,377		8,585		1,000,000	243,950		10,580,912
Highways and streets		2,753,441		4,057		13,181	68,805		2,839,484
Health and sanitation		443,598		-0-		-0-	-0-		443,598
Community development		344,500		-0-		-0-	19,275		363,775
Culture and recreation		1,485,334	1	3,000		-0-	1,028,941		2,527,275
Social services		34,609	_	-0-		-0-	-0-		34,609
Benefit payments		<b>-</b> 0-		0-		-0-	2,063,439		2,063,439
Capital outlay		-0-		-0-		-0-	756,454		756,454
Debt service – principal		275,125		-0-		-0-	26,925		302,050
Debt service – interest		-0-		-0-		0-	5,160		5,160
Total expenditures		18,089,379	5	3,925		1,013,181	4,212,949		23,369,434
•			_						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	,	1 114 011	,,	1 225		2 201 271	ACO 11A		1 600 117
(under) expenditures	(	2,224,031)	Ü	1,227)	,	<u>3,381,261</u>	463,114		1,609,117

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Coal Severance Fund	Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from debt financing	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 321,757	\$ 321,757
Operating transfers in	3,714,420	-0-	-0-	961,474	4,675,894
Operating transfers (out)	( <u>267,704</u> )		( <u>3,848,281</u> )	(1,373,235)	( <u>5,489,220</u> )
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>3,446,716</u>	0-	( <u>3,848,281</u> )	(90,004)	( <u>491,569</u> )
Net change in fund balance	1,222,685	(11,227)	( 467,020)	373,110	1,117,548
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,299,399	<u>50,138</u>	3,138,086	1,259,191	8,746,814
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>5,522,084</u>	\$ <u>38,911</u>	\$ <u>2,671,066</u>	\$ <u>1,632,301</u>	\$ <u>9,864,362</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 1,117,548
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	( 321,087)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Change in deferred revenue	94,594
Capital leases provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but entering into capital leases increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of capital lease obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets:	
Repayment of obligation under capital lease Proceeds from obligation under capital lease	99,736 ( 321,757)
Notes payable provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but entering into notes payable increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of notes payable is an expenditure of the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	
Repayment of notes payable	92,281
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in accrued compensated absences	( 116,434)
Long-term pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the fund statements. This is the change in long-term pension liability in the current year	2,366,045

### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2020

Long-term other post-employment benefit obligations is a long-term liability, not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the fund statements. This is the change in long-term other post-employment benefit obligations in the current year.

\$ 706,436

Some assets do not provided current financial resources and are not reported as assets in the fund level statements.

This is the change in pension and other post-employment benefit plans deferred outflows of resources

(111,179)

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the fund level statements.

This the change in pension and other post-employment benefit plans deferred inflows of resources.

(581,516)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 3,024,667

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	Business-Type Activities  Municipal Building  Commission
1202210	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 693,824
Total current assets	<u>693,824</u>
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted assets	<u>875,384</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>875,384</u>
Capital Assets	
Buildings	32,942,754
Equipment	179,691
Less: Accumulated depreciation	( <u>5,065,920</u> )
Net capital assets	<u>28,056,525</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>29,625,733</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Current Liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 776,777
Accrued revenue bond interest payable	7,274
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	<u>784,051</u>
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion)	
Revenue bonds payable	<u>16,118,686</u>
Total long-term liabilities (net of current portion)	<u>16,118,686</u>
Total liabilities	<u>16,902,737</u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,161,062
Restricted for debt service	875,384 686,550
Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 12,722,996
Total not position	Ψ <u>* σαλιααλες ×</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<b>Business-Type Activitie</b>
	Municipal Building
	<u>Commission</u>
Onancia a Passana	
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 536,703
Operating donations	<u> 279,000</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>815,703</u>
Operating Expenses	
Maintenance	20,980
Theatre expense	880,919
Depreciation	737,256
Total operating expenses	1,639,155
Operating income (loss)	( <u>823,452</u> )
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest	26,988
Contributions	64,227
Interest and fiscal charges	( <u>708,956</u> )
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(617,741)
Total honoperating revenues (expenses)	(
Change in net position before operating transfers in (out)	( 1,441,193)
Operating transfers in (out)	1,113,335
opolating transition in (out)	
Change in net position	( 327,858)
Total net position – beginning – restated	<u>13,050,854</u>
	Ф. 10.700.00 <i>с</i>
Total net position – ending	\$ <u>12,722,996</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities  Municipal Building  Commission
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<b>6</b> ( 96 106)
Payments to suppliers  Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ ( <u>86,196)</u> ( <u>86,196</u> )
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Contributions from other funds  Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,113,335 1,113,335
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Repayment of revenue bonds	( 723,788)
Donations from other entities	64,227
(Increase) in restricted assets Interest expense	95,192 ( <u>710,1</u> 94)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,274,563)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest on investments	<u> 26,988</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>26,988</u>
Net (decrease) in cash	( 220,436)
Cash at beginning of year	914,260
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>693,824</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash (used in)	
operating activities:	0.4.000.450
Operating income (loss)	\$ ( 823,452)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	737,256
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ ( <u>86,196</u> )

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA FIDUCIARY RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds
Assets	
Cash	\$ 15,666
Investments:	•
Cash reserves	1,778,191
Federal government securities	9,776
Mutual funds	15,015,660
Certificates of deposit	558,835
Corporate bonds	3,382,665
Corporate stocks	1,858,668
Receivables:	, ,
State insurance premium tax	80,556
Accrued interest	14,551
Total assets	22,714,568
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	-0-
Total liabilities	-0-
Net Position	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ <u>22,714,568</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA FIDUCIARY RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension rust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,711,152
Employee	376,915
Insurance premium tax allocation	936,477
Total contributions	<u>5,024,544</u>
Investment income:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	671,762
Net gain (loss) on sale of investments	267,709
Interest and dividends	<u>397,278</u>
Total investment income	1,336,749
Miscellaneous	743
Total additions	6,362,036
Deductions	
General and administrative	201,143
Benefit payments	2,779,800
Total deductions	2,980,943
Net increase	3,381,093
Net position – beginning of year	<u>19,333,475</u>
Net position – end of year	\$ <u>22,714,568</u>

### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia (the Municipality), conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

#### (a) Reporting Entity

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor, vice mayor and five member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The services provided by the government and accounted for within these financial statements include law enforcement for the Municipality, health and sanitation services, cultural and recreational programs, and other governmental services.

The accompanying financial statements present the government as required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In determining whether to include a governmental department, agency, commission or organization as a component unit, the government must evaluate each entity as to whether they are legally separate and financially accountable based on the criteria set for by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Legal separateness is evaluated on the basis of: (1) its corporate name, (2) the right to sue and be sued and (3) the right to buy, sell or lease and mortgage property. Financial accountability is based on: (1) the appointment of the governing authority, and (2) the ability to impose will, or (3) the providing of specific financial benefit or imposition of specific financial burden. Another factor to consider in this evaluation is whether an entity is fiscally dependent on the Municipality.

The Municipality complies with GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". This statement established standards for defining and reporting component units in the financial statements of the reporting entity. It defines component units as legally separate organizations for which the component unit not only has a fiscal dependency on the reporting entity but also a financial benefit or burden relationship must be present between the reporting entity and the entity that is to be included as a component unit. In addition, an entity may be included as a component unit in the financial statements of the reporting entity, if the reporting entity's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The entities below are legally separate from the Municipality and meet GAAP criteria for component units. These entities are blended with the primary government because they provide services entirely or almost entirely to the Municipality.

The Clarksburg Building Commission serves Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of five-members appointed by the Municipality for a term of five years each. The Building Commission acquires property and debt on behalf of the Municipality. The Municipality of Clarksburg Building Commission is reported as an enterprise fund.

The Clarksburg Urban Renewal Authority serves Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of five-members appointed by the Municipality for a term of five years each. The Clarksburg Urban Renewal Authority develops property and demolishes condemned structures on behalf of the Municipality and is reported as a special revenue fund.

#### Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are entities which are legally separate from the Municipality, but are financially accountable to the Municipality, or whose relationship with the Municipality is such that exclusion would cause the Municipality's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Because of the nature of services they provide and the Municipality's ability to impose its will on them or a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, the following component units are discretely presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 (as amended by GASB Statement No. 39). The discretely presented component units are presented on the government-wide statements.

The Clarksburg Sanitary Board services all the citizens of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia and is governed by a three member board comprised of the City Manager and two members appointed by council. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's elected council.

The Clarksburg Parking Authority serves Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of five-members appointed by the Municipality for a term of three years each. The Clarksburg Parking Authority provides parking areas within the Municipality.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units can be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

#### (b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants whose purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmental-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Combining financial statements for the nonmajor governmental funds are included as supplementary information.

# (c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied and collectible. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Also, certain taxpayer-assessed revenues such as business and occupation and utility taxes are accrued as revenue at year end. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for governmental activities, where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Municipality in a trustee or agency capacity. The fund types used by the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia are described as follows:

#### Governmental Fund Types

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the municipality. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for capital purposes.

**Debt Service Funds:** The Debt Service Funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for debt retirement.

Capital Project Funds: Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by Proprietary Funds.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial sources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Coal Severance Tax fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for revenues and expenditures from a severance tax placed on coal that is distributed to West Virginia municipalities.

The Municipal Sales and Use Tax fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for the collection of the municipal sales and use tax of the Municipality.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Municipal Building Commission fund serves the Municipality by providing facilities that provide facilities to the public. The legally separate entity leases these facilities to the primary government in accordance to lease agreements. The Board promulgates rules and regulations governing the usage and maintenance of the facilities.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *Pension Trust funds* account for the activities of the Public Safety Employees Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees. These funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Expenses for the enterprise fund include the administrative expense, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

(d) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

The accounts of the Municipality are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The major fund categories and account groups for the fund financial statements are:

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, restricted assets may be considered cash equivalents based on liquidity.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, the Municipality reports its investments at fair value, except for non-participating investment contracts (certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements) which are reported at costs, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statement. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices.

Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Managed funds related to the retirement systems not listed on an established market are reported at estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of underlying securities. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in the State Investment Pool or the Municipal Bond Commission or to invest such funds in the following classes of securities: Obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, certificates of deposit (which mature in less than one year), general and direct obligations of the State of West Virginia; obligations of the federal mortgage association; indebtedness or guaranteed by the federal government; pooled mortgage trusts (subject to limitations); indebtedness of any private corporation that is properly graded in the top three ratings, at the time of acquisition; interest earning deposits which are fully insured or collateralized; and mutual funds registered with the S.E.C. which have fund assets over three hundred million dollars.

State statute §8-13-22c places limitations on the aforementioned investments include the following: at no time can investment portfolios consist of more than seventy-five percent of the indebtedness of any private corporation nor can the portfolio have over twenty-five percent of its portfolio consisting of the indebtedness of a private corporation's debt which matures in less than one year; at no time may more than nine percent of the portfolio be invested in securities issued by a single private corporation or association; and at no time can more than sixty percent of the portfolio be invested in equity mutual funds.

Municipal Pension Funds are governed as to type of investments by West Virginia Code §8-22-22. Pension funds are permitted to invest in all of the above mentioned types of investments with the exceptions of: (1) Direct and general obligations of the State and (2) Pooled mortgage trusts. Additionally, pension funds are permitted to invest funds in the following categories of investments: (1) Repurchase agreements and (2) Common stock, securities convertible into common stocks, or warrants and rights to purchase such securities. Pension funds have different rules concerning the purchase of marketable debt securities.

The following restrictions apply only to pension portfolios and are separate and distinct from the limitations mentioned above: (1) fixed income securities which are issued by one issuer (with the exception of the United States government) are not to exceed five percent of the total pension fund assets; and (2) at no time can the non-real estate equity portion of the portfolio exceed seventy-five percent of the total portfolio.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

#### Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables or payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### Trade Receivables

All trade receivables are shown at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

#### Property Tax Receivable

All current taxes assessed on real and personal property may be paid in two installments; the first installment is payable on September first of the year for which the assessment is made, and becomes delinquent on October first; the second installment is payable on the first day the following March and becomes delinquent on April first. Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both first and second installments, are subject to a discount of two and one-half percent. If the taxes are not paid on or before the date in which they become delinquent, including both first and second installments, interest at the rate of nine percent annum is added for the date they become delinquent until the date they are paid.

All municipalities within the State are authorized to levy taxes not in excess of the following maximum levies per \$100 of assessed valuation: On Class I property, twelve and five-tenths cents (12.5 cents); On Class II property, twenty-five cents (25 cents); On Class IV property, fifty cents (50 cents). In addition, municipalities may provide for an election to lay an excess levy; the rates not to exceed statutory limitations, provided at least sixty percent of the voters cast ballots in favor of the excess levy.

The rates levied by the Municipality per \$100 of assessed valuation for each class of property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Class of Property	Assessed Valuation for Tax Purposes	Current Expense	Excess Levy
Class II	\$ 206,506,542	25.00 cents 50.00 cents	12.50 cents
Class IV	\$ 418,624,674		25.00 cents

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain proceeds set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

#### 4. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and estimated to have a useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets are materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is not reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invest proceeds during the same period.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40 – 50
Structure and improvements	5 - 50
Infrastructure	40 – 50
Machinery and equipment	5 – 40

#### 5. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Employees accrue 1.25 sick days per month to a maximum of 40 days. Employees meeting certain criteria can convert sick leave into cash. Vacation is accrued up to certain limits based on years of service.

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences.

When a permanent full time employee retires, the employee may elect to have any accrued sick leave converted to insurance benefits based on the formula of two days sick leave for one month single coverage insurance premium or three days sick leave for one month family coverage insurance premium.

### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

#### 7. Fund Balances

#### **Equity Classification**

Effective July 1, 2010, the Municipality adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," which establishes new standards for accounting and financial reporting that are intended to improve the clarity and consistency of the fund balance information provided to financial report users. The classifications are based primarily on the extent to which the Municipality is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are reported in the following categories:

**Net Position Classifications:** 

GASB 63 – Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position – divided net position for Government-wide net position into three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the Municipality's creditors (for example through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- c. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category

GASB Statement No. 54 – "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" – divided fund balance for fund level into five components:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Municipality's code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- c. Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Municipality's council.
- d. Assigned Amounts that are designed by the Municipality's council for a particular purpose but are not spendable until there is a majority vote approval by the Municipality's council.
- e. Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Municipality Council is the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Council would take formal action to establish, and modify or rescind, a fund balance commitment or to assign fund balance amounts to a specific purpose. The government has adopted a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The government has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Municipality.

## 8. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Municipality adopted the following GASB statements:

GASB 95 - Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance – The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by one year, GASB Statement 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, GASB Statement 84 – Fiduciary Activities, GASB Statement 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, GASB Statement 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, GASB Statement 90 – Majority Equity Interests, GASB Statement 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations, GASB Statement 92 – Omnibus 2020, GASB Statement 93 - Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months, GASB Statement 87 - Leases. The requirements of this Statement are effective immediately.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements).

See independent auditor's report.

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The following are recent GASB Pronouncements for which the Municipality has not adopted as of June 30, 2020:

GASB 87 – Leases – This Statement's objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the rights to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about a government's leasing activities. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 with early implementation permissible.

GASB 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period – This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB 90 – Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 – This Statement's objective is to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations – This Statement's objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB 92 – Omnibus 2020 – The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions regarding the effective date of GASB Statement 87, Leases and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, for interim financial reports; Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan; The applicability of GASB Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68; the applicability of certain requirements of GASB Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities; measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition; reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers; reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. The effective dates of this Statement are as follows, the requirements related to GASB Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments are effective upon issuance; the requirements related to intra-entity transfers of assets and those related to the applicability of GASB Statement 73, GASB Statement 74, GASB Statement 84 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB 93 – Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates – Some government's have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR) – most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021,

prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. This Statement is effective for reporting periods ending after June 15, 2021.

GASB 94 – Public – Private and Public – Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements – This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB 97 – Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for

Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits through those plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

## 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of the resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 11. Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows/inflows of the resources related to other postemployment benefits, information about the fiduciary net position of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 13. Stabilization Arrangements

The government has created a stabilization arrangement in accordance with West Virginia Code §8-37-3. The government may appropriate a sum to the arrangement from any surplus in the general fund at the end of each fiscal year or from other money available. The amount of money committed to the arrangement may not exceed thirty percent of the government's most recent general fund budget. The money may be used for any unforeseen shortfalls. The stabilization balance at fiscal year-end was \$364,015.

#### 14. Inventories

The Municipality considers inventories of materials and supplies utilized in governmental fund types operations as expended at the time of purchase therefore, they do not appear in the municipality's financial statements. Inventories of materials and supplies utilized in the proprietary fund type operation are considered expended at the time of consumption; therefore, balances on hand at year end, valued at cost (first-in, first-out) are presented in the Municipality's financial statements.

## II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the Coal Severance Tax Special Revenue Fund, except that the amounts held for stabilization are not included for budgeting purposes. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The governing body of the Municipality is required to hold a meeting or meetings between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March to ascertain the financial condition of the Municipality and to prepare the levy estimate (budget) for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The budget is then forthwith submitted to the State Auditor for approval. The governing body then reconvenes on the third Tuesday in April to hear objections from the public and formally lay the levy.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Transfers of appropriations between departments and revenue related revisions to the budget require approval from the governing council and then submission to the State Auditor for approval. Revisions become effective when approved by the State Auditor and budgeted amounts in the financial statements reflect only such approved amounts. The governing body made no material supplementary budgetary appropriations throughout the year:

### General Fund

<u>Amount</u>	<u>Description</u>
\$ 269,852	General Government expenditures increase
(1,271,010)	Public Safety expenditures (decrease)
( 199,278)	Streets and Transportation expenditures (decrease)
( 27,930)	Health and Sanitation expenditures (decrease)
( 131,626)	Culture and Recreation expenditures (decrease)
1,000	Social Services expenditures increase

#### Coal Severance Fund

penditures increase
res increase
on expenditures increase
(penditures (decrease)
expenditures increase

## III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

## A. Deposits and Investments

At year end, the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund had the following investments:

Policemen's Pension and Relief			<u>Fair</u> <u>Value</u>		:	<u>Unrealized</u> <u>Gain (Loss)</u>		
TD Ameritrade Cash Mutual Funds		\$	720,09 10,599,55		720 9,728	0,091 <u>3,793</u>	\$	-0- <u>870,766</u>
		\$	11,319,65	<u>o</u> \$	<u>10,448</u>	<u>3,884</u>	\$	<u>870,766</u>
			<u>Fair</u>	•	Stand Poor's		<u>N</u> <u>Inv</u>	Moody's vestment
Policemen's Pension a TD Ameritrade cash Mutual funds	and Relief	;	<u>Valu</u> \$ 720, 10,599,	091		AA /A		ervices AAA N/A
	Less Then		\$ <u>11,319,</u>	<u>650</u>		<u>Over</u>		
Interest Rate Risk	1 Year	1	<u>- 5 Years</u>	<u>6 – 10</u>	<u>Years</u>	10 Yea	<u>ırs</u>	<u>Total</u>
TD Ameritrade cash Mutual funds	\$ 720,09 10,599,55		\$ -0- -0-	\$	-0- - <u>0-</u>	\$ -0 -0	_	720,091 10,599,559
	\$ <u>11,319,65</u>	<u>0</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$	<u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0</u>	<u>)-</u> \$	11,319,650

### Concentration of Credit Risk:

The government's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, it requires disclosure when the investment in any one issuer equals or exceeds 5% of the total amount of investments. At year end, the policemen's pension fund had the following investments that equaled or exceeded 5% of the total investments:

<u>Issuer</u>		Fair Value	<u>Percent</u>
mp 4 ' 1 G 1 p	Φ	700 001	C 260/
TD Ameritrade Cash Reserve	\$	720,091	6.36%
Ishares Trust Core US Aggbd Et Etf		1,153,730	10.19%
Fidelity Investments Advisor Strategic Income Z		983,161	8,69%
Fidelity Investments Total Bond Z		1,655,146	14.62%
Morgan Stanley Institutional Funds Growth A		2,469,168	21.81%
Parnassus Investments Mid Cap Inst		1,136,547	10.04%
Vanguard Div Growth Investor		1,742,752	15.40%
Wasatch Funds Ultra Growth Investor		1,043,837	9.22%

At year end, the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund had the following investments:

	Fair					nrealized	
		Value		Cost	Gain (Loss)		
Firemen's Pension and Relief							
Fidelity government cash reserves	\$	1,058,100	\$	1,058,100	\$	-0-	
Asset back securities bonds		9,776		-0-		9,776	
Mutual funds		4,416,101		2,973,398		1,442,703	
Certificates of deposit		558,835		548,173		10,662	
Corporate bonds		3,382,665		3,347,528		35,137	
Corporate stocks		1,858,668		<u>1,195,012</u>		663,656	
					_		
	\$	<u>11,284,145</u>	\$	<u>9,122,211</u>	\$	<u>2,161,934</u>	

			<u>Fa</u> Val	_	Stan Poor	dar	<u>nd</u> <u>I</u>	<u>N</u> nv	ating Moody's estment ervices
Firemen's Pension and	Relief								
Fidelity government cash	reserves		\$ 1,058	3,100	Α	AA	1		AAA
Asset back securities bon	ds		g	7,776	A	ΛA	1		AAA
Mutual funds			4,416	•	1	N/A			N/A
Certificates of deposit			•	3,835		N/A			N/A
Corporate bonds				2,665	BBB				1-AAA
Corporate stocks			1,858	•		N/A			N/A
Corporate stocks			1,000	<u>5,000</u>	1	. 1/ / 7	•		14/71
			\$ <u>11,28</u> 4	<u>4,145</u>					
	Less Than						Over		
Interest Rate Risk	1 Year	1	- 5 Years	<u>6 – 10</u>	Years	<u>10</u>	Years		Total
Firemen's Pension and Rel	ief								
Fidelity government cash		_					_	_	
reserves	\$ 1,058,100	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	•	\$	1,058,100
Asset back securities bonds	149		-0-		-0-		9,627		9,776
Mutual funds	4,416,101		-0-		-0- -0-		-0- -0-		4,416,101
Certificates of deposit	252,170		306,665	20	-0- 7,740,	,	-0- 192,882		558,835 3,382,665
Corporate bonds Corporate stocks	1,160,813 1,858,668		1,821,230 -0-	20	-0-	•	-0-		1,858,668
Corporate stocks	1,036,000				<u> -0-</u>	•	<u>-0-</u>		_1,020,000
	\$ <u>8,746,001</u>	\$	<u>2,127,895</u>	\$ <u>20</u>	<u> 7,740</u>	\$ 2	202,509	\$	11,284,145

### Concentration of Credit Risk:

The government's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, it requires disclosure when the investment in any one issuer equals or exceeds 5% of the total amount of investments. At year end, the firemen's pension fund had the following investments that comprised 5% or more of the total investments:

<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value	Percent
Fidelity Government Cash Reserves	\$ 1,058,100	9.38%
Ishares Russell Midcap Value ETF	706,984	6.27%
Ishares Russell Midcap Growth	684,818	6.07%
Ishares Core S & P Mid Cap ETF	634,817	5.63%
Spdr S & P 500 ETF Trust Unit	592,459	5.25%

At year end, the government had the following investments in Proprietary Fund Component Units:

## Sanitary Sewer Board

,			<u>Fair</u> <u>Value</u>	Credit Ris Standard & Poor's and Fitch	k Rating Moody's Investment Services
WV Municipal Bond C Money market	\$	330,950 <u>570,774</u>	Not Rated Not Rated	Not Rated Not Rated	
		\$	<u>901,724</u>		
Interest Rate Risk	0-3 Years	<u>4 – 7 Years</u>	8 – 10 Years	Over 10 Years	<u>Total</u>
WV Municipal Bond Commission Money market	\$ 330,950 570,774	\$ -0- <u>-0-</u>	\$ -0- -0-	\$ -0- -0-	\$ 330,950 <u>570,774</u>
	\$ <u>901,724</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>901,724</u>

At year end, the government had the following investments in Proprietary Funds:

			Cre	<u>Credit Risk</u>			
			<u>Standar</u>	<u>d &amp;</u>	Moody's		
		<u>Fair</u>	Poor's a	<u>nd I</u>	nvestment		
		<u>Value</u>	<u>Fitcl</u>	<u>n</u>	Services		
Municipal Building Comm Money Market	nission	\$ <u>875,38</u>	8 <u>4</u> Not Ra	ated ]	Not Rated		
Interest Rate Risk	0 - 3 Years	4 – 7 Years	8 – 10 Years	Over 10 Year	rs <u>Total</u>		
Money Market	\$ <u>875,384</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>875,384</u>		

#### Credit Risk

State law limit investments as described in Note I.D.1. It is the government's policy to limit its investments as stated in the West Virginia Code. The government does not have a policy for credit risk in addition to governing statutes.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The government's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosure when the investment in any one issuer equals or exceeds 5% of the total amount of investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, the government could be exposed to risk in the event of a bank failure where the government's deposits may not be returned. The government's policy for custodial credit risk is to require a depository bond as collateral for all investments. At year end, the primary government's, component units' and fiduciary funds' bank balances were \$5,936,843, which were collateralized with a depository bond.

For Investments, the government could be exposed to risk in the event of the failure of the counterparty where the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The government has adopted State Code requirements as its policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the investment balances were \$24,380,903. The entire balance is considered secured.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position of the government and Statement of Net Position of the Fiduciary Funds is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments – collateralized and secured	\$ 5,936,843 24,380,903
Total	\$ 30,317,746
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and investments – restricted Investments	\$ 5,936,843 1,777,108 <u>22,603,795</u>
Total	\$ 30,317,746

### B. Receivables

Receivables at year end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

									Component
				<u>Municipal</u>					<u>Unit</u>
		<u>Co</u>	<u>al</u>	Sales and	<u>Other</u>		<u>Total</u>		<b>Sanitary</b>
	<u>General</u>	al Sever	ance	Use Tax	<u>Nonmajo</u>	<u>r</u>	<b>Primary</b>	<b>Fiduciary</b>	<b>Board</b>
	<u>Func</u>	<u>i</u> <u>Fu</u>	<u>nd</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>G</u>	overnment	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Receivables:									
Accounts	\$ 1,135,	529 \$	-0- \$	-0-	\$ -0-	\$ 1,	,135,529	\$ -0-	\$ 1,110,914
Taxes	2,239,	063 7,2	237	1,052,984	223,273	3,	,522,557	-0-	-0-
Grants	2,243,	036	-0-	-0-	-0-	2,	,243,036	-0-	-0-
Other	38,	643	-0-	-0-	-0-		38,643	-0-	-0-
Notes		-0-	-0-	-0-	17,722		17,722	-0-	-0-
Interest		0-	<u>-0-</u>	0-		_	-0-	<u>14,551</u>	-0-
Total	\$ <u>5,656</u>	<u>271</u> \$ <u>7,</u> 2	<u>237</u> \$	1,052,984	\$ <u>240,995</u>	\$ <u>6</u> ,	<u>,957,487</u>	\$ <u>14,551</u>	\$ <u>1,110,914</u>

The above receivables are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

							<u>Component</u>
			<u>Municipal</u>				<u>Unit</u>
		<u>Coal</u>	Sales and	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>		<b>Sanitary</b>
	<u>General</u>	<b>Severance</b>	Use Tax	<b>Nonmajor</b>	<b>Primary</b>	<b>Fiduciary</b>	<b>Board</b>
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	Government	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Receivables:							
Accounts	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 37,590
Notes	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>-0-</u>	
Total	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>7,000</u>	\$ <u>7,000</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>37,590</u>

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connections with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property taxes receivable	\$ 540,547
Business and occupation tax receivable	39,173
Total deferred revenue for governmental funds	\$ 579,770

## C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land	\$ <u>710,527</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>710,527</u>
Total nondepreciable assets	<u>710,527</u>		<u>-0-</u>	<u>710,527</u>
Depreciable assets:				
Structures and improvements	14,728,208	-0-	-0-	14,728,208
Infrastructure	17,864,949	-0-	-0-	17,864,949
Machinery and equipment	9,373,808	631,290	<u>-0-</u>	10,005,098
Totals at historical cost	41,966,965	631,290	-0-	42,598,255
Less: Accumulated depreciation	23,529,154	952,377	<u>-0-</u>	<u>24,481,531</u>
Total depreciable assets – net	18,437,811	(321,087)	<u>-0-</u>	<u>18,116,724</u>
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$ <u>19,148,338</u>	\$(321,087)	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>18,827,251</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 142,419
Public safety	222,434
Highways and streets	370,233
Health and sanitation	21,048
Culture and recreation	<u>196,243</u>

\$ <u>952,377</u>

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Municipal Building Commission Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings Equipment Total at historical cost	\$ 32,942,754 <u>179,691</u> 33,122,445	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ <u>-0-</u> -0- -0-	\$ 32,942,754 <u>179,691</u> 33,122,445
Less: Accumulated depreciation	4,328,664	737,256	<u>-0-</u>	5,065,920
Total depreciable assets	28,793,781	(737,256)	<u>-0-</u>	28,056,525
Business-type activities capital assets - net	\$ <u>28,793,781</u>	\$( <u>737,256</u> )	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>28,056,525</u>

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities - Component Unit				
Sanitary Fund				
Nondepreciable Assets:			•	
Land	\$ 84,06	5 \$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 84,065
Construction in process	390,80	0	<u>-0-</u>	390,800
Total nondepreciable assets	<u>474,86</u>	5	<u>-0-</u>	<u>474,865</u>
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings	1,532,69	8 -0-	-0-	1,532,698
Structures and improvements	7,895,03	3 -0-	-0-	7,895,033
Transmission and distribution	28,798,06	00-	<u>-0-</u> -0-	<u>28,798,060</u>
Total at historical cost	38,225,79	1 -0-	-0-	38,225,791
Less: Accumulated depreciation	19,531,19	<u>727,067</u>	<u>-0-</u>	20,258,265
Total depreciable assets – net	18,694,59	3 (727,067)	<u>-0-</u>	<u>17,967,526</u>
Business-type activities capital assets - net	\$ <u>19,169,45</u>	<u>8</u> \$( <u>727,067</u> )	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>18,442,391</u>

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities - Component Unit				
Parking Authority				
Nondepreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ <u>2,543,901</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>2,543,901</u>
Total nondepreciable assets	2,543,901	0-	<u>-0-</u>	<u>2,543,901</u>
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings	7,663,710	-0-	-0-	7,663,710
Structures and improvements	453,583	-0-	-0-	453,583
Machinery and equipment	338,301		<u>-0-</u>	<u>338,301</u>
Total at historical cost	8,455,594	-0-	-0-	8,455,594
Less: Accumulated depreciation	4,783,519	105,420	<u>-0-</u>	4,888,939
Total depreciable assets – net	3,672,075	(105,420)	<u>-0-</u>	3,566,655
Business-type activities capital assets – net	\$ <u>6,215,976</u>	\$( <u>105,420</u> )	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>6,110,556</u>

## D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		<u>Amount</u>
Park Board Special Levy Fund	Capital Levy Improvement Fund	\$	34,193
General Fund	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	\$	17,833
Capital Levy Improvement Fund	General Fund	\$	198,477
General Fund	PEIA Fund	\$	4,323
Park Board	Park Board Special Levy Fund	\$	42,876
Financial Stabilization Fund	General Fund	\$	3,497,672
Financial Stabilization Fund	Capital Levy Improvement Fund	\$	272,100
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund	General Fund	\$	684,741
Police Fund	General Fund	\$	8,954
Sanitary Board	General Fund	\$	8,812

### Interfund Transfers:

	Park Board Special Levy Fund	Police National Nightout Fund	Municipal Building Commission	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>	Police Fund	General Fund	Capital Improvement Levy Fund		<u>Total</u>
Transfers Out:									
Tax Increment Financing District Fund	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 337,945	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 337,945
Park Board Special Levy Fund	<b>-</b> 0-	-0-	146,008	-0-	-0-	25,000	-0-	-0-	171,008
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund	-0-	-0-	848,281	-0-	-0-	2,900,000	-0-	-0-	3,748,281
Park Board	138,035	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	138,035
Urban Renewal Debt Service	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	83,212	-0-	-0-	83,212
Urban Renewal Authority	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	68,254	-0-	-0-	68,254
Police Fund	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	64,121	-0-	64,121
Sanitary Board	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	300,009	-0-	-0-	300,009
Capital Improvement Levy Fund	510,660	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	510,660
General Fund		<u>3,600</u>	<u>119,046</u>	<u>83,288</u>	115,328		0-	<u>46,442</u>	367,704
Total	\$ <u>648,695</u>	\$ <u>3,600</u>	\$ <u>1,113,335</u>	\$ <u>83,288</u>	\$ <u>115,328</u>	\$ <u>3,714,420</u>	\$ <u>64,121</u>	\$ <u>46,442</u>	\$ <u>5,789,229</u>

Interfund transfers provide appropriations to subsidize the funds to support the programs and activities of the government.

### E. Fund Balance Detail

At year-end, the detail of the government's fund balances is as follows:

	General Fund	<u>Coal</u> <u>Severance</u>	Municipal Sales and Tax Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Committed: Streets and transportation	\$0-	\$ <u>38,911</u>	\$	\$	\$38,911
Assigned: Public safety Capital improvements General government Culture and recreation	-0- -0- -0- -0-	-0- -0- -0-	-0- -0- 2,671,066 -0-	371,432 492,704 -0- 301,549	371,432 492,704 2,671,066 301,549
Community development Total assigned	<u>-0-</u> 0-	<u>-0-</u> <u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u> 2,671,066	480,164 1,645,849	480,164 4,316,915
Unassigned	5,522,084		0-	(13,548)	<u>5,508,536</u>
Total fund balance	\$ <u>5,522,084</u>	\$ <u>38,911</u>	\$ <u>2,671,066</u>	\$ <u>1,632,301</u>	\$ <u>9,864,362</u>

It was determined during this examination that the Dental and Vision Benefit Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$9,809. It was also determined during this examination that the PEIA Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$3,739. The elimination of these deficit fund balances are dependent on the increase of revenues and decreases of expenditures in future periods.

It was determined during this examination that the Governmental Activities had a deficit net position of \$23,249,256 at June 30, 2020. The elimination of this deficit is dependent on the increase of revenues and decrease of expenditures in future periods.

## F. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for Governmental Activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions Reductions		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year		Amounts Due After One Year	
Governmental Activities											
Obligation under capital lease	\$ 1	,142,415	\$ 321,757	\$	99,736	\$ 1	,364,436	\$	214,460	\$	1,149,976
Accrued compensated absences	1	,266,806	179,096		-0-	1	,445,902		711,892		734,010
Accrued other post-employment											
benefit obligation	3	,318,106	-0-		706,436	2	,611,670		-0-		2,611,670
Net pension obligation	47	,964,613	-0-		2,366,045	45	,598,568		-0-	4	45,598,568
General obligation notes											
payable		405,577			92,281	_	313,296	-	97,209		<u>216,087</u>
Governmental activities											
long-term liabilities	\$ <u>54</u>	<u>,097,517</u>	\$ <u>500,853</u>	\$	<u>3,264,498</u>	\$ <u>51</u>	,333,872	\$ ]	L,023,561	\$ ;	50,310,311

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on December 10, 2009 to finance the lease of energy conversation project (city hall lighting upgrade and boiler upgrade, parking garage lighting upgrade, pike street parking garage lighting upgrade, city wide traffic signals upgrade and street lighting). This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payment as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

### For the Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$ 98,700
2022	102,100
2023	103,400
2024	101,038
2025	<u>21,190</u>
	426,428
Less: Amount representing interest	( <u>58,869</u> )
Present value of future minimum lease payments	367,559
Less: Current portion	( <u>75,275</u> )
Non-current portion	\$ <u>292,284</u>

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on October 9, 2014 to finance the lease of a dump truck. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

2021 2022	\$ 14,686 <u>7,342</u>
Less: Amount representing interest	22,028 ( <u>419</u> )
Present value of future minimum lease payments	21,609
Less: Current portion	(14,353)
Non-current portion	\$ <u>7,256</u>

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on October 9, 2014 to finance the lease of a street flusher. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payment as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

2021	\$ 12,293
2022	12,293
2023	12,293
2024	12,293
2025	12,293
2026	12,293
2027	<u>6,147</u>
	79,905
Less: Amount representing interest	( <u>7,046</u> )
Present value of future minimum lease payments	72,859
Less: Current portion	(10,393)
Non-current portion	\$ <u>62,466</u>

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on October 9, 2014 to finance the lease of a fire truck and bull dozer. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payment as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

## For the Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$	53,618
2022		53,618
2023		53,618
2024		53,618
2025		53,618
2026		53,618
2027		53,618
2028		53,618
2029		53,618
2030		<u> 26,809</u>
		509,371
Less: Amount representing interest	(	72,439)
Present value of future minimum lease payments		436,932
Less: Current portion	(	40,053)
Non-current portion	\$	<u>396,879</u>

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on March 18, 2017 to finance a track loader. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payment as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

2021	\$ 11,463
Less: Amount representing interest	(281)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	11,182
Less: Current portion	(11,182)
Non-current portion	\$ <u>-0-</u>

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on June 22, 2018 to finance the lease of a yard waste collection truck. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payment as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

2021	\$ 17,554
2022	17,554
2023	17,554
2024	17,554
2025	<u>17,554</u>
	87,770
Less: Amount representing interest	( <u>7,553</u> )
Present value of future minimum lease payments	80,217
Less: Current portion	( <u>14,992</u> )
Non-current portion	\$ <u>65,225</u>

The Park Board of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on October 1, 2019 to finance the lease of a bobcat excavator. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

2021	\$ 12,133
2022	12,133
2023	12,133
2024	12,133
2025	<u>5,909</u>
	54,441
Less: Amount representing interest	( <u>5,368</u> )
Present value of future minimum lease payments	49,073
Less: Current portion	(10,093)
Non-current portion	\$ <u>38,980</u>

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on July 17, 2019 to finance the lease of waterpark equipment. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

### For the Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$	33,022
2022		33,022
2023		33,022
2024		33,022
2025		33,022
2026		33,022
2027		33,022
2028		33,022
2029		33,022
2030		<u>6,868</u>
		304,066
Less: Amount representing interest	(	52,929)
Present value of future minimum lease payments		251,137
Less: Current portion	(	22,831)
Non-current portion	\$	<u>228,306</u>

The General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into a lease agreement on April 24, 2020 to finance the lease of equipment. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

2021	\$ 15,288
2022	15,288
2023	15,288
2024	15,288
2025	<u>12,716</u>
	73,868
Less: Amount representing interest	
Present value of future minimum lease payments	73,868
Less: Current portion	(15,288)
Non-current portion	\$ <u>58,580</u>

The following is a schedule of the total future minimum lease payments required under all of the capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

## For the Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$	268,757
2022		253,350
2023		247,308
2024		244,946
2025		156,302
2026		98,933
2027		92,787
2028		86,640
2029		86,640
2030		<u>33,677</u>
		1,569,340
Less: Amount representing interest	(	204,904)
Present value of future minimum lease payments		1,364,436
Less: Current portion	(	214,460)
Non-current portion	\$	<u>1,149,976</u>

#### West Union Bank

\$154,000 loan obligation from West Union Bank. Interest rate is 3.70%. Quarterly installments of \$4,648. Matures 1/5/2027. Secured by an HVAC System.

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>	<u>F</u>	rincipal	•	<u>Interest</u>
2021 2022	\$ 18,591 18,591	\$	14,720 15,273	\$	3,871 3,318
2023	18,591		15,846		2,745
2024 2025	18,591 18,591		16,440 17,057		2,151 1,534
2026 – 2027	31,836		30,744		1,092
	\$ <u>124,791</u>	\$	110,080	\$	<u>14,711</u>

### MVB Bank, Inc.

\$400,000 loan obligation from MVB Bank, Inc. Interest rate is 5.05%. Monthly installments of \$7,572. Matures 10/22/2023. Secured by real estate.

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,		<u>Total</u>	tal <u>Prir</u>		•	Interest	
2021	\$	90,860	\$	82,489	\$	8,371	
2022		90,860		86,753		4,107	
2023		34,358		33,974		384	
	\$	216,078	\$	203,216	\$	<u>12,862</u>	

Long-term liability activity for Business-Type Activities Unit for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Business-Type Activities – Municipal Building Comn	<u> </u>	eginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	]	Amounts Due After One Year
Bonds and notes payable:								
United States Department of Agriculture	<b>\$</b> 1	1,414,323	\$ -0-	\$ 180,340	\$ 1,233,983	\$ 193,127	\$	1,040,856
United States Department of Agriculture		49,589	-0-	13,132	36,457	13,834		22,623
United States Department of Agriculture		503,664	-0-	20,002	483,662	21,957		461,705
United States Department of Agriculture		67,287	-0-	2,605	64,682	2,879		61,803
Lease Revenue Bonds - Series 2012	1	1,845,723	-0-	64,291	1,781,432	68,112		1,713,320
Lease Revenue Bonds - Series 2013		636,359	-0-	29,989	606,370	33,944		572,426
Lease Revenue Bond – MVB		252,786	-0-	24,647	228,139	27,807		200,332
Lease Revenue Bond - Series 2016A		87,645	-0-	54,150	33,495	33,495		-0-
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A	1	1,511,875	-0-	28,042	1,483,833	32,407		1,451,426
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2019A	8	3,500,000	-0-	93,759	8,406,241	124,517		8,281,724
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds – Series 2019B	_2	2,750,000	<u>-0-</u>	<u>212,831</u>	2,537,169	<u>224,698</u>		2,312,471
Total bonds and notes payable	\$ <u>1</u>	7,619,251	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>723,788</u>	\$ <u>16,895,463</u>	\$ <u>776,777</u>	\$	16,118,686

## United States Department of Agriculture

\$3,767,000 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Community Development. Monthly payments of \$20,870. Matures 2/6/2026. Interest rate of 5%. Secured by revenues from a lease agreement between the City of Clarksburg, West Virginia and the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia Municipal Building Commission and a deed of trust on real estate. Interest payments only for the first two years.

\$ 1,233,983

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Total Principal		Principal In		<u>nterest</u>
2021	\$ 250,440	\$	193,127	\$	57,313
2022	250,440		203,008		47,432
2023	250,440		213,394		37,046
2024	250,440		224,311		26,129
2025	250,440		235,787		14,653
2026	<u>167,460</u>		<u>164,356</u>		3,104
	\$ 1,419,660	\$	1,233,983	\$	185,677

\$200,000 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Community Development. Monthly payments of \$1,266. Matures April 2023. Interest rate is 4.50%. Secured by deed of trust on real estate.

\$ 36,457

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>
2021 2022 2023	\$ 15,192 15,192 <u>8,266</u>	\$ 13,834 14,470 <u>8,153</u>	\$ 1,358 722 
	\$ <u>38,650</u>	\$ <u>36,457</u>	\$ <u>2,193</u>

\$700,000 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Community Development. Monthly payments of \$3,458. Matures May 2036. Interest rate is 4.125%. Secured by deed of trust on real estate.

\$ 483,662

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Total	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$ 41,496	\$ 21,957	\$ 19,539
2022	41,496	22,880	18,616
2023	41,496	23,842	17,654
2024	41,496	24,844	16,652
2025	41,496	25,889	15,607
2026 - 2030	207,480	146,712	60,768
2031 - 2035	207,480	180,255	27,225
2036	_38,057	37,283	774
	\$ <u>660,497</u>	\$ <u>483,662</u>	\$ <u>176,835</u>

\$92,600 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Community Development. Monthly payments of \$471. Matures May 2036. Interest rate is 4.375%. Secured by deed of trust on real estate.

\$ 64,682

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$ 5,652	\$ 2,879	\$ 2,773
2022	5,652	3,008	2,644
2023	5,652	3,142	2,510
2024	5,652	3,283	2,369
2025	5,652	3,429	2,223
2026 - 2030	28,260	19,583	8,677
2031 – 2035	28,260	24,361	3,899
2036	<u>5,104</u>	4,997	107
	\$ <u>89,884</u>	\$ <u>64,682</u>	\$ <u>25,202</u>

#### Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2012

This \$2,200,000 issue was authorized on February 21, 2012 for the purpose of financing costs of the design, acquisition, construction and equipping of a new family aquatics center at the existing site of the Municipality of Clarksburg Municipal Swimming Pool facility located at the Veteran's Memorial Park, Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, together will all necessary appurtenances and the payment of costs of issuance of such bonds. The bonds are issued as draw-down bonds with MVB Bank, Inc. advancing a portion of the purchase price and authorized principal amount thereof as necessary to pay costs of issuance of the bonds and costs of the project as incurred.

\$ 1,781,432

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>		<u>Pr</u>	incipal	<u>Interest</u>		
2021	\$	146,008	\$	68,112	\$	77,896	
2022		146,008		71,206		74,802	
2023		146,008		74,440		71,568	
2024		146,008		77,821		68,187	
2025		146,008		81,355		64,653	
2026 – 2030		730,040		465,676		264,364	
2031 - 2035		730,040		581,481		148,559	
2036 – 2038		383,522		361,341		22,181	
	\$	<u>2,573,642</u>	\$	<u>1,781,432</u>	\$	<u>792,210</u>	

#### Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2013

This \$780,000 issue was authorized on May 30, 2013 for the purpose of financing costs of acquisition of property, purchase of equipment and for improvements to the Municipality's Municipal Building, Public Works Center and Jackson Square Parking Facility. The bonds were issued as draw-down bonds with MVB Bank, Inc. and bear interest of 3.25%. The bonds are secured by deed of trust on real estate and improvement, assignment of all rents and leases with respect to financed property and a security interest in the equipment to be purchased.

\$ 606,370

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	
2021	\$ 52,852	\$	33,944	\$	18,908	
2022	52,852		35,046		17,806	
2023	52,852		36,184		16,668	
2024	52,852		37,359		15,493	
2025	52,852		38,572		14,280	
2026 - 2030	264,260		212,482		51,778	
2031 – 2035	228,093		212,783		<u>15,310</u>	
	\$ 756,613	\$	606,370	\$	150,243	

#### Lease Revenue Bonds - MVB

This \$361,000 issue was authorized on March 20, 2014 for the purpose of financing costs of acquisition of property, purchase of equipment and for improvements to the Municipality's Municipal Building, Public Works Center and Jackson Square Parking Facility. The bonds were issued as draw-down bonds with MVB Bank, Inc. and bear interest of 3.20%. The bonds are secured by deed of trust on real estate and improvement, assignment of all rents and leases with respect to financed property and a security interest in the equipment to be purchased.

\$ <u>228,139</u>

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,		<u>Total</u>	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>Interest</u>		
2021	\$	34,702	\$	27,807	\$	6,895	
2022		34,702		28,710		5,992	
2023		34,702		29,642		5,060	
2024		34,702		30,605		4,097	
2025		34,702		31,598		3,104	
2026 – 2028		82,968		79,777		3,191	
	\$	256,478	\$	228,139	\$	28,339	

#### Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2016A

This \$220,000 issue was authorized on February 5, 2016 for the purpose of financing costs of the acquisition of the Harrison County YMCA Lowndes Hill facility and costs of issuance of the Series 2016A Bonds. The bond was purchased by the Harrison County Economic Alliance Corporation and bear interest of 3.00%. The bonds are secured by a deed of trust on real estate and improvements of the acquired financed property.

\$ 33,495

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2021	\$ <u>33,999</u>	\$ <u>33,495</u>	\$ <u>504</u>		

#### Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2016A

This \$1,616,033 issue was authorized on April 21, 2016 for the purpose of (i) to finance costs of the design, acquisition, construction and equipping of road and bridge improvements within the Municipality, including but limited to improvements to Second Street and Van Buren Street and the replacement of the Sycamore Street Bridge together with all necessary appurtenances and (ii) to pay the costs of issuance of such obligations and related costs. The bond was purchased by the United States of America, acting through the Rural Housing Service, United States Department of Agriculture and bearing interest of 2.875%. The bond is secured solely by a pledge of the Municipality's municipal sales tax revenues after first deducting therefrom an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 in each bond year which may be transferred by the Municipality to the pension fund. The bonds are payable each June 1 and December 1 in equal semi-annual installment payments consisting of principal and interest in the amount of \$37,412 commencing on December 1, 2019 and concluding on June 1, 2051.

\$ 1,483,833

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Total Principal		rincipal	Interest		
2021	\$ 74,824	\$	32,407	\$	42,417	
2022	74,824		33,345		41,479	
2023	74,824		34,311		40,513	
2024	74,824		35,304		39,520	
2025	74,824		36,326		38,498	
2026 – 2030	374,120		198,033		176,087	
2031 - 2035	374,120		228,413		145,707	
2036 – 2040	374,120		263,456		110,664	
2041 – 2045	374,120		303,873		70,247	
2046 – 2050	341,924		318,365		23,559	
	\$ 2,212,524	\$	1,483,833	\$	728,691	

#### Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2019A

This \$8,500,000 issue was authorized on May 24, 2019 for the purpose of refunding and redeeming in full the Series 2017A bond anticipation notes. This bond was purchased by the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Housing Services and bears interest of 3.25%. The bond is secured solely by a pledge of the Municipality's municipal sales tax revenues after first deducting therefrom an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 in each bond year which may be transferred by the Municipality to the pension fund and other funds and accounts that constitute the trust estate under the second supplemental indenture. The principal amount of the Series 2019A bonds plus interest on the unpaid principal balance shall be repaid as follows: (i) interest on the principal amount of the Series 2019A bonds shall accrue from the date of issue and the initial payment of all accrued interest on the Series 2019A bonds shall be due and payable on November 24, 2019; (ii) thereafter, the principal amount of the Series 2019A bonds, together with all interest which shall accrue thereon shall be due and payable each May 24 and November 24 in equal amortizing semi-annual installment payments consisting of principal and interest in the approximate amount of \$198,358 commencing November 24, 2019 and concluding on May 24, 2056.

\$ <u>8,406,241</u>

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
2021	\$ 396,716	\$	124,517	\$	272,199	
2022	396,716		128,596		268,120	
2023	396,716		132,810		263,906	
2024	396,716		137,161		259,555	
2025	396,716		141,655		255,061	
2026 - 2030	1,983,580		781,010		1,202,570	
2031 - 2035	1,983,580		917,619		1,065,961	
2036 - 2040	1,983,580		1,078,122		905,458	
2041 – 2045	1,983,580		1,266,699		716,881	
2046 – 2050	1,983,580		1,488,291		495,289	
2051 – 2055	1,983,580		1,748,547		235,033	
2056	473,102		461,214		11,888	
	\$ 14,358,162	\$	<u>8,406,241</u>	\$	<u>5,951,921</u>	

#### Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2019B

This \$2,750,000 issue was authorized on June 14, 2019 for the purpose of financing costs of repairs of road embankment failures through the City, together with all site work and appurtenances related thereto and the payment of engineering costs and fees and other costs for consulting or professional services that may be necessary in connection therewith. The bond was purchased by MVB Bank, Inc. and bears interest of 5.50%. The bond is secured solely by a pledge of the Municipality's municipal sales tax revenues after first deducting therefrom an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 in each bond year which may be transferred by the Municipality to the pension fund and any funds pledged under the third supplemental indenture for the payment of the Series 2019B bonds. The principal amount of the Series 2019B bonds plus interest on the unpaid principal balance shall be due and payable each June 1 and December 1 in equal amortizing semi-annual installment amounts commencing December 1, 2019 and concluding on December 1, 2029.

\$ 2,537,169

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,		<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>			<u>Interest</u>		
2021	\$	361,195	\$	224,698	\$	136,497		
2022		361,195		237,226		123,969		
2023		361,195		250,453		110,742		
2024		361,195		264,417		96,778		
2025		361,195		279,161		82,034		
2026 – 2029		<u>1,444,780</u>		1,281,214		163,566		
	\$	3,250,755	\$	2,537,169	\$	<u>713,586</u>		

Total future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2021	\$ 1,413,076	\$	776,777	\$ 636,299		
2022	1,379,077		777,495	601,582		
2023	1,372,151		806,371	565,780		
2024	1,363,885		835,105	528,780		
2025	1,363,885		873,772	490,113		
2026 - 2030	5,282,948		3,348,843	1,934,105		
2031 - 2035	3,551,573		2,144,912	1,406,661		
2036 - 2040	2,784,383		1,745,199	1,039,184		
2041 – 2045	2,357,700		1,570,572	787,128		
2046 - 2050	2,325,505		1,806,656	518,849		
2051 – 2055	1,983,580		1,748,547	235,033		
2056	473,102		461,214	11,888		
	\$ 25,650,865	\$	16,895,463	\$ <u>8,755,402</u>		

Long-term liability activity for Business-Type Activities – Component Unit for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	<u>A</u>	dditions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due After One Year
Business-Type Activities - Component Units							
Bonds and notes payable:							
2009A Sewer Revenue Bonds	\$ 550,000	\$	-0-	\$ 50,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 450,000
2014A Sewer Revenue Bonds	10,596,514		-0-	378,726	10,217,788	380,623	9,837,165
MVB Bank	390,800		0-	<u>1,343</u>	<u>389,457</u>	<u>389,457</u>	
Total bonds and notes payable	<u>11,537,314</u>		0-	<u>430,069</u>	11,107,245	<u>820,080</u>	<u>10,287,165</u>
Other long-term debt							
Accrued compensated absences	81,876		21,179	-0-	103,055	103,055	-0-
Net pension obligation	258,956		-0-	21,085	237,871	-0-	237,871
Net other post-employment benefit obligation	568,174		0-	69,008	<u>499,166</u>	0-	<u>499,166</u>
Total other long-term debt	909,006		<u>21.179</u>	90,093	<u>840,092</u>	<u>103.055</u>	<u>737,037</u>
Total long-term debt	\$ 12,446,320	S	<u>21,179</u>	\$ <u>520,162</u>	\$ <u>11,947,337</u>	\$ <u>923,135</u>	\$ <u>11,024,202</u>

#### Sewer Revenue Bond - Series 2009A

This issue was authorized to pay a portion of the costs of acquisition and construction of certain additions, betterments and improvements to the existing public sewerage system of the Municipality. The bond was issued in a denomination of \$1,000,000 bearing interest of 0.00% payable quarterly on the first day of September, December, March and June beginning on September 1, 2010.

\$ 500,000

Future debt maturity based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,		<u>Total</u>	<u>F</u>	Principal	Int	<u>erest</u>
2021	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-0-
2022		50,000		50,000		-0-
2023		50,000		50,000		-0-
2024		50,000		50,000		-0-
2025		50,000		50,000		-0-
2025 – 2030		250,000		250,000		<u>-0-</u>
	\$ ;	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	<u>-0-</u>

The 2009A bond issue is secured with a lien and pledge on the net revenues derived from the system.

As required by the 2009A Series Bond Ordinance, a sinking fund has been established with the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission. Moneys in the sinking fund are to be used only for the purposes of paying principal on the bonds. Payments are required to be made into the sinking fund to pay principal which will become due on the next payment date. The balance in the sinking fund account with the Municipal Bond Commission at June 30, 2020 was \$62,511.

#### Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A

This issue was authorized to pay for the acquisition and construction of certain extensions, additions, betterments and improvements for the existing public sewerage system, consisting of upgrades to the waste water treatment plant and all necessary appurtenances, which constitutes properties for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal of liquid or sold wastes, sewerage or industrial wastes. The bond is issued in the amount of \$12,000,000 bearing interest of .5% payable quarterly on the first day of March, June, September and December beginning on December 1, 2015.

**\$** 10,217,788

Future debt maturity based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>		Principal		<u>Interest</u>	
2021	\$ 431,000	\$	380,623	\$	50,377	
2022	431,000		382,530		48,470	
2023	431,000		384,446		46,554	
2024	431,000		386,372		44,628	
2025	431,000		388,307		42,693	
2026 - 2030	2,155,000		1,970,911		184,089	
2031 – 2035	2,155,000		2,020,775		134,225	
2036 - 2040	2,155,000		2,071,894		83,106	
2041 – 2045	2,155,000		2,124,315		30,685	
2046	113,650		107,615		6,035	
	\$ 10,888,650	\$	10,217,788	\$	<u>670,862</u>	

The 2014A bond issue is secured with a lien and pledge on the net revenues derived from the system.

As required by the 2014A Series Bond Ordinance, a sinking fund has been established with the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission. Moneys in the sinking fund are to be used only for the purposes of paying principal on the bonds. Payments are required to be made into the sinking fund to pay principal which will become due on the next payment date. The balance in the sinking fund account with the Municipal Bond Commission at June 30, 2020 was \$268,439.

The future bond debt maturity based on current financing arrangements for all bonds is as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Total</u>	Principal		nterest
2021	\$ 481,000	\$ 430,623	\$	50,377
2022	481,000	432,530		48,470
2023	481,000	434,446		46,554
2024	481,000	436,372		44,628
2025	481,000	438,307		42,693
2026 – 2030	2,405,000	2,220,911		184,089
2031 - 2035	2,155,000	2,020,775		134,225
2036 – 2040	2,155,000	2,071,894		83,106
2041 – 2045	2,155,000	2,124,315		30,685
2046	113,650	107,615		6,035
	\$ 11,388,650	\$ 10,717,788	\$	<u>670,862</u>

#### **MVB** Bank

Line of Credit – MVB Bank - \$500,000. 4.75% line of credit dated 5/25/16 maturing 2/23/21, secured by various equipment.

\$ 389,457

#### G. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts for the component unit are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities
Construction and maintenance account Revenue bond account	\$ 570,774 330,950
Total restricted assets	\$ <u>901,724</u>

The balances of the restricted asset accounts for the Proprietary Fund Types are as follows:

Revenue Bond account

\$ 875,384

#### H. Benefits Funded by the State of West Virginia

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the State of West Virginia contributed estimated payments on behalf of the governments public safety employees as follows:

<u>Plan</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	\$ 457,642 478,835
Total	\$ 936,477

State contributions are funded by allocations of the State's insurance premium tax.

#### IV. Other Information

#### A. Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance with Commercial Insurance Company for umbrella (general liability) insurance for these various risks.

Workers' Compensation Fund (WCF): Private insurance companies could begin to offer workers compensation coverage to government employers beginning July 1, 2010. Workers compensation coverage is provided for this entity by Brickstreet Insurance.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

#### B. Contingent Liabilities

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the government.

#### C. Tax Abatements

Pursuant to the provisions of the West Virginia Code 8-1-5a, "The Home Rule Statute" and the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's participation in Home Rule, the Municipality enacted an Ordinance to permit certain incentives for new and expanding business and to provide for business expansion in certain districts within the Municipality. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 the Municipality's ad valorem tax revenues were decreased by \$111,493.

### V. Employee Retirement System and Plans

Plan Descriptions, Contribution Information, and Funding Policies

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia participates in two single employer, public employee retirement systems. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the respective plans, as follows:

The Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (PPRF) provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time police employees. The PPRF's Board consists of a chairman which is the city manager and four members from the municipal police department. The Municipality is authorized in accordance with State Code §8-22 to establish and maintain this plan. Unless otherwise indicated, PPRF information in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation, June 30, 2020.

The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund (FPRF) provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time fire employees. The FPRF's Board consists of a chairman which is the city manager and four members from the municipal fire department. The Municipality is authorized in accordance with State Code §8-22 to establish and maintain this plan. Unless otherwise indicated, FPRF information in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation, June 30, 2020.

Actuarial valuations are required to be performed once every three years per state statute. However, the actuarial valuations can be performed in shorter intervals at the discretion of the PPRF and FPRF's Board.

The investment policies of the PPRF and the FPRF are restricted by State Code and may be restricted further as determined by the Boards. There were not significant changes in the investment policies for the current year.

Memberships of the plans are as follows:

Group	PPRF	<u>FPRF</u>	Totals
Active employees Retirees and beneficiaries currently	37	42	79
receiving benefits	51	52	103
Inactive – non-retired members	_4	<u>-0-</u>	4
	<u>92</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>186</u>

These plans are defined benefit plans. The following is a summary of funding policies, contribution methods and benefit provisions.

	PPRF	<u>FPRF</u>		
Determination of contribution requirements	Actuarially determined	Actuarially determined		
Employer	Contributes annually an amount which, together with contributions from the members and the allocable portion of the State premium tax fund, will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than forty years in accordance with West Virginia State code §8-022-10. However, municipalities may utilize an alternative contribution method which allows the Municipality to contribute no less than 107% of the prior year contribution provided the actuary certifies in writing that the fund will be solvent over the next 15 years under this method as authorized by West Virginia State Code §8-22-20c(1). In no event can the employer contribution be less than the normal cost as determined by the actuary. The Municipality contributes 107% of the prior year's contributions for both police and fire pension plans.			
Plan Members	7% of covered payroll	7% of covered payroll		
Period required to vest	No vesting occurs. If separation from employment occurs the member is entitled to a refund of his/her contributions only.			
Post-Retirement benefit increases	Cost of living adjustment after two years of retirement. Adjustment calculated on the first \$15,000 of the total annual benefit in the first year and then the cumulative index for the preceding year. The supplementary pension benefit shall not exceed four percent.			

	PPRF	FPRF
Eligibility for distribution	20 years of credited serv at least 50.	ice or age 65; whichever comes first. Must be
Provisions for: Disability benefits Death benefits	<u>PPRF</u> Yes Yes	FPRF Yes Yes

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Rate of Return

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 for both plans, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018. Additional actuarial assumptions are disclosed in the Required Supplementary Information.

	Policemen's Pension & Relief Fund	<u>Firemen's</u> <u>Pension &amp; Relief</u> <u>Fund</u>
Actuarial assumptions:		
Inflation rate	2.75%	2.75%
Salary increases	2.75 percent on average	2.75 percent on average
Investment rate of return	5.00%	5.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2014 Blue Collar Mortality tables with generational projection using Scale MP-2014, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based upon the status of members.

#### Net Pension Liability, Reserves and Discount Rate

Current year net pension liability for the PPRF and FPRF are shown below. The annual required contributions were made in accordance with State Code by both the PPRF and FPRF.

#### Reserves

There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan members benefits for either plan.

#### Net Pension Liability

The Municipality's net pension liability for the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension and Relief funds are as follows:

	<u>PPRF</u>	<u>FPRF</u>
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 29,678,990 11,329,558	38,062,631 11,294,578
Net pension liability	\$ 18,349,432	\$ 26,768,053
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	38.17%	29.67%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.00% for the PPFR and 5.00% for the FPRF, and the municipal bond rate of 3.13% for both plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that the plans sponsor would make the statutory required contribution in accordance with alternative funding method which is 107% of the prior year's contribution as allowed by West Virginia State Code. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following chart presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rates as used in the actuarial evaluation, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Dis	Current scount Rate	<u>1</u>	% Increase
PPRF's net pension liability FPRF's net pension liability		22,886,733 32,686,961		18,349,432 26,768,053		•

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Municipality's Policemen's Pension and Relief and Firemen's Pension and Relief reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to these pension plans from the following sources:

		d Outflows sources	 <u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-0-	\$ 453,740	
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,3	329,108	930,871	
Changes in assumptions		323,838	<u>1,710,222</u>	
	\$ <u>1,6</u>	<u> 552,946</u>	\$ <u>3,094,833</u>	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### For the Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$( 537,049)
2022	( 224,449)
2023	( 190,781)
2024	( 489,608)
	\$(1,441,887)

### Pension Trust Funds Financial Statements

	Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	<u>Total</u> ( <u>Memorandum Only</u> )
Assets			
Cash	\$ 8,067	\$ 7,599	\$ 15,666
Investments:	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•,
Cash reserves	720,091	1,058,100	1,778,191
Asset back securities bonds	-0-	9,776	9,776
Mutual funds	10,599,559	4,416,101	15,015,660
Certificates of deposit	-0-	558,835	558,835
Corporate bonds	-0-	3,382,665	3,382,665
Corporate stocks	-0-	1,858,668	1,858,668
Receivables:			
State insurance premium tax	38,945	41,611	80,556
Accrued interest		14,551	14,551
Total assets	11,366,662	11,347,906	22,714,568
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	-0-	-0-	-0-
Total liabilities	-0-	-0-	-0-
Net Position			
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ <u>11,366,662</u>	\$ <u>11,347,906</u>	\$ <u>22,714,568</u>

	Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	Total (Memorandum Only)
Additions			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,850,032	\$ 1,861,120	\$ 3,711,152
Employee	200,742	176,173	376,915
Insurance premium tax allocation	457,642	478,835	936,477
Total contributions	2,508,416	2,516,128	5,024,544
Investment income:			
Net appreciation in fair value of			
investments	736,307	( 64,545)	671,762
Net gain (loss) on sale of	,	, ,	•
investments	264,806	2,903	267,709
Interest and dividends	168,380	228,898	397,278
Total investment income	1,169,493	167,256	1,336,749
Miscellaneous	543	200	743
Total additions	3,678,452	2,683,584	6,362,036
Deductions			
General and administrative	157,808	43,335	201,143
Benefit payments	1,520,272	1,259,528	2,779,800
Total deductions	1,678,080	1,302,863	2,980,943
Net increase	2,000,372	1,380,721	3,381,093
Net position – beginning of year	9,366,290	9,967,185	19,333,475
Net position – end of year	\$ <u>11,366,662</u>	\$ <u>11,347,906</u>	\$ <u>22,714,568</u>

#### V.B.1 Plan Descriptions Contribution Information and Funding Policies

#### Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia participates in a state-wide, cost sharing, multiplyemployer defined benefit plan on behalf of general Municipality employees. The system is administered by agencies of the State of West Virginia and funded by contributions from participants, employers, and State appropriations, as necessary.

The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions:

#### Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Eligibility to participate All Municipal full-time employees, except those

covered by other pension plans

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefit provisions State Statute

Plan member's contribution rate 4.50% hired prior to 7/1/15 and 6.00% for

employees hired on or after 7/1/15

City's contribution rate 10.00%

Period required to vest Five Years

Benefits and eligibility for A member who has attained age 60 and has earned

5 years or more of contributing service or age 55 if the sum of his/her age plus years of credited service is equal to or greater than 80. The final average salary (three highest consecutive years in the last 15) times the years of service times 2%

equals the annual retirement benefit.

Deferred retirement portion No

Cost of living No

Death benefits Yes

See independent auditor's report.

distribution

Provisions for:

#### V.B.2 Trend Information

#### Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

m. 1	Annual Pension	Percentage
Fiscal Year	Cost	Contributed
2020	\$ 492,779	100%
2019	\$ 483,178	100%
2018	\$ 354,597	100%

PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 4101 MacCorkle Ave S.E., Charleston, WV 25304.

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia elected to become a participating employer under the West Virginia Employees Retirement System (PERS plan).

#### General Information about the Plan

The plan is a defined benefit plan and provides pensions for all participating employees of the Municipality. The PERS plan is a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit retirement plan for public employees established on July 1, 1961. All employees of the State of West Virginia and any political subdivision whose governing body elects to participate are required (with certain exceptions) to become members. The PERS Plan is managed by a Board of Trustees, which consists of the Governor, State Auditor, State Treasurer, and Secretary of the Department of Administration together with the following gubernatorial appointments that are subject to the advice and consent of the State Senate: for residents of the State who are not participants in the retirement plans, one State and one non-state employee participant in PERS, and one participant each from TRS, SPDDRS, SPRS, DSRS, EMSRS, MPFRS, and TDCRS.

Participants in the PERS Plan who retire at age 60 with at least five years of credited service or at least age 55 with their age plus service equal to 80 or greater are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2% of average salary multiplied by years of service. Average salary is the average of the three consecutive highest annual earnings out of the last fifteen years of earnings. Terminated members with at least five years of contributory service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions may elect to receive their benefits at age 62. The PERS Plan also provides death and disability benefits.

Employees covered by benefit terms are all active employees.

Contribution rates for the PERS Plan are subject to Chapter 5, Article 10 of the West Virginia State Code. For the year ended June 30, 2019, active members contributed 4.5 and 6.0 percent of their salary, and employers contributed 10.0 percent of the member's compensation into the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2020, active members contributed 4.5 and 6.0 percent of their salary, and employers contributed 10.0 percent of the member's compensation into the plan.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020 the Municipality reported a liability of \$718,954 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using the actuarial assumption and methods described in the appropriate section of the notes. The Municipality's portion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Municipality's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating public employers actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2020, the Municipality reported the following proportions and increases/decreases from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019:

Amount for proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 718,954
Percentage for proportionate share of net pension liability	0.33565%
Increase (decrease) % from prior proportion measured	1.29%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Municipality recognized pension expense of \$371,996 on its government wide financial statements. At June 30, 2020, the Municipality reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -0-	\$ 261,123	
Differences between expected and actual experience	27,933	63,032	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	33,718	-0-	
Change in assumptions	-0-	132,489	
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement period	<u>492,779</u>		
	\$ <u>554,430</u>	\$ <u>456,644</u>	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from governmental contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### For the Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$( 98,749)
2022	( 98,748)
2023	( 98,748)
2024	( 98,748)
	\$ (394.993)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for financial reporting purposes were determined by actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using the actuarial assumptions and methods described as follows:

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal cost with level

percentage of payroll

Asset valuation method Fair Value
Amortization method Level dollar, fixed period
Amortization period Through Fiscal Year 2035

Amortization period Through Fisca Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.50% Projected salary increases:

State 3.1 - 5.3%Nonstate 3.35 - 6.5%

Inflation rate 3.00% Discount rate 7.50%

Morality rates Active – 100% of Pub-2010 General Employees

table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected

with scale MP-2018

Retired Healthy Males – 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male table, below-median, headcount

weighted, projected with scale MP-2018

Retired Healthy Females – 122% of Pub-210 General Retiree Female table, below-median, headcount

weighted, projected with scale MP-2018
Disabled Males – 118% of Pub-2010 General/
Teachers Disabled Male table, below-median,
headcount weighted, projected with scale MP-2018
Disabled Females – 118% of Pub-2010 General/
Teachers Disabled Female table, below median,
headcount weighted, projected with scale MP-2018

Withdrawal rates:

State	2.28 - 45.63%
Non-state	2.50 - 35.88%
Disability rates	0.005054%
Retirement rates	12% – 100%

Date range in most recent

experience study 2013 - 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected	Weighted Average Expected
	<b>Target</b>	Rate of	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	<u>Return</u>	Return
Domestic Equity	27.5%	5.8%	1.60%
International Equity	27.5%	7.7%	2.12%
Fixed Income	15.0%	3.3%	0.50%
Real Estate	10.0%	6.1%	0.61%
Private Equity	10.0%	8.8%	0.88%
Hedge Funds	<u>10.0%</u>	4.4%	<u>0.44%</u>
Total	<u>100.0%</u>		6.15%
Inflation (CPI)			<u>2.00%</u>
			<u>8.15%</u>

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assuming that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policies. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (3,361,711)	\$ (721,695)	\$ 1,511,595

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report available at the Consolidated Public Retirement Board's website at www.wvrewtirement.com. That information can also be obtained by writing to the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue SE, Charleston, WV 25304.

### VI. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The West Virginia Other Post-employment Benefit Plan (the Plan), is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan and covers the retirees of State agencies, colleges and universities, county boards of education, and other government entities as set forth in the West Virginia Code Section 5-16D-2 (the Code). The financial activities of the Plan are accounted for in the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (RHBT), a fiduciary fund of the State of West Virginia. The Plan is administered by a combination of the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA) and the RHBT staff. Plan benefits are established and revised by PEIA and RHBT management with approval of the Finance Board. The Finance Board is comprised of nine members. Finance Board members are appointed by the Governor, serve a term of four years and are eligible for reappointment. The State Department of Administration cabinet secretary serves as Chairman of the Board. Four members represent labor, education, public employees and public retirees. Four remaining members represent that public-at-large.

Active employees who retire are eligible for PEIA health and life benefits, provided they meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the applicable State retirement system and if their last employer immediately prior to retirement, is a participating employer under the Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB) and, as of July 1, 2008 forward, is a participating employer with the Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA). Active employees who, as of July 1, 2008, have ten years or more of credited service in the CPRB and whose employer at the time of their retirement does participate with CPRB, but does not participate with PEIA will be eligible for PEIA retiree coverage provided: they otherwise meet all criteria under this heading and their employer agrees, in writing, upon a form prescribed by PEIA, that the employer will pay to PEIA the non-participating retiree premium on behalf of the retiree or retirees, or that the retiree agrees to pay the entire unsubsidized premium themselves. Active employees who are members of the Teacher's Defined Contribution Retirement plan must be either: 55 years of age and have 12 or more years of credited service; or be at least 60 years of age with five years of service; and their last employer immediately prior to retirement must be a participating employer under that, or the CPRB system to qualify to continue PEIA insurance benefits upon

retirement. Employees who participate in non-State retirement systems but that are CPRB system affiliated, contracted, or approved (such as TIAA-CREF and similar plans), or are approved, in writing, by the PEIA Director must, in the case of education employees, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the State Teacher's Retirement System, and in all other cases meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the Public Employees Retirement System to be eligible for PEIA benefits as a retiree.

Benefits provided. The Plan provides medical and prescription drug insurance and life insurance. The medical and prescription drug insurance is provided through two options: 1) Self-Insured Preferred Provider Benefit Plan (primarily for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses) and 2) External Managed Care Organizations (primarily for Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses).

Contributions. Paygo premiums are established by the Finance Board annually. All participating employers are required by statute to contribute this premium to the RHBT at the established rate for every active policyholder per month. The active premiums subsidized the retirees' health care by approximately \$152 million for both fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the Municipality were \$287,488 for the current fiscal year.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At fiscal year-end, the Municipality reported a liability of \$3,110,836 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and OEPB expense were determined by an actuarial valuation date as of June 30, 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2019, which is the measurement date. The Municipality's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the government's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the government's proportion was .1573615%, which was a decrease of 13.13% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For this fiscal year, the Municipality recognized OPEB expense of \$66,769. The government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ 17,104	\$ 51,296
Differences between expected and actual experience	-0-	363,175
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	306,306	287,147
Change in assumptions	-0-	631,679
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement period	<u>385,685</u>	
	\$ <u>709,095</u>	\$ <u>1,333,297</u>

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Municipality contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### For the Year Ended June 30,

2021	\$ ( 252,472)
2022	( 252,472)
2023	( 252,472)
2024	( 252,471)
Total	\$ (1.009.887)

Actuarial assumptions. The net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75%

Wage inflation 4.0%

Investment rate of return 7.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation.

Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll over a 20-year closed

period

Salary increases Dependent upon pension system. Ranging from 3.00%

to 6.50%, including inflation

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

type of eligibility condition.

Aging factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs –

From Birth to Death"

Mortality Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality

Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis for PERS and TRS. RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table projected with scale MP-2016 on a fully generational basis for Troopers A and B. Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Non-Annuitant Mortality Table projected with Scale AA on a fully generational basis for PERS and TRS. RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table projected with Scale MP-2016 on a fully

generational basis for Troopers A and B.

Healthcare cost trend rates Trend rate for pre-Medicare per capita costs of 8.5%

for plan year end 2020, decreasing by 0.5% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan year 2028. Trend rate for Medicare per capita costs of 3.1% for plan year end 2020. 9.5% for plan year 2021, decreasing by 0.5% each year thereafter until ultimate trend rate of 4.5% is reached in plan

year end 2031.

Expenses Health administrative expenses are included in the

development of the per capita claims cost. Operating expenses are included as a component of the annual

expense.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Certain assumptions have been changed since the prior actuarial valuation of June 30, 2017 and a measurement date of June 30, 2019 as reflected in the footnote *Reconciliation of the Total OPEB Liability between Valuation Dates*. The net effect of assumptions changes was approximately \$236 million. The assumption changes that most significantly impacted the Total OPEB Liability were an approximate \$11.8 million decrease in the per capita claims costs for Pre-Medicare and Medicare, as well as an approximate \$224.2 million decrease due to capped subsidy costs implemented in December 2019. Certain other assumption changes were noted but did not materially impact the Total OPEB Liability.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.15% on OPEB plan investments was determined by a combination of an expected long-term rate of return of 7.50% for long-term assets invested with the WV Investment Management Board and an expected short-term rate of return of 3.00% for assets invested with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments.

Long-term pre-funding assets are invested with the WVIMB. The strategic asset allocation consists of 55% equity, 15% fixed income, 10% private equity, 10% hedge fund and 10% real estate invested. Short-term assets used to pay current year benefits and expenses are invested with the WVBTI.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Target asset allocations, capital market assumptions ("CMA"), and a 10-year forecast of nominal geometric returns by major asset class were provided by the plan's investment advisors, including the West Virginia Investment Management Board ("WV-IMB"). The projected nominal return for the Money Market Pool held with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments ("WV-BTI") was estimated based on WV-IMB assumed inflation of 2.0% plus a 25 basis point spread.

The target allocation and estimates of annualized long-term expected real returns assuming a 10-year horizon are summarized below:

Asset Class	<u>Target</u> <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Return
Global equity	49.5%	4.8%
Core plus fixed income	13.5%	2.1%
Core real estate	9.0%	4.1%
Hedge fund	9.0%	2.4%
Private equity	9.0%	6.8%
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>10.0%</u>	0.3%
Target allocation	<u>100.0%</u>	

Real returns by asset class, as shown in the above table, were estimated using a static inflation assumption of 2.0%. Consequently, real returns may not reflect the potential volatility of inflation by asset class.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that RHBT contributions would be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates, in accordance with prefunding and investment policies. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. Discount rates are subject to change between measurement dates.

Sensitivity of the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following chart presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates described in the actuarial assumptions:

	1% Decrease (6.15%)	Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ (3,660,165)	\$ (3,114,261)	\$ (2,659,132)

Sensitivity of the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following chart presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates described in the actuarial assumptions:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Net OPEB (liability)	\$ (2,576,876)	\$ (3,114,261)	\$ (3,769,094)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report available at the West Virginia Public Employee Insurance Agency's website at peia.wv.gov. That information can also be obtained by writing to the West Virginia Public Employee Insurance Agency, 601 57th. Street, Suite 2, Charleston, WV 25304.

#### VII. Debt Service Coverage

The debt service coverage factor for the Sanitary Board Fund has been calculated as follows for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Operating revenues	\$	4,733,919
Operating expenses		<u>4,448,904</u>
Total operating income		285,015
Add: Dangaistian aynanga		727,067
Add: Depreciation expense		•
Add: Interest income		<u>19,924</u>
Amount available for debt service and capital expenditures	\$	1,012,082
Timodic available for door service and capital expenditures	Ψ	1,012,002
Maximum annual debt service	\$	481,000
Calculated debt service coverage factor		2.10
		1 10
Required debt service coverage factor		1.10

Based on this calculation, it appears that the Sanitary Board Fund was in compliance with the provisions set forth in its bond ordinance as of June 30, 2020.

### VIII. Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Position

The beginning net position of the Municipal Building Commission required restatement as follows:

Net position as previously stated	\$ 12,927,531
Restatement: Understatement of cash	123,323
Net position, beginning as restated	\$ 13,050,854

The beginning net position of the Parking Authority Fund required restatement as follows:

Net position as previously stated \$ 6,221,985

Restatement: Understatement of capital assets 19,106

Net position, beginning as restated \$ 6,241,091

#### IX. COVID-19 Pandemic

During 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak a public health emergency. There have been mandates from international, federal, state, and local authorities requiring forced closures of various schools, businesses, and other facilities and organizations. In response to this, the U.S. Government has allocated and spent trillions of dollars in economic aid. Should these trends continue, the impact could have a material adverse effect on the Municipality's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

### X. Subsequent Events

The Municipality has considered all subsequent events through January 28, 2021, the date the financial statements were made available.

In July 2020, the Municipality of Clarksburg was awarded a grant from the Office of Abandoned Mine Lands and Reclamation in the amount of \$900,000 to repair a landslide.

On July 31, 2020, the Municipality of Clarksburg issued Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2020A in the amount of \$7,900,000. These bonds were issued to provide for the acquisition and construction of certain extension, additions, betterments, and improvements of the existing sewerage system.



# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Variance

	Budgeted	Ar	nounts	0	<u>Actual</u> Budgetary	<u>B</u> 1	udget to GAAP		Actual Amounts	Wi E	th Final Budget vorable
	Original		<u>Final</u>	_	Basis)	<u>D</u> :	ifference	<u>G</u>	AAP Basis		favorable)
Revenues											
Taxes (including interest and											
penalties):											
Ad valorem	\$ 2,321,676	\$	2,055,000	\$	2,491,415	\$(	10,707)	\$	2,480,708	\$	436,415
Excise utility	781,900		742,400		765,494	(	58,990)		706,504		23,094
Business and occupation	9,502,000		7,403,300		7,239,635	(	472,144)		6,767,491	(	163,665)
Alcoholic beverage	109,000		114,378		127,866	(	8,283)		119,583		13,488
Hotel occupancy	414,500		246,000		282,232	(	41,762)		240,470		36,232
Animal control	4,600		4,700		4,671		-0-		4,671	(	29)
Oil and gas	38,000		39,395		39,395		-0-		39,395		-0-
Licenses and permits	351,150		343,395		533,038		20,556		553,594		189,643
Charges for services	2,191,398		2,055,981		1,781,106		144,780		1,925,886	(	274,875)
Fines and forfeitures	243,400		299,558		326,478	(	15,260)		311,218		26,920
Franchise fees	180,000		174,435		216,748	(	45,985)		170,763		42,313
Interest	4,500		2,715		369		3,400		3,769	(	
Donations	-0-		-0-		23,442		-0-		23,442		23,442
Intergovernmental:											
Federal	25,500		12,000		451,331		2,167,020		2,618,351		439,331
State	161,475		338,241		-0-		-0-		-0-	(	338,241)
Other	1,000		7,542		-0-		-0-		-0-	(	7,542)
Video lottery and gaming income	113,500		87,996		87,807		1,441		89,248	(	189)
Miscellaneous	115,950		160,152		<u>6,301</u>	_	<u>175,017</u>		<u> 181,318</u>	(	<u>153,851</u> )
Total revenues	16,559,549		14,087,188		14,377,328	-	1,859,083		<u>16,236,411</u>		290,140
Expenditures											
General government	3,406,256		3,742,774		3,735,015		74,152		3,809,167		7,759
Public safety	10,303,770		9,032,760		9,022,053	(	1,589,316)		7,432,737		10,707
Highways and streets	2,903,200		2,703,922		2,700,226		307,541		3,007,767		3,696
Health and sanitation	465,588		437,658		425,363		20,806		446,169		12,295
Culture and recreation	1,561,459		1,429,833		1,350,679		288,346		1,639,025		79,154
Social services	33,600		34,600		34,600	_	9		<u>34,609</u>		0-
Total expenditures	18,673,873		17,381,547		17,267,936	(	898,462)		16,369,474	•	113,611
(Deficiency) excess of revenues											
(under) over expenditures	(2,114,324	)	( <u>3,294,359</u> )	)	(_2,890,608)	_	<u>2,757,545</u>		( <u>133,063</u> )	٠.	403,751

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Budget to GAAP Difference	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in	\$ 1,815,000	\$ 3,252,945	\$ 3,852,724	\$( 475,779)		\$ 599,779
Operating transfers (out)  Total other financing sources	(200,000)	(133,334)	( <u>133,334</u> )		( <u>133,334</u> )	0-
(uses)	1,615,000	3,119,611	3,719,390	( <u>475,779</u> )	3,243,611	<u>599,779</u>
Net change in fund balance	( 499,324)	( 174,748)	828,782	2,281,766	3,110,548	1,003,530
Fund balance at beginning of year	499,324	<u>174,748</u>	( <u>4,371,897</u> )	(30,473,850)	(34,845,747)	( <u>4,546,645</u> )
Fund balance at end of year	\$	\$	\$ ( <u>3,543,115</u> )	\$ ( <u>28,192,084</u> )	\$( <u>31,735,199</u> )	\$ ( <u>3,543,115</u> )

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – COAL SEVERANCE FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Buc Orig		l Amo Fir	ounts_	(Bu	Actual dgetary Basis)		et to AAP erence	<u>Ar</u>	ctual nounts AP Basis	Varian With F Budg Favor (Unfavo	inal get able
Revenues												
Interest	\$	150	\$	510	\$	505	\$	-0-	\$	505	\$(	5)
Intergovernmental:												
State	<u>40</u>	,000	<u>51</u>	<u>,760</u>	:	42,193	_	-0-	4	<u>2,19</u> 3	( 9	<u>,567</u> )
Total revenues	<u>40</u>	<u>,150</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>.270</u>	:	<u>42,698</u>	-	<u>-0-</u>	<u>4</u>	2 <u>,698</u>	<u>( 9</u>	<u>,572</u> )
Expenditures												
General government	7.	,041	13	,696		8,283		-0-		8,283	5	,413
Public safety	19	,400	31	,800	:	28,585		-0-	2	8,585	3	,215
Highways and streets	7	,309	27	,207		4,057		-0-		4,057	23	,150
Health and sanitation	3	900	1	,900		-0-		-0-		-0-	1	,900
Culture and recreation	_5	000	<u>11</u>	000		11,000	2	2,000	1	3,000		<u>-0-</u>
Total expenditures	42	<u>,650</u>	<u>85</u>	,603		51,925	2	2 <u>,000</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3,925</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>,678</u>
Net change in fund balance	( 2	,500)	(33	,333)	(	9,227)	(2	2,000)	(1	1,227)	24	,106
Fund balance at beginning of year	_2	<u>,500</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>,333</u>	:	<u>48,138</u>	2	<u>2,000</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>0,138</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>.805</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	<u>-0-</u>	\$_	-0-	\$ ;	38,911	\$ .	-0-	\$ <u>3</u>	<u>8,911</u>	\$ <u>38</u>	<u>.911</u>

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014
Municipality's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.33%	0.33%	0.32%	0.31%	0.31%	0.31%
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 721,695	\$ 855,770	\$ 1,384,985	\$ 2,875,093	\$ 1,735,341	\$ 1,148,488
Municipality's covered - employee payroll	\$ 4,927,779	\$ 4,831,790	\$ 4,859,918	\$ 3,928,408	\$ 4,310,474	\$ 4,218,741
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	14.65%	17.72%	28.50%	65.08%	40.26%	27.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.90%	96.33%	93.67%	86.11%	91.29%	93.98%

The information presented in the schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability is the only years available as of June 30, 2020. The Municipality will be adding additional years to the accompanying schedule as information is available.

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF MUNICIPALITY CONTRIBUTIONS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 492,779	\$ 483,178	\$ 534,591	\$ 471,409	\$ 581,122	\$ 590,023
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	492,779	483,178	534,591	471,409	581,122	590,023
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -0-	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Municipality's covered – employee payroll	4,927,779	4,831,790	4,859,918	3,928,408	4,310,474	4,218,741
Contributions as a percentage of covered – employee payroll	10.00%	10.00%	11.00%	12.00%	13.50%	14.00%

The information presented in the schedule of Municipality's contributions is the only years available as of June 30, 2020. The Municipality will be adding additional years to the accompanying schedules as information is available.

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Change of Assumptions

#### Actuarial Revisions

Subsequent to the issuance of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board's June 30, 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, certain actuarial amounts from the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 were revised. The amounts revised as of June 30, 2019 were used to prepare these schedules and are described below:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 7,140,467,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	( <u>6,925,454,000</u> )
Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>215,013,000</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	96.99%

		<u>Current</u>	
	1% Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
Sensitivity of Discount Rate	( <u>6.5%</u> )	( <u>7.5%</u> )	( <u>8.5%</u> )
Total Net Pension (Liability) Asset	\$(1,001,547,000)	\$(215,013,000)	\$ 450,346,000

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015			2014
Total Pension Liability														
Service cost	\$	948,245	\$	906,710	\$	911,837	\$	1,041,846	\$	739,794	\$	735,159	\$	729,815
Interest		1,744,625		1,646,488		1,604,493		1,540,729		1,503,073		1,480,035		1,492,730
Changes of benefit terms		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,107,034		660,159		(1,021,000)		(1,006,489)		(511,633)		(837,150)		-0-
Changes of assumptions		-0-		-0-		-0-		(2,433,972)		4,020,701		-0-		-0-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(1,259,528)		(1,241,719)		(1,199,305)		(1,223,009)		(1,239,292)		(1,250,939)		(1,303,181)
Net change in total pension liability		2,540,376		1,971,638		296,025		(2,080,895)		4,512,643		127,105		919,364
Total pension liability - beginning		35,522,255	_	33,550,617	_	33,254,592	_	35,335,487		30,822,844	_	30,695,739	_	29,776,375
Total pension liability - ending (a)		38,062,631	_	35,522,255	_	33,550,617	_	33,254,592	_	35,335,487		30,822,844		30,695,739
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer (including Premium Tax allocation)		2,298,344		2,034,183		2,029,582		1,790,929		1,361,271		1,288,742		1,210,474
Contributions - member		176,172		167,038		155,596		148,321		145,720		140,550		135,019
Net investment income		133,379		517,666		561,109		586,180		315,511		185,060		465,521
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,259,528)		(1,241,719)		(1,199,305)		(1,223,009)		(1,239,292)		(1,250,939)		(1,303,181)
Administrative expense		(7,500)		-0-		(7,500)		(7,500)		(6,000)		(6,000)		(6,000)
Other		-0-		(7,500)				-0-		0		-0-		-0-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,340,867		1,469,668		1,539,482		1,294,921		577,210		357,413		501,833
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	9,953,711	_	8,484,043	_	6,944,559		5,649,638		5,072,427		4,715,014	_	4,213,181
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	11,294,578		9,953,711	_	8,484,043		6,944,559		5,649,637	_	5,072,427		4,715,014
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>s</u>	26,768,053	<u>s</u>	25,568,544	<u>s</u>	25,066,574	<u>\$</u>	26,310,033	<u>\$</u>	29,685,850	<u>s</u>	25,750,417	<u>s</u>	25,980,725

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	29.67%	28.02%	25.29%	20.88%	15.99%	16.46%	15.36%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,064,594 \$	1,963,141 \$	1,912,017 \$	1,919,071 \$	1,868,455 \$	1,826,835 \$	1,812,838
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	1296.53%	1302.43%	1311.00%	1370.98%	1588.79%	1409.56%	1433.15%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	4.00	4.00	3.78	3.96	4.01	3.85	-0-

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes There were no changes for FY2019.

Changes of assumptions: The discount rate changed from 5.0000% to 5.0000%

<sup>\*</sup>Totals may not add due to rounding

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MULTIYEAR LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (WHICH MAY BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY) FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FY Ending June 30,	<u>Total</u> <u>Pension</u> <u>Liability</u>	Plan Net Position	_	et Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 30,695,739	\$ 4,715,014	\$ 2	25,980,725	15.36%	\$ 1,812,838	1,433.15%
2015	\$ 30,822,844	\$ 5,072,427	\$ 2	25,750,417	16.46%	\$ 1,826,835	1,409.56%
2016	\$ 35,335,487	\$ 5,649,637	\$ 2	29,685,850	15.99%	\$ 1,868,455	1,588.79%
2017	\$ 33,254,592	\$ 6,944,559	\$ 2	26,310,033	20.88%	1,919,071	1,370.98%
2018	\$ 33,550,617	\$ 8,484,043	\$ 2	25,066,574	25.29%	\$ 1,912,017	1,311.00%
2019	\$ 35,522,255	\$ 9,953,711	\$ 2	25,568,544	28.02%	\$ 1,963,141	1,302.43%
2020	\$ 38,062,631	\$ 11,294,578	\$ 2	26,768,053	29.67%	2,064,594	1,296.53%

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MULTIYEAR FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions

T	act	10	Fiscal	<b>Years</b>

	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,340,972	\$ 2,327,809	\$ 2,026,406	\$	2,031,009	\$	2,124,224	\$	1,697,409	\$	1,676,866	\$	1,603,979
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:													
Employer provided	1,861,120	1,581,814	1,592,742		1,345,298		936,850		867,454		803,198		743,702
State provided	 437,224	 452,369	 436,840		445,631		424,421	_	421,288		407,276	_	473,392
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 42,628	\$ 293,626	\$ (3,176)	<u>\$</u>	240,080	<u>\$</u>	762,953	\$	408,667	<u>\$</u>	466,392	<u>\$</u>	386,885
Covered payroll	\$ 2,064,594	\$ 1,963,141	\$ 1,912,017	\$	1,919,071	\$	1,868,455	\$	1,826,835	\$	1,812,838	\$	1,712,139
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	111.32%	103.62%	106.15%		93.32%		72.86%		70.55%		66.77%		71.09%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar
Remaining amortization period 31.5 years
Asset valuation method Market Value
Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by years of service

Investment rate of return 5.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Rates vary by age

Mortality RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP-2014

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The information requested in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2020, measurement date based on actuarial liabilities as of July 1, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level-Percentage-of-Pay
Actuarial Value of Assets	Market value used for GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 reporting
Contribution Policy and Amortization Method	The sponsor finances benefits using the Alternative funding policy as defined in state statue. Sponsor contributions are equal to 107 percent of the prior year contribution. The plan also receives state contributions based on an allocation of premium tax that depends on the number of active and retired members. This funding policy does not directly amortize the unfunded actuarial liability. However, projected sponsor, state and member contributions along with projected investment earnings are expected to fully fund the projected actuarial liability for current plan members by 2042.
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	5.00% per year
GASB 67/68 Discount Rate	5.00% per year at June 30, 2020, and 2019

See independent auditor's report.

**Projected Salary Increases** 

Cost of Living Increases

Rates vary by years of service

2.75% on first \$15,000 of Annual Benefit and on the

accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D) FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Single Discount Rate

A GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 single discount rate of 5.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 5.00%, and the municipal bond rate of 3.13%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the Plan sponsor would make the statutory required contribution as defined by the funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments, on behalf of current plan members for all future plan years. Therefore, the single discount rate of 5.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 5.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	<u>(</u>	Current Single Discount					
	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase				
	4.0000%	<u>5.0000%</u>	<u>6.0000%</u>				
Net pension (liability)	\$(32,686,961)	\$(26,768,053)	\$(22,033,080)				

See independent auditor's report.

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Change in the Employers Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2020		2019	2018 2		2017	2017 2016		2016 2015			2014	
Total Pension Liability														
Service cost	\$	826,002	\$	979,662	\$	964,909	\$	940,194	\$	678,319	\$	618,071	\$	666,702
Interest		1,520,547		1,458,048		1,429,392		1,404,357		1,370,741		1,338,559		1,332,234
Changes of benefit terms		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(180,582)		281,256		(630,123)		(1,132,945)		(192,337)		(345,859)		-0-
Changes of assumptions		(2,137,778)		-0-		-0-		-0-		3,317,951		-0-		-0-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,520,272)	_	(1,417,693)		(1,259,755)	_	(1,192,439)		(1,208,416)		(1,210,149)	_	(1,150,677)
Net change in total pension liability		(1,492,083)		1,301,273		504,423		19,167		3,966,258		400,622		848,259
Total pension liability - beginning	_	31,171,073	_	29,869,800	_	29,365,377		29,346,210		25,379,952	_	24,979,330	_	24,131,071
Total pension liability - ending (a)	_	29,678,990	_	31,171,073		29,869,800	_	29,365,377	_	29,346,210		25,379,952		24,979,330
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer (including Premium Tax Allocation)		2,268,729		2,024,660		2,015,709		1,758,504		1,333,490		1,261,009		1,189,034
Contributions - member		200,742		192,160		176,039		168,474		157,241		154,449		151,027
Net investment income		1,016,297		297,401		469,963		669,529		(21,235)		133,494		632,587
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,520,272)		(1,417,693)		(1,259,755)		(1,192,439)		(1,208,416)		(1,210,149)		(1,150,677)
Administrative expense		(8,300)		(7,500)		(7,500)		(7,500)		(7,750)		(7,500)		(7,500)
Other	_	543	_	(30)	_	<u>-0-</u>	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-		206
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,957,739		1,088,998		1,394,456		1,396,568		253,330		331,303		814,677
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,371,819		8,282,821		6,888,363	_	5,491,795	_	5,238,465	_	4,907,162		4,092,485
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		11,329,558	_	9,371,819		8,282,821		6,888,363	_	5,491,795		5,238,465	_	4,907,162
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$</u>	18,349,432	\$	21,799,254	<u>\$</u>	21,586,979	<u>\$</u>	22,477,014	<u>\$</u>	23,854,415	<u>\$</u>	20,141,487	<u>\$</u>	20,072,168

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Change in the Employers Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	38.17%	30.07%	27.73%	23.46%	18.71%	20.64%	19.64%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,852,849	\$ 2,250,404	\$ 2,118,610	\$ 2,085,929 \$	1,989,442	\$ 1,808,232 \$	1,958,068
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	990.34%	968.68%	1018.92%	1077.55%	1199.05%	1113.88%	1025.10%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	5.00	5.00	5.41	5.34	5.30	4.75	-0-

#### Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes:

There were no changes for FY2020

Changes in assumptions:

The discount rate changed from 5.00% to 5.50%

<sup>\*</sup>Totals may not add due to rounding

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MULTIYEAR LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (WHICH MAY BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY) POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FY Ending June 30,	<u>Total</u> <u>Pension</u> <u>Liability</u>	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 24,979,330 \$	4,907,162	\$ 20,072,168	19.64%	\$ 1,958,068	1,025.10%
2015	\$ 25,379,952 \$	5,238,465	\$ 20,141,487	20.64%	\$ 1,808,232	1,113.88%
2016	\$ 29,346,210 \$	5,491,795	\$ 23,854,415	18.71%	\$ 1,989,442	1,199.05%
2017	\$ 29,365,377 \$	6,888,363	\$ 22,477,014	23.46%	\$ 2,085,929	1,077.55%
2018	\$ 29,869,800 \$	8,282,821	\$ 21,586,979	27.73%	\$ 2,118,610	1,018.92%
2019	\$ 31,171,073 \$	9,371,819	\$ 21,799,254	30.07%	\$ 2,250,404	968.69%
2020	\$ 29,678,990 \$	11,329,558	\$ 18,349,432	38.17%	\$ 1,852,849	990.34%

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MULTIYEAR POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Schedule of Employer Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,134,042	\$	2,139,078	\$	1,878,699	\$	1,864,693	\$	1,802,392	\$	1,392,630	\$	1,419,464	\$	1,517,921
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:  Employer provided  State provided  Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>s</u>	1,850,032 418,697 (134,687)	<u>s</u>	1,573,002 451,658 114,418	<u>s</u>	1,583,840 431,869 (137,010)	<u>s</u>	1,337,055 421,449 106,189	<u> </u>	929,217 404,273 468,902	<u>s</u>	860,386 400,623 131,621	<u>\$</u>	796,654 392,380 230,430	<u>s</u>	737,643 525,982 254,296
Covered payroll	\$	1,852,849	\$	2,250,404	\$	2,118,610	\$	2,085,929	\$	1,989,442	\$	1,808,232	\$	1,958,068	\$	2,017,329
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		122.45%		89.97%		95.14%		84.30%		67.03%		69.74%		60.72%		62.64%

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar
Remaining amortization period 31.5 years
Asset valuation method Market Value
Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by years of service

Investment rate of return 5.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Rates vary by age

Mortality RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale MP-2014

### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The information requested in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2020, measurement date based on actuarial liabilities as of July 1, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level-Percentage-of-Pay
Actuarial Value of Assets	Market value used for GASB Nos. 67 and 68 reporting
Contribution Policy and Amortization Method	The sponsor finances benefits using the Alternative funding policy as defined in state statue. Sponsor contributions are equal to 107 percent of the prior year contribution. The plan also receives state contributions based on an allocation of premium tax that depends on the number of active and retired members. This funding policy does not directly amortize the unfunded actuarial liability. However, projected sponsor, state and member contributions along with projected investment earnings are expected to fully fund the projected actuarial liability for current plan members by 2042.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

Investment Rate of Return 5.00% per year

**GASB 67/68 Discount Rate** 5.00% per year at June 30, 2020 and 2019

Projected Salary Increases Rates vary by years of service

Cost of Living Increases 2.75% on first \$15,000 of Annual Benefit and on the

accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

See independent auditor's report.

#### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D) POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Single Discount Rate

A GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 single discount rate of 5.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 5.00%, and the municipal bond rate of 3.13%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the Plan sponsor would make the statutory required contribution as defined by the funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments, on behalf of current plan members for all future plan years. Therefore, the single discount rate of 5.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 5.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	Current Single Discount							
	1% Decrease 4.0000%	Rate Assumption 5.0000%	1% Increase 6.0000%					
Net pension (liability)	\$(22,886,733)	\$(18,349,432)	\$(14,723,088)					

See independent auditor's report.

## MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Public Employees Insurance Agency Four Fiscal Years\*

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Municipality's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1573615%	0.1811420%	0.1661998%	0.1895212%
Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,110,836	\$ 3,886,279	\$ 4,106,461	\$ 4,706,425
Municipality's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,759,574	\$ 4,568,011	\$ 4,826,817	\$ 4,828,711
Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	65.43%	85.08%	85.08%	108.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.69%	30.98%	25.10%	21.64%

<sup>\* -</sup> Applicable information was available for four years for this schedule.

This schedule presents the only years available at June 30, 2020. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information and independent auditor's report.

### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF MUNICIPALITY CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB JUNE 30, 2020

#### Public Employees Insurance Agency Four Fiscal Years\*

		2020		2019		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	385,685	\$	370,162	\$	343,011	\$	324,207
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(	(385,685)	_	(370,162)	-	(343,011)		(324,207)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-0-</u>	\$_	<u>-Q-</u>	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-
Municipality's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,	,759,574	\$ 4	4,568,011	\$	4,826,817	\$ 4	4,828,711
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.10%		8.11%		7.93%		6.72%

<sup>\* -</sup> Applicable information was available for four years for this schedule.

This schedule presents the only years available at June 30, 2020. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information and independent auditor's report.

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2020

#### Change of Assumptions

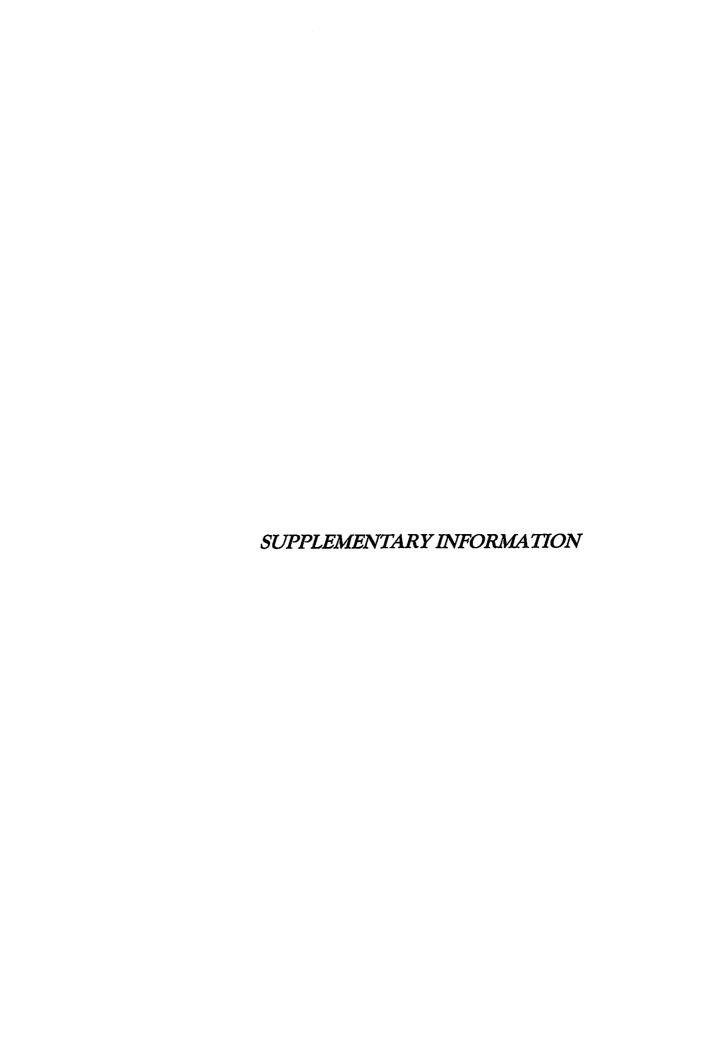
#### Actuarial Revisions

Subsequent to the issuance of the State of West Virginia's June 30, 2019 West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund's Report, certain actuarial amounts from the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 were revised. The amounts revised as of June 30, 2019 were used to prepare these schedules and are described below:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,750,793,325
Plan OPEB Net Position	( <u>1,091,661,000</u> )
Net OPEB Liability	\$ <u>1,659,132,325</u>
Plan OPEB Net Position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	39.69%

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Sensitivity of Discount Rate	( <u>6.15%</u> )	( <u>7.15%</u> )	( <u>8.15%</u> )
Net OPEB (Liability) Asset	\$ (1,980,125,365)	\$ (1,659,132,325)	\$ (1,390,515,393)
		Health Care Cost Trend	
Sensitivity to Health Care Trends	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Net OPEB (Liability)	\$ (1,337,850,475)	\$ (1,659,132,325)	\$ (2,049,007,693)

See independent auditor's report.



# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2020

	Sanitary Board Fund	-	Parking Authority Fund
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 748,955	\$	28,816
Receivables, net of allowances:	•		·
Accounts	1,110,914		-0-
Due to/from other activities	8,812		-0-
Inventory	<u>241,660</u>		0-
Total current assets	2,110,341		28,816
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted assets	901,724		<del>-0-</del>
Capital Assets			
Land	84,065		2,543,901
Construction in process	390,800		-0-
Buildings	1,532,698		7,663,710
Structures and improvements	7,895,033		453,583
Machinery and equipment	-0-		338,301
Transmission and distribution	28,798,060		-0-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(20,258,265)		(4,888,939)
Net capital assets	18,442,391		<u>6,110,556</u>
Total assets	21,454,456		6,139,372
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS	183,415		-0-
Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT	113,764		<u>780</u>
Total deferred outflow of resources	297,179		<u>780</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS (CONT'D) JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Sanitar</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Fund</u>	Ī	Parking Authority Fund
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION			
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets)  Notes payable Accounts payable Accrued compensated absences Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	25. 103	,457 ,782 ,055 ,294	\$ -0- 243 104 347
Current Liabilities (payable from restricted assets) Revenue bonds payable Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)		,623 ,623	
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion) Revenue bonds payable Other post-employment benefits payable Net pension obligation Total long-term liabilities (net of current portion)		,166 , <u>871</u>	-0- 3,425 <u>-0-</u> 3,425
Total liabilities	11,973	<u>,119</u>	3,772
Deferred Inflow of Resources  Deferred inflows of resources – WVPERS  Deferred inflows of resources – WVRHBT  Total deferred inflow of resources	213	,422 ,705 ,127	-0- 1,476 1,476
Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for renewal and replacement Unrestricted Total net position	1,082	,950 ,046 , <u>247</u>	6,110,556 -0- 25,487 ( <u>1,139</u> ) \$ 6,134,904

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Sanitary</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Parking</u> <u>Authority</u> <u>Fund</u>
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ <u>4,733,919</u>	\$ <u>131,578</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>4,733,919</u>	<u>131,578</u>
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	2,133,140	70,041
Contractual services	422,783	4,000
Administrative and general	210,758	10,421
Fuel and oil	65,716	-0-
Liability insurance	200,888	5,309
Materials and supplies	366,324	5,190
Utilities	212,996	29,988
Depreciation	727,067	105,420
Maintenance	109,232	<u> 7,828</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>4,448,904</u>	238,197
Operating income (loss)	285,015	(_106,619)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest	19,924	432
Miscellaneous income	13,117	-0-
Interest and fiscal charges	(122,710)	-0-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	( <u>89,669</u> )	432
Change in net position before operating transfers in (out)	195,346	( 106,187)
Operating transfers in (out)	( <u>300,009</u> )	0-
Change in net position	( 104,663)	( 106,187)
Total net position – beginning - restated	9,519,052	<u>6,241,091</u>
Total net position – ending	\$ <u>9,414,389</u>	\$ <u>6,134,904</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Sanitary</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Fund</u>	Parking Authority Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,651,721	\$ 131,578
Payments to suppliers	(2,074,348)	( 73,474)
Payments to other sources	( 300,009)	-0-
Payments to employees	(1,606,610)	( <u>65,561</u> )
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	670,754	(_7,457)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
(Increase) decrease in restricted assets	( 207,642)	-0-
Repayment of revenue bonds	( 428,726)	-0-
Repayment of notes payable	( 1,343)	-0-
Proceeds from notes payable	-0-	-0-
Acquisition of capital assets	-0-	-0-
Interest expense	(122,710)	-0-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	( 760,421)	-0-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on investments	19,924	432
Net cash provided by investing activities	19,924	432
Net increase (decrease) in cash	( 69,743)	( 7,025)
Cash at beginning of year	818,698	35,841
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>748,955</u>	\$ <u>28,816</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – COMPONENT UNITS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ī	nitary Board Fund	Parking Authority Fund
	•		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to			
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$	285,015	\$ (106,619)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		·	, , ,
provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		727,067	105,420
Miscellaneous income		13,117	-0-
Transfers from (to) other funds	(	300,009)	-0-
(Increase) decrease in:	`		
Accounts receivable	(	82,198)	-0-
Due to/from other funds	(	1)	-0-
Inventory	·	71,513	-0-
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS	(	3,615)	-0-
Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT	(	20,986)	441
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable	(	47,585)	(2,725)
Accrued compensated absences		21,179	104
Accrued post-employment benefits payable	(	61,624)	( 3,959)
Net pension obligation	(	21,085)	-0-
Deferred inflow of resources – WVPERS	(	1,962)	-0-
Deferred inflow of resources – WVRHBT	_	91,928	( <u>119</u> )
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ _	670,754	\$ ( <u>7,457</u> )

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Memorandum Only)
ASSETS			
Cash Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles of \$7,000):	\$ 1,815,206	\$ 8,413	\$ 1,823,619
Taxes	223,273	-0- -0-	223,273 17,722
Notes Due from/(to) other activities	17,722 ( <u>86,825</u> )	<u>-0-</u>	( <u>86,825</u> )
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>1,969,376</u>	\$ <u><b>8,413</b></u>	\$ <u>1,977,789</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 160,425	\$ -0-	\$ 160,425
Accrued payroll	1,305	<u>-0-</u>	1,305
Total liabilities	<u>161,730</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>161,730</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred taxes	<u> 183,758</u>	0-	183,758
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	345,488	0-	<u>345,488</u>
Fund Balances			
Assigned	1,637,436	8,413	1,645,849
Unassigned	(13,548)	<u>-0-</u>	( <u>13,548</u> )
Total fund balances	1,623,888	<u>8,413</u>	<u>1,632,301</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>1,969,376</u>	\$ <u>8,413</u>	\$ <u>1,977,789</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues			
Taxes – Ad valorem	\$ 1,623,702	\$ -0-	\$ 1,623,702
Charges for services	718,485	46,460	764,945
Fines and forfeits	29,184	-0-	29,184
Interest	21,809	603	22,412
Donations	26,575	-0-	26,575
Intergovernmental:			
Federal	942	-0-	942
Contributions from employees	361,157	-0-	361,157
Contributions from employer	1,839,131	-0-	1,839,131
Other	<u>8,015</u>		<u>8,015</u>
Total revenues	<u>4,629,000</u>	<u>47,063</u>	<u>4,676,063</u>
Expenditures			
Public safety	243,950	-0-	243,950
Highways and streets	68,805	-0-	68,805
Community development	19,275	-0-	19,275
Culture and recreation	1,028,941	-0-	1,028,941
Benefit payments	2,063,439	-0-	2,063,439
Capital outlay	756,454	-0-	756,454
Debt service – principle	26,925	-0-	26,925
Debt service – interest	5,160	0-	<u>5,160</u>
Total expenditures	4,212,949		<u>4,212,949</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	416,051	<u>47,063</u>	463,114

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Nonmajo Special Revenue Funds	Debt	Total (Memorandum Only)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from debt financing	\$ 321,7	′57 <b>\$ -</b> 0	- \$ 321,757
Operating transfers in	961,4	74 -0	- 961,474
Operating transfers (out)	( <u>1,290,0</u>	<u>(83,212</u> )	<u>(1,373,235)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,7	( <u>83,212</u> )	<u>(90,004)</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources			
over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	409,2	(36,149	9) 373,110
Fund balance beginning of year	1,214,6	<u>44,562</u>	<u>1,259,191</u>
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>1,623,8</u>	888 \$ <u>8,41</u>	<u>3</u> \$ <u>1,632,301</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEETS – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Police</u> <u>Fund</u>	Tax Increment Financing District Fund	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>	<u>Park</u> <u>Board</u>	Park Board Special Levy	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	<u>PEIA</u> Fund	Police National Nightout Fund	<u>Total</u> ( <u>Memorandum</u> <u>Only</u> )
ASSETS										
Cash Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles of \$7,000)	\$ 361,996	\$ 453,909	\$ 120	\$ 170,173	\$ 84,831	\$ 576,811	\$ 8,024	\$ 158,860	\$ 482	\$ 1,815,206
Taxes	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	89,309	133,964	-0-	-0-	-0-	223,273
Notes	-0-	-0-	17,722	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	17,722
Due from/(to) other activities	<u>8,954</u>	0-		<u>42,876</u>	( <u>8,683</u> )	( <u>107,816</u> )	( <u>17,833</u> )	(_4,323)	<u>-0-</u>	( <u>86,825</u> )
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>370,950</u>	\$ <u>453,909</u>	\$ <u>17,842</u>	\$ <u>213,049</u>	\$ <u>165,457</u>	\$ <u>602,959</u>	\$( <u>9,809</u> )	\$ <u>154,537</u>	\$ <u>482</u>	\$ <u>1,969,376</u>

### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEETS – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONT'D) JUNE 30, 2020

	Police Fund	Tax Increment Financing District Fund	Urban Renewal Authority	<u>Park</u> Board	Park Board Special Levy	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	PEIA Fund	Police National Nightout Fund	Total (Memorandum Only)
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW AND FUND BALANCES	7S									
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Total liabilities	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ 2,149 1,305 3,454	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ 158,276 -0- 158,276	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ 160,425 
<b>Deferred Inflows</b> Deferred Taxes	0-		0-		73,503	110,255	0-	0-	<u>-0-</u>	<u> 183,758</u>
Fund Balances Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	370,950 <u>-0-</u> <u>370,950</u>	453,909 -0- 453,909	17,842 -0- 17,842	209,595 -0- 209,595	91,954 -0- 91,954	492,704 -0- 492,704	-0- ( <u>9,809</u> ) ( <u>9,809</u> )	-0- ( <u>3,739)</u> ( <u>3,739</u> )	482 <u>-0-</u> 482	1,637,436 ( <u>13,548</u> ) <u>1,623,888</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>370,950</u>	\$ <u>453,909</u>	\$ <u>17,842</u>	\$ <u>213,049</u>	\$ <u>165,457</u>	\$ <u>602,959</u>	\$( <u>9,809</u> )	\$ <u>154,537</u>	\$ <u>482</u>	\$ <u>1,969,376</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		<u>Tax</u>								
		Increment							<u>Police</u>	
		Financing	<u>Urban</u>	_	Park Board	<u>Capital</u>	Dental and		<u>National</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Police</u>	<b>District</b>	<u>Renewal</u>	<u>Park</u>	<u>Special</u>	Improvement	Vision Benefit	PEIA	<u>Nightout</u>	(Memorandum
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Authority	<b>Board</b>	<u>Levy</u>	Levy Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Only</u> )
Revenues										
Taxes - Ad Valorem	\$ -0-	\$ 345,290	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 1,278,412	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 1,623,702
Charges for services	-0-	-0-	-0-	718,485	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	718,485
Fines and forfeits	29,184	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	29,184
Interest	3,890	7,232	3	2,642	1,554	5,757	118	594	19	21,809
Donations	5,000	-0-	-0-	21,150	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	425	26,575
Intergovernmental:										
Federal	942	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	942
Contributions from employees	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	75,712	285,445	-0-	361,157
Contributions from employer	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	63,324	1,775,807	-0-	1,839,131
Other	4,200	0-	0-		<u>2,276</u>	<u>1,539</u>			0-	8,015
Total revenues	43,216	352,522	3	742,277	3,830	1,285,708	<u>139,154</u>	<u>2,061,846</u>	<u>444</u>	4,629,000
Expenditures										
Public safety	99,052	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	107,698	-0-	-0-	10,700	243,950
Highways and streets	-0-	26,500	-0-	-0-	-0-	64,605	-0-	-0-	-0-	68,805
Community development	-0-	4,200	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	19,275
Culture and recreation	-0-	19,275	-0-	610,595	418,346	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,028,941
Benefit payments	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	139,949	1,923,490	-0-	2,063,439
Capital outlay	-0-	-0-	-0-	466,393	-0-	290,061	-0-	-0-	-0-	756,454
Debt service – principle	-0-	-0-	9,874	-0-	17,051	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	26,925
Debt service – interest	0-	-0-	5,160	0-				0-		5,160
Total expenditures	99,052	49,975	15,034	1,076,988	435,397	<u>462,364</u>	139,949	1,923,490	10,700	4,212,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	( <u>55,836</u> )	<u>302,547</u>	(_15,031	) ( <u>334,711</u> )	( <u>431,567</u> )	823,344	( <u>795</u> )	<u>138,356</u>	( <u>10,256</u> )	416,051

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTD) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

Tax

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Police Fund	Increment Financing District Fund	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> Authority	<u>Park</u> <u>Board</u>	Park Board Special Levy	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	PEIA Fund	Police National Nightout Fund	<u>Total</u> ( <u>Memorandum</u> <u>Only</u> )
Proceeds from debt financing Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ -0- \$ 115,328 (64,121) 51,207	-0- \$ -0- 115,328 -0- (-64,121) (337,945) 51,207 (337,945)	\$ -0- 83,288 (68,254) 15,034	\$ 321,757 46,442 (	\$ -0- \$ 648,695 (171,008) 477,687	\$ -0- 64,121 ( 510,660) ( 446,539)	\$	\$	\$ -0- \$ 3,600 00- 3,600	\$ 321,757 961,474 (1,290,023) (
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	( 4,629)	( 4,629) ( 35,398)	ю	( 104,547)	46,120	376,805	(262)	138,356	( 6,656)	409,259
Fund balance beginning of year	375,579	489,307	17,839	314,142	45,834	115,899	(-9,014)	(142,095)	7,138	1,214,629
Fund balance end of year	\$ 370,950	\$ 453,909	\$ 17,842	\$ <u>370,950</u> \$ <u>453,909</u> \$ <u>17,842</u> \$ <u>209,595</u>	\$ 91,954	\$ 91,954 \$ 492,704	\$(9,809)	\$(3,739) \$482 \$ 1,623,888	\$ 482	\$ 1,623,888

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ <u>8,413</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>8,413</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ <u>-0-</u> 0-
Fund Balances Assigned Total fund balances	8,413 8,413
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u><b>8,413</b></u>

### MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>
Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 46,460
Interest	603
Total revenues	<u>47,063</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	47,063
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers (out)	(83,212)
(Deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	(36,149)
Fund balance beginning of year	44,562
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>8,413</u>

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Council Municipality of Clarksburg Clarksburg, West Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the blended component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2021.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clarksburg, West Virginia

Titick, Bartled, PLLC

January 28, 2021

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and Council Municipality of Clarksburg Clarksburg, West Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform

Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clarksburg, West Virginia

Tatick , Bartler , Phh.

January 28, 2021

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# A. Summary of Audit Results

# Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified Opinion			
Internal control over financial reporting:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No None reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No			
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No None reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified Opinion			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	No			
Identification of major programs:				
Coronavirus Relief Fund				
COVID 19 - United States Department of the Treasury	CFDA #21.019			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	yesX_ no			

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## B. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

No Findings

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

United States Department of the Treasury – COVID-19 Relief Fund – CFDA Number 21.019 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020.

There were no findings and questioned costs identified in the major federal award program audit.

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	<u>Federal</u> <u>CFDA</u> <u>Number</u>	Grant Number	Program or Award Amount	Receipts or Revenues Recognized	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
United States Department of Transportation					
West Virginia Department of Transportation West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total United States Department of Transportation – CFDA Number 20.205  Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205 20.205	F20-HS-05-DOHWZ F19-HS-05-DOHDD	\$ 7,000 20,000	\$ 197 1,125 1,322 1,322	\$ 197 
Highway Safety Cluster					
United States Department of Transportation National Highway Safety Administration					
West Virginia Department of Transportation West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	F20-HS-05-402	152,800	\$ 63,293	\$ 63,293
West Virginia Department of Transportation West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles State and Community Highway Safety Total United States Department of Transportation – CFDA Number 20.600	20.600	F19-HS-05-402	148,300	35,175 98,468	35,175 98,468

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Progra or Awa Amou	rd Revenues	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures
Highway Safety Cluster					
United States Department of Transportation National Highway Safety Administration					
West Virginia Department of Transportation West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles					
National Priority Safety Programs Total United States Department of Transportation – CFDA Number 20.616  Total United States Department of Transportation – Highway Safety Cluster Total United States Department of Transportation  Executive Office of the President	20.616 20.616 20.616 20.616 20.616	F20-HS-05-405B F20-HS-05-405C F20-HS-05-405D F19-HS-05-405B F19-HS-05-405C F19-HS-05-405D	\$ 25, 80, 100, 31, 80, 169,	000 43,005 000 4,041 000 22,386	\$ 6,192 79,997 43,005 4,041 22,386 32,735 188,356 286,824 288,146
Financial Commission for Appalachia High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area					
Laurel County Fiscal Court High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program Total Executive Office of the President – CFDA Number 95.001	95.001 95.001	G19AP0001A G20AP0001A	\$ 36, 36,	10,538	\$ 4,312 <u>6,226</u> 10,538
Total Executive Office of the President				10,538	<u>10,538</u>

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Federal CFDA		Program or Award	Receipts or Revenues	Federal Disbursements/
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	<u>Number</u>	Grant Number	<u>Amount</u>	Recognized	<b>Expenditures</b>
United States Department of Homeland Security					
Federal Emergency Management Agency					
West Virginia Department of Military Affairs and Public  Safety Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management  Fire Management Assistance Grant  Total United States Department of Homeland Security – CFDA Number 97.036	97.046	FEMA	\$ 100,000	\$ <u>84,459</u> <u>84,459</u>	\$ <u>84,459</u> <u>84,459</u>
Total United States Department of Homeland Security				<u>84,459</u>	<u>84,459</u>
United States Department of the Treasury					
State of West Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund COVID 19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund Total United States Department of the Treasury – CFDA Number 21.019	21.019	CVFR 2020/17-1878	2,222,207	2,222,207 2,222,207	2,222,207 2,222,207
Total United States Department of the Treasury				2,222,207	2,222,207
United States Department of Justice					
Violence Against Women Office					
West Virginia Division of Justice and Community Services  Task Force on Domestic Violence  Violence Against Women Formula Grants  Total United States Department of Justice – CFDA Number 16.588	16.588	18-VAW-017	10,000	5,502 5,502	5,502 5,502

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	<u>Federal</u> <u>CFDA</u> <u>Number</u>	Grant Number	Program or Award Amount	Receipts or Revenues Recognized	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures
United States Department of Justice					
Bureau of Justice Assistance					
Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0290	\$ 4,937	\$ 942	\$ 942
United States Department of Justice					
Bureau of Justice Assistance					
State of West Virginia Division of Justice and Community Services  Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program  Total United States Department of Justice – CFDA Number 16.738	16.738	19-JAG-10	15,000	10,500 11,442	10,500 11,442
Total United States Department of Justice				<u>16,944</u>	16,944
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ <u>2,622,294</u>	\$ <u>2,622,294</u>

See accompanying notes and independent auditor's report.

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia.

#### Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and OMG Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia has elected not to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Note C - Loan Balances

(1) The United States Department of Agriculture – Community Facilities Loans and Grants Program – CFDA Number 10.766 represented in refinancing of a bond anticipation note purchased by the United States Department of Agriculture on May 24, 2019 in the amount of \$8,500,000. The outstanding balance of the bonds at June 30, 2020 was \$8,406,241.

See independent auditor's report.

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

United States Department of the Treasury - Coronavirus Relief Fund - CFDA Number 21.019 - Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Since there were no findings a corrective action plan is not required.

# MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings**

#### Financial Audit

Finding #2019-001 Failure to Submit Budget Revisions to Appropriate the Unexpended Balance – General Fund and Coal Severance Fund

Condition: It was noted during this audit that the Municipality of Clarksburg failed to submit a budget revision for the General Fund and the Coal Severance Fund to appropriate the actual expended fund balance at June 30, 2018.

Recommendation: The Municipality of Clarksburg should exercise proper budgetary policies.

This finding was corrected for the June 30, 2020 audit.

#### Finding #2019-002 Over Expenditure of General Fund and Coal Severance Budget

Condition: It was noted during this audit that the Municipality of Clarksburg expended funds in excess of the approved budget categories for the General Fund and Coal Severance Fund.

Recommendation: The Municipality of Clarksburg should exercise proper budgetary policies.

This finding was corrected for the June 30, 2020 audit.

United States Department of Agriculture – Community Facilities Loans and Grants Cluster – CFDA 10.766 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019; United States Department of Transportation – Highway Safety Cluster – State and Community Highway Safety – CFDA 20.600 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019, Safety Belt Performance Grants – CFDA 20.609 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019, State Traffic Safety Information System Improvements Grant – CFDA 20.610 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 and National Priority Safety Programs – CFDA 20.616 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019; Department of Homeland Security – Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) – CFDA 97.036 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

There were no findings related to these programs.