MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA A CLASS II MUNICIPALITY IN HARRISON COUNTY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND RELATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 RFP #21-029 (Harrison County)

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MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Office Name		Term
	Elective	
Mayor:	James Marino	07/01/19 – 06/30/23
Vice Mayor:	Lillie Scott-Jenkins	07/01/19 – 06/30/23
Council Members:	Gary Keith	07/01/19 – 06/30/23
	Wayne Worth	07/01/21 - 06/30/25
	James Malfregeot	07/01/21 - 06/30/25
	Jerry Riffle	07/01/21 - 06/30/25
	Will Hyman	07/01/21 – 06/30/25
	Appointed	
Interim City Manager:	Mark Kiddy	
Finance Director:	Kim Karakiozis	

Annette Wright

City Clerk:

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FUNDS INCLUDED IN REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

MAJOR FUNDS

General
Coal Severance Tax
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund
American Rescue Plan Act

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

MAJOR FUNDS

Municipal Building Commission

NONMAJOR FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds
Police Fund
Tax Increment Financing District Fund
Urban Renewal Authority
Park Board
Park Board Special Levy
Dental and Vision Benefit Fund
Capital Improvement Levy Fund
PEIA Fund
Police National Nightout Fund

Debt Service Fund
Urban Renewal Authority

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Pension Trust
Policemen's Pension and Relief
Firemen's Pension and Relief

COMPONENT UNITS

BlendedMunicipal Building Commission

Discretely Presented
Sanitary Board
Parking Authority

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Council Municipality of Clarksburg Clarksburg, West Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia adopted new accounting guidance, GASB 87 – Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – General Fund – budgetary basis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual - Coal Severance Fund - budgetary basis, net pension liability information and other post employment benefit plan information, as listed in the table of contents, on pages 114 thru 135 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual component unit financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements. Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tetuck , Barrens Plan

Clarksburg, West Virginia March 18, 2023

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

			<u>Business</u>	Component Units		
	Governmental		Type		Sanitary	<u>Parking</u>
	<u>Activities</u>	,	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Board</u>	<u>Authority</u>
Assets						
Cash	\$ 10,506,926	\$	915,716	\$ 11,422,642		\$ 26,853
Receivables	5,086,866		-0-	5,086,866	1,095,938	-0-
Due to/from other activities	41,688		-0-	41,688	(41,688)	
Inventory	-0-		-0-	-0-	301,491	-0-
Restricted assets	-0-		157,232	157,232	1,219,941	-0-
Capital assets, net	18,798,781		26,582,014	45,380,795	23,801,015	5,899,716
Net other post benefit obligation asset	-0-		-0-	-0-	8,331	-0-
Net pension obligation asset					<u>892,233</u>	<u> 16,778</u>
Total assets	<u>34,434,261</u>		<u>27,654,962</u>	<u>62,089,223</u>	<u>27,472,098</u>	<u>5,943,347</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS	891,727		-0-	891,727	442,674	8,330
Deferred outflows of resources – Police Pension	632,124		-0-	632,124	-0-	-0-
Deferred outflows of resources – Fire Pension	1,290,433		-0-	1,290,433	-0-	-0-
Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT	333,508		-0-	333,508	65,913	-0-
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,147,792		-0-	3,147,792	508,587	8,330
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	185,996		-0-	185,996	67,054	3,273
Accrued interest payable	-0-		33,547	33,547	-0-	-0-
Long-term liabilities						
Due within one year	1,234,741		741,657	1,976,398	946,360	128
Due in more than one year	<u>32,980,196</u>		<u>13,881,531</u>	<u>46,861,727</u>	<u>15,538,605</u>	<u>-0-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>34,400,933</u>		<u>14,656,735</u>	<u>49,057,668</u>	<u>16,552,019</u>	3,401
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows of resources – WVPERS	2,349,767		-0-	2,349,767	1,166,567	21,397
Deferred inflows of resources – Police Pension	3,037,724		-0-	3,037,724	-0-	-0-
Deferred inflows of resources – Fire Pension	3,107,462		-0-	3,107,462	-0-	-0-
Deferred inflows of resources – WVRHBT	1,667,250		-0-	1,667,250	327,545	-0-
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,162,203		-0-	10,162,203	1,494,112	21,397
	23,333,432					
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	16,226,046		11,958,826	28,184,872	7,473,178	5,899,716
Restricted	-0-		157,232	157,232	1,219,941	21,781
Unrestricted	(<u>23,207,129</u>)		<u>882,169</u>	(<u>22,324,960</u>)		5,382
Total net position	\$ (<u>6,981,083</u>)	\$ (12,998,227	\$ <u>6.017,144</u>	\$ <u>9,934,554</u>	\$ <u>5,926,879</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Revenu	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position					Component Units		
			Operating	<u>Capital</u>	_	Business		-			
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Type		Sanitary	Parking		
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>	Board	Authority		
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 4,730,028	\$ 119,921	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ (4,610,107)	\$ -0-	\$ (4,610,107)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-		
Public safety	5,317,813	1,379,366	310,408	-0-	(3,628,039)	-0-	(3,628,039)	-0-	-0-		
Highways and streets	4,316,779	-0-	-0-	-0-	(4,316,779)	-0-	(4,316,779)	-0-	-0-		
Health and sanitation	319,797	-0-	-0-	-0-	(319,797)	-0-	(319,797)	-0-	-0-		
Community development	1,152,759	-0-	-0-	6,730,023	5,577,264	-0-	5,577,264	-0-	-0-		
Culture and recreation	2,104,088	1,445,819	135,542	-0-	(522,727)	-0-	(522,727)	-0-	-0-		
Social services	29,991	-0-	-0-	-0-	(29,991)	-0-	(29,991)	-0-	-0-		
Benefit payments	2,084,118		2,089,792	-0-	5,674	-0-	5,674	-0-			
Total governmental activities	20,055,373	2,945,106	2,535,742	6,730,023	(7,844,502)	-0-	(7,844,502)	-0-	-0-		
Business-Type Activities											
Municipal Building Commission	2,787,452	1,362,925	-0-		-0-	(1,424,527)	(1,424,527)	-0-	0-		
Total business-type activities	2,787,452	1,362,925	-0-	-0-	-0-	(1,424,527)	(1,424,527)	-0-			
Total primary government	\$ <u>22,842,825</u>	\$ <u>4,308,031</u>	\$ <u>2,535,742</u>	\$ <u>6,730,023</u>	(7,844,502)	(1,424,527)	(_9,269,029)				
Component Units											
Sanitary Board	\$ 4,602,661	\$ 4,744,974	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	142,313	-0-		
Parking Authority	239,931	145,265	<u>-0-</u>	0-	0-	0-		0-	(<u>94,666</u>)		
Total component units	\$ <u>4,842,592</u>	\$ <u>4,890,239</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>		0-		142,313	(94,666)		

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Net (Expenses) Revenues					O	T	I : 4		
			Program Revenu		anc	and Changes in Net Position			Compo	nits	
		Charges	Operating Grants and	<u>Capital</u> Grants and	Go	vernmental	<u>Business</u> <u>Type</u>		Sanitary	D,	arking
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total	Board		thority
Tunctions/Tograms	LAPCHISCS	TOT BUT VICES	Controdions	Contributions	4	TOTIVITIOS	21CHVIIICS	<u> 10tar</u>	<u> Douru</u>	<u> </u>	<u>uioiitj</u>
General Revenues											
Taxes and special assessments:											
Ad valorem					\$	4,389,346	\$ -0-	\$ 4,389,346	\$ -0-	\$	-0-
Excise utility						820,065	-0-	820,065	-0-		-0-
Business and occupation						8,255,613	-0-	8,255,613	-0-		-0-
Alcoholic beverage						148,523	-0-	148,523	-0-		-0-
Hotel occupancy						223,028	-0-	223,028	-0-		-0-
Animal control						4,555	-0-	4,555	-0-		-0-
Oil and gas						29,632	-0-	29,632	-0-		-0-
Municipal sales and use tax						4,766,435	-0-	4,766,435	-0-		-0-
Licenses and permits						540,228	-0-	540,228	-0-		-0-
Franchises fees						164,586	-0-	164,586	-0-		-0-
Reimbursement						163,931	-0-	163,931	-0-		-0-
Interest and investment earnings						4,735	830	5,565	1,285		14
Intergovernmental – state						62,757	-0-	62,757	-0-		-0-
Video lottery and gaming income						124,271	-0-	124,271	-0-		-0-
Miscellaneous						365,609	-0-	365,609	352,890		-0-
Nonoperating contributions						0-	<u>121,487</u>	<u>121,487</u>		_	-0-
Total general revenues						20,063,314	122,317	<u>20,185,631</u>	<u>354,175</u>	_	14
Change in net position before transfers						12,218,812	(1,302,210)	10,916,602	496,488	(94,652)
Operating transfers in (out)						1,556,459)		0-		•	<u>-0-</u>
Change in net position					•	10,662,353	254,249	10,916,602	496,488	(94,652)
Net position – beginning					(<u>17,643,436</u>)	12,743,978	(_4,899,458)	9,438,066	<u>6.</u>	021,531
Net position – ending					\$ (6,981,083)	\$ <u>12,998,227</u>	\$ <u>6,017,144</u>	\$ <u>9,934,554</u>	\$ 5	<u>926,879</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA FUND BALANCE SHEETS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Coal</u> Severance Fund	Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Other Total Governmental Funds Funds
ASSETS					
Cash Receivables, net of allowances: Accounts Taxes Grants Other Notes Due to/(from) other activities	\$ 1,102,763 840,789 2,544,757 98,005 46,519 -0- 122,430	\$ 12,286 -0- 21,196 -0- -0- -0-	\$ 18,319 -0- 1,264,669 -0- -0- -0- -0-	\$ 6,548,547 -0- -0- -0- -0- -0-	\$ 2,825,011 \$ 10,506,926 -0- 840,789 253,209 4,083,831 -0- 98,005 -0- 46,519 17,722 17,722 (_80,742)41,688
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>4,755,263</u>	\$ <u>33,482</u>	\$ <u>1,282,988</u>	\$ <u>6,548,547</u>	\$ <u>3,015,200</u> \$ <u>15,635,480</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$ 154,477 	\$ -0- -0-			\$ 31,519 \$ 185,996
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue – taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	407,549 407,549			<u>-0-</u> <u>-0-</u>	50,385 937,886 159,292 566,841 159,292 566,841
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balance	-0- -0- -0- 3,460,213 3,460,213	-0- 33,482 -0- <u>-0-</u> 33,482	-0- -0- 1,282,988 -0- 1,282,988	6,548,547 -0- -0- <u>-0-</u> <u>6,548,547</u>	-0- 6,548,547 -0- 33,482 2,808,599 4,091,587 (<u>3,076</u>) 3,457,137 2,805,523 14,130,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>4,755,263</u>	\$ <u>33,482</u>	\$ <u>1,282,988</u>	\$ <u>6,548,547</u>	\$ <u>3,015,200</u> \$ <u>15,635,480</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE SHEETS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balance, fund level statement June 30, 2021	\$ 14,130,753
The total fund balance of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's governmental funds differ from the net position of the governmental activities reported on the Statement of Net Position as follows:	
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the fund level statements:	
Accrued compensated absences Notes payable Net pension obligation payable Other post-employment benefit obligation payable (asset)	(626,277) (2,572,735) (30,306,442) 42,407
Capital assets, that are used in governmental activities and are purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those assets and their associated accumulated depreciation.	18,798,781
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension and other post-employment benefit activity are not required to be reported in the funds but are required to be reported at the government-wide level:	
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS Deferred outflows of resources – Police and Fire Pension Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT Deferred inflows of resources – WVPERS Deferred inflows of resources – Police and Fire Pension Deferred inflows of resources – WVRHBT	891,727 1,922,557 333,508 (2,349,767) (6,145,186) (1,667,250)
Some revenues are reported as deferred in the governmental funds:	
Deferred revenue	566,841

See accompanying notes and independent auditor's report.

Net position of governmental activities

\$ (6,981,083)

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Coal</u> <u>Severance</u> <u>Fund</u>	Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes and special assessments:				_		
Ad valorem	\$ 2,559,325	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 1,858,651	
Excise utility	820,065	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	820,065
Business and occupation	8,177,279	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	8,177,279
Alcoholic beverage	148,523	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0- -0-	148,523
Hotel occupancy	223,028	-0-	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	223,028 4,555
Animal control	4,555	-0-	-0-	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	4,333 29,632
Oil and gas	29,632 -0-	-0- -0-	4,766,435	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	4,766,435
Municipal sales and use tax Licenses and permits	540,228	-0-	4,700,43 <i>3</i> -0-	-0-	-0- -0-	540,228
Charges for services	1,088,023	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,445,819	2,533,842
Fines and forfeits	272,350	-0-	-0-	-0-	135,542	407,892
Franchise fees	164,586	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	164,586
Reimbursement	-0-	-0-	163,931	-0-	-0-	163,931
Interest	1,031	6	748	1,524	1,426	4,735
Donations	200	-0-	-0-	-0-	9,928	10,128
Intergovernmental:					ŕ	
Federal	300,280	-0-	-0-	6,730,023	138,914	7,169,217
State	-0-	62,757	-0-	-0-	-0-	62,757
Contributions from employees	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	418,076	418,076
Contribution from employer	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,671,716	1,671,716
Video lottery and gaming income	124,271	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	124,271
Miscellaneous income	<u>364,799</u>	0-	-0-	<u>-0-</u>	<u>810</u>	<u>365,609</u>
Total revenue	<u>14,818,175</u>	<u>62,763</u>	<u>4,931,114</u>	<u>6,731,547</u>	5,680,882	<u>32,224,481</u>
Expenditures						
General government	4,244,029	10,018	-0-	-0-	9,340	4,263,387
Public safety	9,667,370	17,929	1,000,000	-0-	236,752	10,922,051
Highways and streets	2,905,673	7,698	743,865	-0-	721,680	4,378,916
Health and sanitation	360,498	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	360,498
Community development	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,152,759	1,152,759
Culture and recreation	1,650,278	13,000	-0- -0-	50,000 -0-	376,532 -0-	2,089,810 29,991
Social services	29,991 -0-	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	2,084,118	2,084,118
Benefit payments	-0- 7,161	-0-	-0- -0-	133,000	414,004	554,165
Capital outlay Debt service – principal	238,435	-0-	-0-	-0-	207,532	445,967
Debt service – principal Debt service – interest	43,939	0-	-0-	-0-	36,502	80,441
Total expenditures	19,147,374	48,645	1,743,865	183,000	5,239,219	26,362,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			0.1000.00		111 772	£ 0.70 350
(under) expenditures	(4,329,199)	14.118	<u>3,187,249</u>	<u>6,548,547</u>	<u>441,663</u>	<u>5,862,378</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Coal</u> <u>Severance</u> <u>Fund</u>	Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in	\$ 4,155,147	\$ -0-	\$ -0- :	§ -0-	\$ 753,804	\$ 4,908,951
Operating transfers (out)	(<u>840,656</u>)	0-	(<u>4,757,891</u>)		(<u>866,863</u>)	(6,465,410)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,314,491	-0-	(<u>4,757,891</u>)	-0-	(_113,059)	(<u>1,556,459</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures						
and other financing (uses)	(1,014,708)	14,118	(1,570,642)	6,548,547	328,604	4,305,919
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,474,921	<u>19,364</u>	2,853,630	0-	<u>2,476,919</u>	9,824,834
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>_3,460,213</u>	\$ 33,482	\$ 1,282,988	6,548,547	\$ 2,805,523	\$ <u>14,130,753</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	4,305,919
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		791,104
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Change in deferred revenue		49,705
Notes payable provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but entering into notes payable increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of notes payable is an expenditure of the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets:		
Proceeds from note payable Repayment of note payable	((1,410,500) 351,684
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued compensated absences	((124,862)
Long-term pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the fund statements. This is the change in long-term pension liability in the current year		1,188,631
Long-term other post-employment benefit obligations is a long-term liability, not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the fund statements. This is the change in long-term other post-employment benefit obligations in the current year.		693,029
Some assets do not provided current financial resources and are not reported as assets in the fund level statements.		
This is the change in pension and other post-employment benefit plans deferred outflows of resources		905,577

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the fund level statements.

This the change in pension and other post-employment benefit plans deferred inflows of resources.

\$ 3,912,066

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 10,662,353

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Municipal Building Commission
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ <u>915,716</u>
Total current assets	<u>915,716</u>
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted assets	<u> 157,232</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u> 157,232</u>
Capital Assets	
Buildings	32,942,754
Equipment	179,691
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(<u>6,540,431</u>)
Net capital assets	<u>26,582,014</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>27,654,962</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Current Liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 741,657
Accrued revenue bond interest payable	33,547
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	<u>775,204</u>
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion)	
Revenue bonds payable	13,881,531 13,881,531
Total long-term liabilities (net of current portion)	<u>13,881,531</u>
Total liabilities	<u>14,656,735</u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,958,826
Restricted for debt service	157,232
Unrestricted	<u>882,169</u> \$ <u>12,998,227</u>
Total net position	Ф <u>14,770,441</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Municipal Building Commission
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 544,422
Operating grants	714,811
Operating donations	<u> 103,692</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>1,362,925</u>
Operating Expenses	
Maintenance	46,075
General and administrative	97,000
Theatre expense	1,292,531
Depreciation	<u>737,255</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>2,172,861</u>
Operating income (loss)	(<u>809,936</u>)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest	830
Contributions	121,487
Interest and fiscal charges	(<u>614,591</u>)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(<u>492,274</u>)
Change in net position before operating transfers in (out)	(1,302,210)
Operating transfers in (out)	1,556,459
Change in net position	254,249
Total net position – beginning	12,743,978
Total net position – ending	\$ <u>12,998,227</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Municipal Building Commission
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 544,422
Receipts from other sources	818,503
Payments to suppliers	(<u>1,435,606</u>)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(<u>72,681</u>)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Nonoperating contributions	121,487
Transfers from other activities	<u>1,556,459</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>1,677,946</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Repayment of revenue bonds	(4,637,238)
Proceeds from revenue bonds	3,169,245
Decrease in restricted assets	834,979
Interest expense	(<u>612,673</u>)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(<u>1,245,687</u>)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest on investments	<u>830</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>830</u>
Net increase in cash	360,408
Cash at beginning of year	_555,308
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>915,716</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash (used in)	
operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (809,936)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	
(used in) by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	737,255
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (<u>72,681</u>)

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA FIDUCIARY RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Pension</u> <u>Trust Funds</u>
Assets	
Cash	\$ 700,237
Investments:	
Cash reserves	2,827,122
Mutual funds	18,027,458
U.S. Government obligations	836,450
Certificates of deposit	711,157
Corporate bonds	3,653,064
Corporate stocks	2,518,566
Receivables:	
Accrued interest	20,703
Total assets	<u>29,294,757</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	
Total liabilities	
Net Position	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ <u>29,294,757</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA FIDUCIARY RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Pension</u> <u>Trust Funds</u>
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,906,636
Employee	427,445
Insurance premium tax allocation	938,127
Total contributions	5,272,208
Investment income:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(4,650,734)
Net gain (loss) on sale of investments	803,610
Interest and dividends	<u>502,435</u>
Total investment income	(3,344,689)
Miscellaneous	60
Total additions	1,927,579
Deductions	
General and administrative	251,878
Benefit payments	<u>3,072,619</u>
Total deductions	<u>3,324,497</u>
Net (decrease)	(1,396,918)
Net position – beginning of year	30,691,675
Net position – end of year	\$ <u>29,294,757</u>

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia (the Municipality), conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

(a) Reporting Entity

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor, vice mayor and five member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The services provided by the government and accounted for within these financial statements include law enforcement for the Municipality, health and sanitation services, cultural and recreational programs, and other governmental services.

The accompanying financial statements present the government as required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In determining whether to include a governmental department, agency, commission or organization as a component unit, the government must evaluate each entity as to whether they are legally separate and financially accountable based on the criteria set for by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Legal separateness is evaluated on the basis of: (1) its corporate name, (2) the right to sue and be sued and (3) the right to buy, sell or lease and mortgage property. Financial accountability is based on: (1) the appointment of the governing authority, and (2) the ability to impose will, or (3) the providing of specific financial benefit or imposition of specific financial burden. Another factor to consider in this evaluation is whether an entity is fiscally dependent on the Municipality.

The Municipality complies with GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". This statement established standards for defining and reporting component units in the financial statements of the reporting entity. It defines component units as legally separate organizations for which the component unit not only has a fiscal dependency on the reporting entity but also a financial benefit or burden relationship must be present between the reporting entity and the entity that is to be included as a component unit. In addition, an entity may be included as a component unit in the financial statements of the reporting entity, if the reporting entity's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them.

Blended Component Units

The entities below are legally separate from the Municipality and meet GAAP criteria for component units. These entities are blended with the primary government because they provide services entirely or almost entirely to the Municipality.

The Clarksburg Building Commission serves Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of five-members appointed by the Municipality for a term of five years each. The Building Commission acquires property and debt on behalf of the Municipality. The Municipality of Clarksburg Building Commission is reported as an enterprise fund.

The Clarksburg Urban Renewal Authority serves Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of five-members appointed by the Municipality for a term of five years each. The Clarksburg Urban Renewal Authority develops property and demolishes condemned structures on behalf of the Municipality and is reported as a special revenue fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are entities which are legally separate from the Municipality, but are financially accountable to the Municipality, or whose relationship with the Municipality is such that exclusion would cause the Municipality's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Because of the nature of services they provide and the Municipality's ability to impose its will on them or a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, the following component units are discretely presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 (as amended by GASB Statement No. 39). The discretely presented component units are presented on the government-wide statements.

The Clarksburg Sanitary Board services all the citizens of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia and is governed by a three member board comprised of the City Manager and two members appointed by council. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's elected council.

The Clarksburg Parking Authority serves Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of five-members appointed by the Municipality for a term of three years each. The Clarksburg Parking Authority provides parking areas within the Municipality.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units can be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants whose purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmental-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Combining financial statements for the nonmajor governmental funds are included as supplementary information.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied and collectible. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Also, certain taxpayer-assessed revenues such as business and occupation and utility taxes are accrued as revenue at year end. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for governmental activities, where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Municipality in a trustee or agency capacity. The fund types used by the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia are described as follows:

Governmental Fund Types

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the municipality. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for capital purposes.

Debt Service Funds: The Debt Service Funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for debt retirement.

Capital Project Funds: Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by Proprietary Funds.

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises — where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial sources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Coal Severance Tax fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for revenues and expenditures from a severance tax placed on coal that is distributed to West Virginia municipalities.

The Municipal Sales and Use Tax fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for the collection of the municipal sales and use tax of the Municipality.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund is a special revenue fund used to receive and disburse federal funds received as a result of the American Rescue Plan Act.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Municipal Building Commission fund serves the Municipality by providing facilities that provide facilities to the public. The legally separate entity leases these facilities to the primary government in accordance to lease agreements. The Board promulgates rules and regulations governing the usage and maintenance of the facilities.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *Pension Trust funds* account for the activities of the Public Safety Employees Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees. These funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Expenses for the enterprise fund include the administrative expense, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

(d) Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position The accounts of the Municipality are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The major fund categories and account groups for the fund financial statements are:

1. Deposits and Investments

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, restricted assets may be considered cash equivalents based on liquidity.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, the Municipality reports its investments at fair value, except for non-participating investment contracts (certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements) which are reported at costs, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statement. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices.

Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Managed funds related to the retirement systems not listed on an established market are reported at estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of underlying securities. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in the State Investment Pool or the Municipal Bond Commission or to invest such funds in the following classes of securities: Obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, certificates of deposit (which mature in less than one year), general and direct obligations of the State of West Virginia; obligations of the federal mortgage association; indebtedness or guaranteed by the federal government; pooled mortgage trusts (subject to limitations); indebtedness of any private corporation that is properly graded in the top three ratings, at the time of acquisition; interest earning deposits which are fully insured or collateralized; and mutual funds registered with the S.E.C. which have fund assets over three hundred million dollars.

State statute §8-13-22c places limitations on the aforementioned investments include the following: at no time can investment portfolios consist of more than seventy-five percent of the indebtedness of any private corporation nor can the portfolio have over twenty-five percent of its portfolio consisting of the indebtedness of a private corporation's debt which matures in less than one year; at no time may more than nine percent of the portfolio be invested in securities issued by a single private corporation or association; and at no time can more than sixty percent of the portfolio be invested in equity mutual funds.

Municipal Pension Funds are governed as to type of investments by West Virginia Code §8-22-22. Pension funds are permitted to invest in all of the above mentioned types of investments with the exceptions of: (1) Direct and general obligations of the State and (2) Pooled mortgage trusts. Additionally, pension funds are permitted to invest funds in the following categories of investments: (1) Repurchase agreements and (2) Common stock, securities convertible into common stocks, or warrants and rights to purchase such securities. Pension funds have different rules concerning the purchase of marketable debt securities.

The following restrictions apply only to pension portfolios and are separate and distinct from the limitations mentioned above: (1) fixed income securities which are issued by one issuer (with the exception of the United States government) are not to exceed five percent of the total pension fund assets; and (2) at no time can the non-real estate equity portion of the portfolio exceed seventy-five percent of the total portfolio.

2. Receivables and Payables

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables or payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Trade Receivables

All trade receivables are shown at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Property Tax Receivable

All current taxes assessed on real and personal property may be paid in two installments; the first installment is payable on September first of the year for which the assessment is made, and becomes delinquent on October first; the second installment is payable on the first day the following March and becomes delinquent on April first. Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both first and second installments, are subject to a discount of two and one-half percent. If the taxes are not paid on or before the date in which they become delinquent, including both first and second installments, interest at the rate of nine percent annum is added for the date they become delinquent until the date they are paid.

All municipalities within the State are authorized to levy taxes not in excess of the following maximum levies per \$100 of assessed valuation: On Class I property, twelve and five-tenths cents (12.5 cents); On Class II property, twenty-five cents (25 cents); On Class IV property, fifty cents (50 cents). In addition, municipalities may provide for an election to lay an excess levy; the rates not to exceed statutory limitations, provided at least sixty percent of the voters cast ballots in favor of the excess levy.

The rates levied by the Municipality per \$100 of assessed valuation for each class of property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Class of Property	Assessed Valuation for Tax Purposes	Current Expense	Excess Levy
Class II	\$ 211,410,692	25.00 cents	12.50 cents
Class IV	\$ 426,320,430	50.00 cents	25.00 cents

3. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain proceeds set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

4. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and estimated to have a useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets are materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is not reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invest proceeds during the same period.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40 – 50
Structure and improvements	5 – 50
Infrastructure	40 – 50
Machinery and equipment	5 – 40

5. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Employees accrue 1.25 sick days per month to a maximum of 40 days. Employees meeting certain criteria can convert sick leave into cash. Vacation is accrued up to certain limits based on years of service.

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences.

When a permanent full time employee retires, the employee may elect to have any accrued sick leave converted to insurance benefits based on the formula of two days sick leave for one month single coverage insurance premium or three days sick leave for one month family coverage insurance premium.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

7. Fund Balances

Equity Classification

Effective July 1, 2010, the Municipality adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," which establishes new standards for accounting and financial reporting that are intended to improve the clarity and consistency of the fund balance information provided to financial report users. The classifications are based primarily on the extent to which the Municipality is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are reported in the following categories:

Net Position Classifications:

GASB 63 – Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position – divided net position for Government-wide net position into three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the Municipality's creditors (for example through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- c. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category

GASB Statement No. 54 - "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" - divided fund balance for fund level into five components:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Municipality's code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- c. Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Municipality's council.
- d. Assigned Amounts that are designed by the Municipality's council for a particular purpose but are not spendable until there is a majority vote approval by the Municipality's council.
- e. Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Municipality Council is the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Council would take formal action to establish, and modify or rescind, a fund balance commitment or to assign fund balance amounts to a specific purpose. The government has adopted a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The government has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Municipality.

8. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Municipality adopted following GASB statements:

GASB 87 – Leases – This Statement's objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the rights to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about a government's leasing activities. This statement was adopted during the current fiscal year and had an effect on the current financial statements.

GASB 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period – This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This statement was adopted during the current fiscal year and had no effect on the accompanying financial statements.

GASB 92 – Omnibus 2020 – The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions regarding the effective date of GASB Statement 87, Leases and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, for interim financial reports; Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan; The applicability of GASB Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68; the applicability of certain requirements of GASB Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities; measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition; reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers; reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. The effective dates of this Statement are as follows, the requirements related to GASB Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments are effective upon issuance; the requirements related to intra-entity transfers of assets and those related to the applicability of GASB Statement 73, GASB Statement 74, GASB Statement 84 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. This statement was adopted during the current fiscal year and had no effect on the accompanying financial statements.

GASB 93 – Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates – Some government's have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR) – most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. This statement was adopted during the current fiscal year and had no effect on the accompanying financial statements.

GASB 97 – Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits through those plans. This statement was adopted during the current fiscal year and had no effect on the accompanying financial statements.

GASB 98 – The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report – This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This Statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements).

The following are recent GASB Pronouncements for which the Municipality has not adopted as of June 30, 2022:

GASB 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations – This Statement's objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB 94 – Public – Private and Public – Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements – This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB 99 – Omnibus 2022 – The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The practice issues addressed by this Statement are as follows:

- Classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, that do not meet the definition of either an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, related to the determination of the public-private and public-public partnership (PPP) term and (b) recognition and measurement of installment payments and the transfer of the underlying PPP asset.

- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, related to the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, classification of a SBITA as a short-term SBITA, and recognition and measurement of a subscription liability.
- Extension of the period during which the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt.
- Accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).
- Disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions.
- Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements –
 and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local
 Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide
 financial statements.
- Terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.
- Terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flow statements.

The Requirements of this Statement are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 24, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.
- The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions of assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB 101 – Compensated Absences – The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of the resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows/inflows of the resources related to other postemployment benefits, information about the fiduciary net position of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

13. Stabilization Arrangements

The government has created a stabilization arrangement in accordance with West Virginia Code §8-37-3. The government may appropriate a sum to the arrangement from any surplus in the general fund at the end of each fiscal year or from other money available. The amount of money committed to the arrangement may not exceed thirty percent of the government's most recent general fund budget. The money may be used for any unforeseen shortfalls. The stabilization balance at fiscal year-end was \$543,322.

14. Inventories

The Municipality considers inventories of materials and supplies utilized in governmental fund types operations as expended at the time of purchase therefore, they do not appear in the municipality's financial statements. Inventories of materials and supplies utilized in the proprietary fund type operation are considered expended at the time of consumption; therefore, balances on hand at year end, valued at cost (first-in, first-out) are presented in the Municipality's financial statements.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the Coal Severance Tax Special Revenue Fund, except that the amounts held for stabilization are not included for budgeting purposes. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The governing body of the Municipality is required to hold a meeting or meetings between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March to ascertain the financial condition of the Municipality and to prepare the levy estimate (budget) for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The budget is then forthwith submitted to the State Auditor for approval. The governing body then reconvenes on the third Tuesday in April to hear objections from the public and formally lay the levy.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Transfers of appropriations between departments and revenue related revisions to the budget require approval from the governing council and then submission to the State Auditor for approval. Revisions become effective when approved by the State Auditor and budgeted amounts in the financial statements reflect only such approved amounts. The governing body made no material supplementary budgetary appropriations throughout the year:

General Fund

<u>Amount</u>	<u>Description</u>
\$ 1,538,492	General Government expenditures increase
(574,401)	Public Safety expenditures (decrease)
(380,457)	Streets and Transportation expenditures (decrease)
253,237	Health and Sanitation expenditures increase
231,462	Culture and Recreation expenditures increase

Coal Severance Fund

<u>A</u>	mount	<u>Description</u>
\$	8,337	General Government expenditures increase
(3,053)	Public Safety expenditures (decrease)
	1,400	Streets and Transportation expenditures increase
	1,850	Health and Sanitation expenditures increase

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

At year end, the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund had the following investments:

Dali ann anta Dan ainn	and Dalief		<u>Fair</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Unrealized</u> <u>Gain (Loss)</u>			
Policemen's Pension Fidelity government Mutual Funds		\$	1,751,050 12,720,874		1,751,05 9,553,21		-0- <u>3,167,662</u>
		\$	<u>14,471,924</u>	\$	11,304,26	<u>2</u> \$	<u>3,167,662</u>
Policemen's Pension Fidelity government Mutual funds		\$	12,720,8	<u>74</u>	Credi Standard Poor's an Fitch AAA N/A	<u>&</u>	Rating Moody's nvestment Services Aaa-AA2 N/A
Interest Rate Risk	Less Then 1 Year		<u>- 5 Years</u> <u>6</u>	<u>- 10</u>		ver Years	<u>Total</u>
Policemen's Pension and I	Relief						
Fidelity government cash reserves Mutual funds	\$ 1,751,050 12,720,874		\$ -0- -0-	\$	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	\$ 1,751,050 12,720,874
	\$ <u>14,471,92</u> 4	<u>4</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$	<u>-0-</u> \$	<u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>14,471,924</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The government's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, it requires disclosure when the investment in any one issuer equals or exceeds 5% of the total amount of investments. At year end, the policemen's pension fund had the following investments that equaled or exceeded 5% of the total investments:

<u>Issuer</u>		Fair Value	<u>Percent</u>
TD Ameritrade Money Market	æ	1,751,050	12.10%
Barclays Bank PLC Ipath Etn	Ψ	1,499,810	10.36%
Select Sector Spdr Trust SBI Healthcare ETF		887,421	6.13%
Vanguard MCAP VL		1,485,724	10.27%
Fidelity Investments Advisor Strategic Income Z		1,474,786	10.19%
Fidelity Investments Adv Floating Rate High Inc		752,450	5.20%
Fidelity Investments Total Bond Z		1,136,256	7,85%
Fidelity Investments Real Estate Income Z		1,131,120	7.82%
Fidelity Investments SM Cap Value Inst		1,443,739	9.98%
VanGuard Div Growth Investor		1,989,949	13.75%

At year end, the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund had the following investments:

		<u>Fair</u>			<u>Uni</u>	<u>realized</u>
		Value		Cost	Gair	n (Loss)
Firemen's Pension and Relief						-
Fidelity government cash reserves	\$	1,076,072	\$	1,076,072	\$	-0-
Mutual funds		5,306,584		3,168,360	2	,138,224
U.S. Government obligations		836,450		1,000,000	(163,550)
Certificates of deposit		711,157		746,855	(35,698)
Corporate bonds		3,653,064		3,987,010	(333,946)
Corporate stocks		2,518,566		1,709,108	_	809,458
	¢	14 101 902	æ	11,687,405	e 2	111 100
	Ф	<u>14,101,093</u>	Ф	11,007,402	D <u>4</u>	<u>,414,488</u>

					Sto	Credit Ri	sk	Rating Moody's		
			177	_:			τ			
				<u>air</u>		or's and		vestment		
			<u>V</u> :	<u>alue</u>		<u>Fitch</u>	į	<u>Services</u>		
Firemen's Pension and I	Relief									
Fidelity government cash	reserves	\$	1,07	76,072		AAA	Α	aa - AA2		
Mutual funds			5,30	6,584		N/A		N/A		
U.S. Government obligation	ons		•	6,450		N/A		N/A		
Certificates of deposit				1,157	Α-	- AAA	Α	aa - AA2		
Corporate bonds				3,064		- AAA		aa - AA2		
Corporate stocks			•	8,566		N/A		N/A		
Corporate stocks				0,500		14/17		14/24		
		\$	14 10	1,893						
		Ψ	<u> </u>	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>						
	Less Than					Over				
Interest Rate Risk	1 Year	1 - 5	<u>ears</u>	<u>6 – 10</u>	Years	10 Years		<u>Total</u>		
Firemen's Pension and Relies	f									
Fidelity government cash										
reserves \$	-,0.0,0	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	•	\$	1,076,072		
Mutual funds	5,306,584		-0-		-0-	-0-		5,306,584		
U.S. Government obligations	-0-		-0-	10	-0-	836,450		836,450		
Certificates of deposit	348,463		7,323		5,371	-0- 5 007		711,157		
Corporate bonds	299,499	2,79	<u>8,721</u>	<u>549</u>	<u> 2,837</u>	5,007		3,653,064		
\$	<u>7,030,618</u>	\$ <u>3,02</u>	<u>6,044</u>	\$ <u>685</u>	,208	\$ <u>841,457</u>	\$	<u>11,583,327</u>		

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The government's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, it requires disclosure when the investment in any one issuer equals or exceeds 5% of the total amount of investments. At year end, the firemen's pension fund had the following investments that comprised 5% or more of the total investments:

<u>Issuer</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Percent</u>	
Fidelity Government Cash Reserves	\$	1,076,072	7.09%
Ishares Russell Mid-Cap Value ETF		971,517	6.40%
Ishares Russell 2000 Value ETF		798,111	5.26%
Ishares S & P Midcap 400 Index Fund		778,910	5.13%

At year end, the government had the following investments in Proprietary Fund Component Units:

Sanitary Sewer Board			_	Credit Ristandard & oor's and Fitch	sk Rating Moody's Investment Services
WV Municipal Bond Co	ommission	\$	510,213	Not Rated	Not Rated
Money market			<u>192,271</u>	Not Rated	Not Rated
		\$	<u>702,484</u>		
Interest Rate Risk	<u>0 – 3 Years</u>	<u>4 – 7 Years</u>	8 - 10 Years	Over 10 Year	ars <u>Total</u>
Sanitary Sewer Board					
WV Municipal Bond Commission Money market	\$ 510,213 192,271	\$ -0- <u>-0-</u>	\$ -0- -0-	\$ -0- -0-	\$ 510,213 192,271
Money market	172,211			<u>.v.</u>	172,271
	\$ <u>702,484</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>702,484</u>

At year end, the government had the following investments in Proprietary Funds:

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Credit Risk Rat					
			<u>Standa</u>	<u>rd &</u>	Moody's				
		<u>Fair</u>	Poor's a	and]	<u>Investment</u>				
		<u>Value</u>	<u>Fitc</u>	<u>h</u>	<u>Services</u>				
Municipal Building Com Money Market	mission	\$ <u>157,2:</u>	32 Not R	ated	Not Rated				
T				<u>Over</u>					
Interest Rate Risk	0-3 Years	4-7 Years	<u>8 – 10 Years</u>	10 Yea	<u>rs Total</u>				
Money Market	\$ <u>157,232</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>157,232</u>				

Credit Risk

State law limit investments as described in Note I.D.1. It is the government's policy to limit its investments as stated in the West Virginia Code. The government does not have a policy for credit risk in addition to governing statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The government's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosure when the investment in any one issuer equals or exceeds 5% of the total amount of investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, the government could be exposed to risk in the event of a bank failure where the government's deposits may not be returned. The government's policy for custodial credit risk is to require a depository bond as collateral for all investments. At year end, the primary government's, component units' and fiduciary funds' bank balances were \$12,862,026, which were collateralized with a depository bond.

For Investments, the government could be exposed to risk in the event of the failure of the counterparty where the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The government has adopted State Code requirements as its policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the investment balances were \$29,950,990. The entire balance is considered secured.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position of the government and Statement of Net Position of the Fiduciary Funds is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments – collateralized and secured	\$ 12,862,026 29,950,990
Total	\$ 42,813,016
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and investments – restricted Investments	\$ 12,862,026 1,377,173 28,573,817
Total	\$ 42,813,016

B. Receivables

Receivables at year end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

											Component
					Municipal						<u>Unit</u>
			Coal		Sales and	<u>Other</u>		<u>Total</u>			Sanitary
	<u>General</u>	<u>S</u>	Severance	<u>e</u>	Use Tax	Nonmajo	<u>r</u>	Primary	<u>F</u>	iduciary	Board
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		Fund	<u>Funds</u>		Government		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Receivables:											
Accounts	\$ 840,789	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ -0-	\$	840,789	\$	-0-	\$ 1,095,938
Taxes	2,544,757		21,196		1,264,669	253,209		4,083,831		-0-	-0-
Grants	98,005		-0-		-0-	-0-		98,005		-0-	-0-
Other	46,519		-0-		-0-	-0-		46,519		-0-	-0-
Notes	-0-		-0-		-0-	17,722		17,722		-0-	-0-
Interest			<u>-0-</u>		-0-	-0-				<u>20,703</u>	
Total	\$ 3,530,070	\$	21,196	\$	1,264,669	\$ 270,931	\$	5,086,866	\$	20,703	\$ 1,095,938

The above receivables are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

	Ganaral	<u>Coal</u>	Municipal Sales and	Other Name ion	Total	Fiduciary	Component Unit Sanitary
	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	Severance Fund	<u>Use Tax</u> <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Funds	Primary Government	Funds	<u>Board</u> <u>Fund</u>
Receivables: Accounts Notes	\$ 1,684 0-	\$ -0- -0-	\$ -0- -0-	\$ -0- <u>7,000</u>	\$ 1,684 7,000	\$ -0- - <u>0-</u>	\$ 38,201
Total	\$ <u>1,684</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>7,000</u>	\$ <u>8,684</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>38,201</u>

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connections with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property taxes receivable \$ 566,841

Total deferred revenue for governmental funds \$ <u>566,841</u>

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land	\$ <u>710,527</u>	\$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>710,527</u>
Total nondepreciable assets	<u>710,527</u>		<u>-0-</u>	<u>710,527</u>
Depreciable assets:				
Structures and improvements	14,728,208	-0-	-0-	14,728,208
Infrastructure	17,864,949	-0-	-0-	17,864,949
Machinery and equipment	10,175,563	1,798,663	<u>-0-</u>	11,974,226
Totals at historical cost	42,768,720	1,798,663	-0-	44,567,383
Less: Accumulated depreciation	25,471,570	1,007,559	<u>-0-</u>	26,479,129
Total depreciable assets - net	17,297,150	<u>791,104</u>	<u>-0-</u>	18,088,254
Governmental activities capital assets – net	\$ <u>18,007,677</u>	\$ <u>_791,104</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>18,798,781</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 150,670
Public safety	235,323
Highways and streets	391,685
Health and sanitation	22,267
Culture and recreation	207,614

\$ <u>1,007,559</u>

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Municipal Building Commission Depreciable Assets: Buildings Equipment Total at historical cost	\$ 32,942,754 <u>179,691</u> 33,122,445	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ <u>-0-</u> -0- -0-	\$ 32,942,754
Less: Accumulated depreciation	5,803,176	<u>737,255</u>	<u>-0-</u>	6,540,431
Total depreciable assets	27,319,269	(737,255)	<u>-0-</u>	26,582,014
Business-type activities capital assets - net	\$ 27,319,269	\$(<u>737,255</u>)	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ 26,582,014

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities - Component Unit				
Sanitary Fund				
Nondepreciable Assets:				04065
Land	\$ 84,065		\$ -0-	\$ 84,065
Construction in process	3,096,840	4,018,068	<u>-0-</u>	7,114,908 7,198,973
Total nondepreciable assets	3,180,905	<u>4,018,068</u>	<u>-0-</u>	
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings	1,532,698	-0-	-0-	1,532,698
Structures and improvements	7,895,033	-0-	-0-	7,895,033
Transmission and distribution	28,831,475	11,545	<u>-0-</u>	28,843,020
Total at historical cost	38,259,206	11,545	-0-	38,270,751
Less: Accumulated depreciation	20,972,795	695,914	<u>-0-</u>	21,668,709
2000. 1.000	<u> </u>			
Total depreciable assets – net	17,286,411	(<u>684,369</u>)	<u>-0-</u>	16,602,042
Business-type activities capital assets - net	\$ <u>20,467,316</u>	\$ <u>3,333,699</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>23,801,015</u>
	Doninnin	_		Ending
	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u>		Retirements	<u>Balance</u>
Business-Type Activities – Component Unit			Retirements	
•			Retirements	
Parking Authority			Retirements	
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets:	Balance	Additions		Balance
Parking Authority		Additions 01 \$	* -0- -0-	
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets	Balance \$ 2,543,90	Additions 01 \$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	<u>Balance</u> \$ 2,543,901
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets Depreciable Assets:	* 2,543,90 2,543,90	Additions 01 \$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	<u>Balance</u> \$ 2,543,901
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets Depreciable Assets: Buildings	Balance \$ 2,543,90	Additions 01 \$	\$ <u>-0-</u> - <u>0-</u>	Balance \$ 2,543,901 2,543,901
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets Depreciable Assets: Buildings Structures and improvements	\$ 2,543.90 2,543.90 7,663,71	Additions 01 \$	\$ <u>-0-</u> <u>-0-</u>	\$ 2,543,901 2,543,901 7,663,710
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets Depreciable Assets: Buildings	\$ 2,543,90 2,543,90 7,663,71 453,58	Additions 01 \$	\$ <u>-0-</u> -0- -0-	\$ 2,543,901 2,543,901 7,663,710 453,583
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets Depreciable Assets: Buildings Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,543,90 2,543,90 7,663,71 453,58 338,30	Additions 01 \$	\$ <u>-0-</u> -0- -0- -0-	\$ 2,543,901 2,543,901 2,543,901 7,663,710 453,583 338,301
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets Depreciable Assets: Buildings Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Total at historical cost	\$ 2,543,90 2,543,90 7,663,71 453,58 338,30 8,455,59	Additions 01	\$ <u>-0-</u> -0- -0- -0- -0- -0-	\$ 2,543,901 2,543,901 2,543,901 7,663,710 453,583 338,301 8,455,594
Parking Authority Nondepreciable Assets: Land Total nondepreciable assets Depreciable Assets: Buildings Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Total at historical cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,543,90 2,543,90 7,663,71 453,58 338,30 8,455,59 4,994,33 3,461,23	Additions 01	\$ <u>-0-</u> -0- -0- -0- -0- -0-	\$ 2,543,901 2,543,901 2,543,901 7,663,710 453,583 338,301 8,455,594 5,099,779

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
Police Fine Escrow Fund	General Fund	\$ 8,256
Park Board	Park Board Special Levy Fund	\$ 42,876
Park Board Special Levy Fund	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	\$ 34,193
Financial Stabilization Fund	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	\$ 272,100
Capital Improvement Levy Fund	General Fund	\$ 196,102
General Fund	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	\$ 13,000
General Fund	Sanitary Board	\$ 41,688
Financial Stabilization Fund	General Fund	\$ 3,497,672

Interfund Transfers:

						<u>Urban</u>					lice		
	Park B	oard	<u>Urban</u>	Mur	<u>nicipal</u>	<u>Renewal</u>			<u>Capital</u>	Na	<u>tional</u>		
	Spec	<u>ial</u>	<u>Renewal</u>	Bui	ilding	<u>Debt</u>	Police	<u>General</u>	<u>Improvement</u>	Nig	ht Out	<u>Park</u>	
	Levy F	und	Authority	Com	<u>mission</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Levy Fund	<u>I</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Board	<u>Total</u>
Transfers Out:													
Park Board Special Levy Fund	\$	-0-	\$ -0-	\$	124,149	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$ -0-	\$ 124,149
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Fund		-0-	-0-		821,392	-0-	-0-	3,936,499	-0-		-0-	-0-	4,757,891
Urban Renewal Debt Service		-0-	-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-	218,648	-0-		-0-	-0-	218,648
Urban Renewal Authority		-0-	-0-		-0-	121	-0-	-0-	-0-		-0-	-0-	121
Police Fund		-0-	-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	(6,564	-0-	6,564
Capital Improvement Levy Fund	517	,502	-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-		-0-	-0-	517,502
General Fund		-0-	<u>183,296</u>		<u>610,918</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>		<u>-0-</u>		<u>-0-</u>	46,442	840,656
Total	\$ <u>517</u>	.502	\$ <u>183,296</u>	\$ 1.	<u>556,459</u>	\$ <u>121</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>4,155,147</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ 9	<u> 6,564</u>	\$ <u>46,442</u>	\$ 6,465,531

Interfund transfers provide appropriations to subsidize the funds to support the programs and activities of the government.

E. Fund Balance Detail

At year-end, the detail of the government's fund balances is as follows:

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Coal</u> Severance	Municipal Sales and Tax Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Nonmajor Funds	<u>Total</u>
Committed:						
Streets and transportation	s <u>0-</u>	\$ <u>33.482</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$33,482
Restricted:						
Capital improvements	0-	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>6,548,547</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>6,548,547</u>
Assigned:						
Public safety	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	310,579	310,579
Capital improvements	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	402,647	402,647
General government	-0-	-0-	1,282,988	-0-	26,673	1,309,661
Culture and recreation	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	713,536	713,536
Community development	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>1,355,164</u>	<u> 1,355,164</u>
Total assigned:	0-	0-	1,282,988		<u>2,808,599</u>	<u>4,091,587</u>
Unassigned	3,460,213	0-	0-		(3,076)	3,457,137
Total fund balance	\$ <u>3,460,213</u>	\$ <u>33,482</u>	\$ <u>1,282,988</u>	\$ <u>6,548,547</u>	\$ <u>2,805,523</u>	\$ <u>14,130,753</u>

It was determined during this examination that the Dental and Vision Benefit Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$3,076. The elimination of this deficit fund balance is dependent on the increase of revenues and decreases of expenditures in future periods.

It was determined during this examination that the Governmental Activities had a deficit net position of \$6,981,083 at June 30, 2022. The elimination of this deficit is dependent on the increase of revenues and decrease of expenditures in future periods.

F. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for Governmental Activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due After One Year
Governmental Activities Notes payable Accrued compensated absences Accrued other post employment benefit obligation Net pension obligation	\$ 1,513,919 1,204,946 650,622 31,495,073	\$ 1,410,500 173,221 -0- 0-	\$ 351,684 -0- 693,029 1,188,631	\$ 2,572,735 1,378,167 (42,407) 30,306,442	\$ 482,851 751,890 -0- -0-	\$ 2,089,884 626,277 (42,407) 30,306,442
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ <u>34,864,560</u>	\$ <u>1,583,721</u>	\$ <u>2,233,344</u>	\$ <u>34,214,937</u>	\$ <u>1.234.741</u>	\$ <u>32,980,196</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Note Payable – Community Bank

On December 10, 2009 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of energy conservation equipment (city hall lighting upgrade and boiler upgrade, parking garage lighting upgrade, Pike Street parking garage lighting upgrade, city wide traffic signals upgrade and street lighting). This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Monthly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 4.85%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		Principal Interest		<u>Total</u>	
2023		•	\$	-	\$	100,320
2024 2025	<u>-</u>	100,160 <u>8,021</u>		160 33		100,320 <u>8,054</u>
Total	\$ 2	203,609	\$	<u>5,085</u>	\$	<u>208,694</u>

Note Payable - Community Bank

On October 9, 2014 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of a dump truck. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. This note was paid off in the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Note Payable – Truist Governmental Finance

On December 10, 2009 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of a street flusher. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Monthly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 2.79%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 10,988	\$ 1,306	\$ 12,294
2024	11,298	996	12,294
2025	11,617	677	12,294
2026	11,946	348	12,294
2027	<u>5,970</u>	45	6,015
Total	\$ <u>51,819</u>	\$ <u>3,372</u>	\$ <u>55,191</u>

Note Payable - Truist Governmental Finance

On December 10, 2009 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of a fire truck and bulldozer. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Monthly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 3.24%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>P</u> 1	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2023	\$	42,723	\$	10,895	\$	53,618
2024		44,128		9,490		53,618
2025		45,579		8,039		53,618
2026		47,078		6,540		53,618
2027		48,626		4,992		53,618
2028		50,226		3,392		53,618
2029		51,877		1,741		53,618
2030		25,497		<u>235</u>		25,732
Total	\$	<u>355,734</u>	\$	<u>45,324</u>	\$	<u>401,058</u>

Note Payable - Truist Governmental Finance

On June 22, 2018 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of a yard waste collection truck. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Monthly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 3.49%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 16,071	\$ 1,483	\$ 17,554
2024	16,641	913	17,554
2025	<u>17,080</u>	<u>321</u>	<u>17,401</u>
Total	\$ <u>49,792</u>	\$ <u>2,717</u>	\$ <u>52,509</u>

Note Payable – West Union Bank

On October 1, 2019 the Park Board of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of a bobcat excavator. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Monthly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 4.50%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2023 2024 2025	\$ 11,184 11,696 2,359	\$ 949 437 	\$ 12,133 12,133 _2,386	
Total			\$ <u>26,652</u>	

Note Payable – West Union Bank

On July 17, 2019 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of waterpark equipment. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Monthly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 4.20%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2023	\$ 24,574	\$ 8,448	\$ 33,022		
2024	25,622	7,400	33,022		
2025	26,716	6,306	33,022		
2026	27,856	5,166	33,022		
2027	29,044	3,978	33,022		
2028	30,283	2,739	33,022		
2029	31,575	1,447	33,022		
2030	14,612	222	<u>14,834</u>		
Total	\$ <u>210,282</u>	\$ <u>35,706</u>	\$ <u>245,988</u>		

Note Payable - John Deere Financing

On April 14, 2020 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of equipment. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Monthly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 0.00%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 15,283	\$ -0-	\$ 15,283
2024	15,283	-0-	15,283
2025	<u>12,736</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>12,736</u>
Total	\$ <u>43,302</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>43,302</u>

Note Payable - Freedom Bank

On October 15, 2021 the General Fund of the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia entered into an agreement for the acquisition of an aerial fire truck. This agreement originally qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception of the acquisition. In accordance with the implementation of GASB 87 – Leases, this acquisition has been reclassified from a capital lease to a note payable as of June 30, 2022. Quarterly payments are required and the obligation is secured by equipment. The note bears interest at a rate of 1.725%.

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Ī	<u>nterest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 131,502	\$	22,366	\$ 153,868
2024	133,785		20,083	153,868
2025	136,108		17,760	153,868
2026	138,471		15,397	153,868
2027	140,875		12,993	153,868
2028	143,321		10,547	153,868
2029	145,809		8,059	153,868
2030	148,341		5,527	153,868
2031	150,917		2,951	153,868
2032	<u>76,596</u>		<u>498</u>	<u>77,094</u>
Total	\$ 1,345,725	\$	<u>116,181</u>	\$ <u>1,461,906</u>

West Union Bank

\$154,000 loan obligation from West Union Bank. Interest rate is 3.70%. Quarterly installments of \$4,648. Matures 1/5/2027. Secured by an HVAC System.

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 15,890	\$ 2,701	\$ 18,591
2024	16,486	2,105	18,591
2025	17,104	1,487	18,591
2026	17,746	845	18,591
2027	<u>11,683</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>11,879</u>
Total	\$ <u>78,909</u>	\$ <u>7,334</u>	\$ <u>86,243</u>

MVB Bank, Inc.

\$400,000 loan obligation from MVB Bank, Inc. Interest rate is 5.05%. Monthly installments of \$7,572. Matures 10/22/2023. Secured by real estate.

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ <u>34,556</u>	\$ <u>311</u>	\$ <u>34,867</u>
Total	\$ <u>34,556</u>	\$ <u>311</u>	\$ <u>34,867</u>

MVB Bank, Inc.

\$400,000 loan obligation from MVB Bank, Inc. Interest rate is 5.75%. Monthly installments of \$7,703. Matures 6/12/2024. Secured by real estate.

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u> <u>Inte</u>	erest Total
2023 2024		7,784 \$ 92,436 2,785 91,901
Total	\$ <u>173,768</u> \$ <u>1</u> (0,569 \$ <u>184,337</u>

Total future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>		
2023	\$ 482,851	\$	61,135	\$	543,986		
2024	464,215		44,369		508,584		
2025	277,320		34,650		311,970		
2026	243,097		28,296		271,393		
2027	236,198		22,204		258,402		
2028	223,830		16,678		240,508		
2029	229,261		11,247		240,508		
2030	188,450		5,984		194,434		
2031	150,917		2,951		153,868		
2032	<u>76,596</u>		<u>498</u>		77,094		
Total	\$ <u>2,572,735</u>	\$	<u>228,012</u>	\$	2,800,747		

Long-term liability activity for Business-Type Activities Unit for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	<u>Addit</u>	<u>ions</u>	Reductions		Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Ī	Amounts Due After One Year
Business-Type Activities – Municipal Building Comm	Business-Type Activities – Municipal Building Commission									
Bonds and notes payable:										
United States Department of Agriculture	\$	1,018,398	\$	-0-	\$ 185,103	s	833,295	\$ 213,627	\$	619,668
United States Department of Agriculture		22,522		-0-	14,474		8,048	8,048		-0-
United States Department of Agriculture		460,463		-0-	22,514		437,949	23,879		414,070
United States Department of Agriculture		61,626		-0-	2,957		58,669	3,148		55,521
Lease Revenue Bonds - Series 2012		1,718,584		-0-	1,718,584		-0-	-0-		-0-
Lease Revenue Bonds – Series 2013		572,276		-0-	38,073		534,203	36,287		497,916
Lease Revenue Bond - MVB		200,279		-0-	31,155		169,124	29,723		139,401
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A		1,447,950		-0-	33,780		1,414,170	34,412		1,379,758
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2019A		8,254,172		-0-	130,113		8,124,059	133,655		7,990,404
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds – Series 2019B		2,334,911		-0-	2,334,911		-0-	-0-		-0-
Lease Revenue Bonds - Series 2022		-0-	1,76	5,605	40,317		1,725,288	93,052		1,632,236
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2022A			<u>1,40</u>	3 <u>,640</u>	<u>85,257</u>		1,318,383	<u>165,826</u>	-	1,152,557
Total bonds and notes payable	\$	16,091,181	\$ 3,16	<u>9,245</u>	\$ <u>4,637,238</u>	\$,	14,623,188	\$ <u>741,657</u>	\$ [13,881,531

United States Department of Agriculture

\$3,767,000 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Community Development. Monthly payments of \$20,870. Matures 2/6/2026. Interest rate of 5%. Secured by revenues from a lease agreement between the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia and the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia Municipal Building Commission and a deed of trust on real estate. Interest payments only for the first two years.

\$ 833,295

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 213,627	\$ 36,813	\$ 250,440
2024	224,556	25,884	250,440
2025	236,045	14,395	250,440
2026	159,067	2,860	<u>161,927</u>
Total	\$ <u>833,295</u>	\$ <u>79,952</u>	\$ <u>913,247</u>

\$200,000 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Community Development. Monthly payments of \$1,266. Matures April 2023. Interest rate is 4.50%. Secured by deed of trust on real estate.

\$ 8,048

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2023	\$ <u>8,048</u>	\$ <u>111</u>	\$ <u>8,159</u>
	\$ <u>8,048</u>	\$ <u>111</u>	\$ <u>8.159</u>
\$700,000 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Development. Monthly payments of \$3,458. Maturatest rate is 4.125%. Secured by deed of trust or		\$ <u>437,949</u>	

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2023	\$ 23,879	\$ 17,617	\$ 41,496		
2024	24,883	16,613	41,496		
2025	25,929	15,567	41,496		
2026	27,019	14,477	41,496		
2027	28,154	13,342	41,496		
2028 – 2032	159,553	47,927	207,480		
2033 – 2036	148,532	12,453	<u>160,985</u>		
Total	\$ 437,949	\$ <u>137,996</u>	\$ <u>575,945</u>		

\$92,600 bond obligation from Rural Economic and Community Development. Monthly payments of \$471. Matures May 2036. Interest rate is 4.375%. Secured by deed of trust on real estate.

\$ 58,669

Future maturities of debt retirement based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 3,148	\$ 2,504	\$ 5,652
2024	3,288	2,364	5,652
2025	3,435	2,217	5,652
2026	3,588	2,064	5,652
2027	3,749	1,903	5,652
2028 - 2032	21,408	6,852	28,260
2033 – 2036	20,053	1,778	<u>21,831</u>
	\$ 58,669	\$ <u>19,682</u>	\$ 78,351

Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2012

This \$2,200,000 issue was authorized on February 21, 2012 for the purpose of financing costs of the design, acquisition, construction and equipping of a new family aquatics center at the existing site of the Municipality of Clarksburg Municipal Swimming Pool facility located at the Veteran's Memorial Park, Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, together will all necessary appurtenances and the payment of costs of issuance of such bonds. The bonds are issued as draw-down bonds with MVB Bank, Inc. advancing a portion of the purchase price and authorized principal amount thereof as necessary to pay costs of issuance of the bonds and costs of the project as incurred. This bond was refinanced on January 21, 2022 by the issuance of Lease Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2022.

\$ <u>-0-</u>

Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2013

This \$780,000 issue was authorized on May 30, 2013 for the purpose of financing costs of acquisition of property, purchase of equipment and for improvements to the Municipality's Municipal Building, Public Works Center and Jackson Square Parking Facility. The bonds were issued as draw-down bonds with MVB Bank, Inc. and bear interest of 3.25%. The bonds are secured by deed of trust on real estate and improvement, assignment of all rents and leases with respect to financed property and a security interest in the equipment to be purchased.

\$ <u>534,203</u>

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>P</u> :	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2023	\$	36,287	\$	16,565	\$	52,852	
2024		37,465		15,387		52,852	
2025		38,682		14,170		52,852	
2026		39,938		12,914		52,852	
2027		41,235		11,617		52,852	
2028 - 2032		227,153		37,107		264,260	
2033 – 2035		113,443		4,236		<u>117,679</u>	
	\$	534,203	\$	111,996	\$	646,199	

Lease Revenue Bonds - MVB

This \$361,000 issue was authorized on March 20, 2014 for the purpose of financing costs of acquisition of property, purchase of equipment and for improvements to the Municipality's Municipal Building, Public Works Center and Jackson Square Parking Facility. The bonds were issued as draw-down bonds with MVB Bank, Inc. and bear interest of 3.20%. The bonds are secured by deed of trust on real estate and improvement, assignment of all rents and leases with respect to financed property and a security interest in the equipment to be purchased.

\$ 169,124

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2023	\$	29,723	\$	4,979	\$	34,702
2024		30,688		4,014		34,702
2025		31,685		3,017		34,702
2026		32,714		1,988		34,702
2027		33,776		926		34,702
2028		10,538		59		10,597
	\$	<u>169,124</u>	\$	<u>14,983</u>	\$	<u>184,107</u>

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2016A

This \$1.616,033 issue was authorized on April 21, 2016 for the purpose of (i) to finance costs of the design, acquisition, construction and equipping of road and bridge improvements within the Municipality, including but limited to improvements to Second Street and Van Buren Street and the replacement of the Sycamore Street Bridge together with all necessary appurtenances and (ii) to pay the costs of issuance of such obligations and related costs. The bond was purchased by the United States of America, acting through the Rural Housing Service, United States Department of Agriculture and bearing interest of 2.875%. The bond is secured solely by a pledge of the Municipality's municipal sales tax revenues after first deducting therefrom an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 in each bond year which may be transferred by the Municipality to the pension fund. The bonds are payable each June 1 and December 1 in equal semi-annual installment payments consisting of principal and interest in the amount of \$37,412 commencing on December 1, 2019 and concluding on June 1, 2051.

\$ <u>1,414,170</u>

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	cipal Interest		<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 34,412	\$ 40,412	2 \$	74,824
2024	35,409	39,415	5	74,824
2025	36,434	38,390)	74,824
2026	37,489	37,335	5	74,824
2027	38,575	36,249	•	74,824
2028 – 2032	210,288	163,832	2	374,120
2033 – 2037	242,550	131,570)	374,120
2038 – 2042	279,761	94,359	•	374,120
2043 – 2047	322,679	51,441	l	374,120
2048 – 2050	<u>176,573</u>	<u> 7,606</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>184,179</u>
	\$ 1,414,170	\$ <u>640,609</u>	2 \$	2,054,779

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2019A

This \$8,500,000 issue was authorized on May 24, 2019 for the purpose of refunding and redeeming in full the Series 2017A bond anticipation notes. This bond was purchased by the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Housing Services and bears interest of 3.25%. The bond is secured solely by a pledge of the Municipality's municipal sales tax revenues after first deducting therefrom an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 in each bond year which may be transferred by the Municipality to the pension fund and other funds and accounts that constitute the trust estate under the second supplemental indenture. The principal amount of the Series 2019A bonds plus interest on the unpaid principal balance shall be repaid as follows: (i) interest on the principal amount of the Series 2019A bonds shall accrue from the date of issue and the initial payment of all accrued interest on the Series 2019A bonds shall be due and payable on November 24, 2019; (ii) thereafter, the principal amount of the Series 2019A bonds, together with all interest which shall accrue thereon shall be due and payable each May 24 and November 24 in equal amortizing semi-annual installment payments consisting of principal and interest in the approximate amount of \$198,358 commencing November 24, 2019 and concluding on May 24, 2056. \$ <u>8,124,059</u>

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,		Principal Principal		<u>Interest</u>		Total
2023	\$	133,655	\$	262,955	\$	396,610
2024		138,034		258,576		396,610
2025		142,557		254,053		396,610
2026		147,228		249,382		396,610
2027		152,051		244,559		396,610
2028 – 2032		838,331		1,144,719		1,983,050
2033 – 2037		984,965		998,085		1,983,050
2038 – 2042		1,157,247		825,803		1,983,050
2043 – 2047		1,359,665		623,385		1,983,050
2048 – 2052		1,597,488		385,562		1,983,050
2053 – 2056	-	1,472,838		109,498		1,582,336
	\$	<u>8,124,059</u>	\$	<u>5,356,577</u>	\$	<u>13,480,636</u>

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2019B

This \$2,750,000 issue was authorized on June 14, 2019 for the purpose of financing costs of repairs of road embankment failures through the City, together with all site work and appurtenances related thereto and the payment of engineering costs and fees and other costs for consulting or professional services that may be necessary in connection therewith. The bond was purchased by MVB Bank, Inc. and bears interest of 5.50%. The bond is secured solely by a pledge of the Municipality's municipal sales tax revenues after first deducting therefrom an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 in each bond year which may be transferred by the Municipality to the pension fund and any funds pledged under the third supplemental indenture for the payment of the Series 2019B bonds. The principal amount of the Series 2019B bonds plus interest on the unpaid principal balance shall be due and payable each June 1 and December 1 in equal amortizing semi-annual installment amounts commencing December 1, 2019 and concluding on December 1, 2029. This bond was refinanced on January 21, 2022 by the issuance of Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2022A.

\$ <u>-0-</u>

Lease Revenue Bonds - Series 2022

This \$1,765,605 issue was authorized on January 6, 2022 for the purpose of refunding the Municipal Building Commission Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2012 (Family Aquatic Center Project). The bond was purchased by Community Bank and bears interest of 2.23%. The bond is secured solely by a credit line deed of trust, fixture filing and security agreement on the facility, including any additions, improvements, renovations, furnishings and equipment therewith. The bonds shall be payable solely from the proceeds of revenues from the City of Clarksburg paid to the City of Clarksburg Municipal Building Commission.

\$1,725,288

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		nterest	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 93,052	\$	37,526	\$ 130,578
2024	95,148		35,430	130,578
2025	97,292		33,286	130,578
2026	99,484		31,094	130,578
2027	101,725		28,853	130,578
2028 - 2032	544,052		108,838	652,890
2033 – 2037	608,163		44,727	652,890
2038	86,372		<u>725</u>	87,097
	\$ 1,725,288	\$	<u>320,479</u>	\$ <u>2,045,767</u>

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2022A

This \$1,403,640 issue was authorized on January 6, 2022 for the purpose of refunding the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2019B (Road Embankment Repair Project). The bond was purchased by Ohio Valley Bank Company and bears interest of 1.783%. The bond is secured solely by the pledge of the Municipality's municipal sales tax revenues after first deducting therefrom an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 in each bond year which may be transferred by the Municipality to the pension fund. The principal of the bonds is payable semi-annually, on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2022, and ending on the maturity date.

\$1,318,383

Future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 165,826	\$ 22,733	\$ 188,559
2024	168,791	19,768	188,559
2025	171,809	16,750	188,559
2026	174,881	13,678	188,559
2027	178,008	10,551	188,559
2028 – 2029	459,068	12,329	471,397
	\$ 1,318,383	\$ 95,809	\$ 1,414,192

Total future debt maturities based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 741,657	\$	442,215	\$ 1,183,872
2024	758,262		417,451	1,175,713
2025	783,868		391,845	1,175,713
2026	721,408		365,792	1,087,200
2027	577,273		348,000	925,273
2028 – 2032	2,470,391		1,184,963	3,655,354
2033 – 2037	2,117,706		1,192,849	3,310,555
2038 – 2042	1,523,380		920,887	2,444,267
2043 – 2047	1,682,344		674,826	2,357,170
2048 – 2052	1,774,061		393,168	2,167,229
2053 - 2056	1,472,838		109,498	1,582,336
	\$ 14,623,188	\$	<u>6,441,494</u>	\$ 21,064,682

Long-term liability activity for Business-Type Activities – Component Unit for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due After One Year
Business-Type Activities – Component Units						
Bonds and notes payable:						
2009A Sewer Revenue Bonds	\$ 450,000	\$ -0-	\$ 50,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 350,000
2014A Sewer Revenue Bonds	9,837,165	-0-	382,530	9,454,635	384,447	9,070,188
2020A Sewer Revenue Bonds	3,276,049	3,353,864	156,711	6,473,202	<u>354,785</u>	<u>6,118,417</u>
Total bonds and notes payable	13,563,214	3,353,864	589,241	<u>16,327,837</u>	<u>789,232</u>	<u>15,538,605</u>
Other long-term debt						
Accrued compensated absences	219,562	-0-	62,434	157,128	157,128	-0-
Net pension obligation (asset)	526,254	-0-	1,418,477	(892,223)	-0-	(892,223)
Net other post-employment benefit obligation (asset)	128,286	0-	<u> 136,617</u>	(8,331)	0-	(<u>8,331</u>)
Total other long-term debt	874,102		1,617,528	(743,426)	<u>157,128</u>	(900,554)
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>14.437.316</u>	\$ <u>3.353,864</u>	\$ <u>2,206,769</u>	\$ <u>15,584,411</u>	\$ <u>946,360</u>	\$ <u>14,638,051</u>

Sewer Revenue Bond - Series 2009A

This issue was authorized to pay a portion of the costs of acquisition and construction of certain additions, betterments and improvements to the existing public sewerage system of the Municipality. The bond was issued in a denomination of \$1,000,000 bearing interest of 0.00% payable quarterly on the first day of September, December, March and June beginning on September 1, 2010.

\$ 400,000

Future debt maturity based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 50,000	\$ -0-	\$ 50,000
2024	50,000	-0-	50,000
2025	50,000	-0-	50,000
2026	50,000	-0-	50,000
2027	50,000	-0-	50,000
2028 - 2030	150,000	<u>-0-</u>	150,000
	\$ <u>400,000</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>400,000</u>

The 2009A bond issue is secured with a lien and pledge on the net revenues derived from the system.

As required by the 2009A Series Bond Ordinance, a sinking fund has been established with the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission. Moneys in the sinking fund are to be used only for the purposes of paying principal on the bonds. Payments are required to be made into the sinking fund to pay principal which will become due on the next payment date. The balance in the sinking fund account with the Municipal Bond Commission at June 30, 2022 was \$62,636.

Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A

This issue was authorized to pay for the acquisition and construction of certain extensions, additions, betterments and improvements for the existing public sewerage system, consisting of upgrades to the waste water treatment plant and all necessary appurtenances, which constitutes properties for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal of liquid or sold wastes, sewerage or industrial wastes. The bond is issued in the amount of \$12,000,000 bearing interest of .5% payable quarterly on the first day of March, June, September and December beginning on December 1, 2015.

\$ 9,454,635

Future debt maturity based on current financing arrangements is as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 384,447	\$ 46,553	\$ 431,000
2024	386,373	44,627	431,000
2025	388,308	42,692	431,000
2026	390,253	40,747	431,000
2027	392,208	38,792	431,000
2028 – 2032	1,990,710	164,290	2,155,000
2033 - 2037	2,041,073	113,927	2,155,000
2038 – 2042	2,092,711	62,289	2,155,000
2043 – 2046	1,388,552	12,179	1,400,731
	\$ <u>9,454,635</u>	\$ <u>566,096</u>	\$ 10,020,731

The 2014A bond issue is secured with a lien and pledge on the net revenues derived from the system.

As required by the 2014A Series Bond Ordinance, a sinking fund has been established with the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission. Moneys in the sinking fund are to be used only for the purposes of paying principal on the bonds. Payments are required to be made into the sinking fund to pay principal which will become due on the next payment date. The balance in the sinking fund account with the Municipal Bond Commission at June 30, 2022 was \$355,301.

Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2020A

This issue was authorized to pay for the acquisition and construction of certain additions, betterments and improvements to the existing public sewerage system, consisting of improvements at the wastewater treatment plant, improvements to the existing sanitary sewer collection system to relieve sanitary sewers of storm water flows, abandonment of an old ash lagoon located at the wastewater treatment plant, together with all appurtenant facilities. The bond is issued in the amount of \$7,900,000 bearing interest at 2.75% payable quarterly on the first day of March, June September and December beginning March 1, 2022.

\$ 6,473,202

Future debt maturity based on current financing arrangements are as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal Principal	pal Interest		<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 354,785	\$	174,375	\$ 529,160
2024	364,642		164,518	529,160
2025	374,774		154,386	529,160
2026	385,187		143,973	529,160
2027	395,889		133,271	529,160
2028 - 2032	2,150,684		495,116	2,645,800
2033 –2037	2,447,241		<u>178,489</u>	2,625,730
	\$ 6,473,202	\$	1,444,128	\$ 7,917,330

As of June 30, 2022, the Municipality of Clarksburg had drawn down \$6,629,913 on this bond issue.

The 2020A bond issue is secured with a lien and pledge on the net revenues derived from the system.

As required by the 2020A Series Bond Ordinance, a sinking fund has been established with the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission. Moneys in the sinking fund are to be used only for the purpose of paying principal on the bonds. Payments are required to be made into the sinking fund to pay principal which will become due on the next payment date. The balance in the sinking fund account with the Municipal Bond Commission at June 30, 2022 was \$92,275.

For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 789,232	\$	220,928	\$ 1,010,160
2024	801,015		209,145	1,010,160
2025	813,082		197,078	1,010,160
2026	825,440		184,720	1,010,160
2027	838,097		172,063	1,010,160
2028 - 2032	4,291,394		659,406	4,950,800
2033 - 2037	4,488,314		292,416	4,780,730
2038 - 2042	2,092,711		62,289	2,155,000
2043 – 2046	1,388,552		12,179	1,400,731
	\$ 16,327,837	\$	2,010,224	\$ <u>18,338,061</u>

G. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts for the component unit are as follows:

•	Business-Type Activities	
Renewal and replacement account Revenue bond account	\$ 709,728 	
Total restricted assets	\$ <u>1,219,941</u>	

The balances of the restricted asset accounts for the Proprietary Fund Types are as follows:

Revenue Bond account \$ 157,232

H. Benefits Funded by the State of West Virginia

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the State of West Virginia contributed estimated payments on behalf of the governments public safety employees as follows:

<u>Plan</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	\$ 464,032 474,095
Total	\$ 938,127

State contributions are funded by allocations of the State's insurance premium tax.

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance with Commercial Insurance Company for umbrella (general liability) insurance for these various risks.

Workers' Compensation Fund (WCF): Private insurance companies could begin to offer workers compensation coverage to government employers beginning July 1, 2010. Workers compensation coverage is provided for this entity by Brickstreet Insurance.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

B. Contingent Liabilities

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the government.

C. Tax Abatements

Pursuant to the provisions of the West Virginia Code 8-1-5a, "The Home Rule Statute" and the Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's participation in Home Rule, the Municipality enacted an Ordinance to permit certain incentives for new and expanding business and to provide for business expansion in certain districts within the Municipality. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the Municipality's ad valorem tax revenues were decreased by \$137,195.

V. Employee Retirement System and Plans

Plan Descriptions, Contribution Information, and Funding Policies

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia participates in two single employer, public employee retirement systems. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the respective plans, as follows:

The Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (PPRF) provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time police employees. The PPRF's Board consists of a chairman which is the city manager and four members from the municipal police department. The Municipality is authorized in accordance with State Code §8-22 to establish and maintain this plan. Unless otherwise indicated, PPRF information in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation, June 30, 2022.

The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund (FPRF) provides retirement benefits for substantially all full-time fire employees. The FPRF's Board consists of a chairman which is the city manager and four members from the municipal fire department. The Municipality is authorized in accordance with State Code §8-22 to establish and maintain this plan. Unless otherwise indicated, FPRF information in this Note is provided as of the latest actuarial valuation, June 30, 2022.

Actuarial valuations are required to be performed once every three years per state statute. However, the actuarial valuations can be performed in shorter intervals at the discretion of the PPRF and FPRF's Board.

The investment policies of the PPRF and the FPRF are restricted by State Code and may be restricted further as determined by the Boards. There were not significant changes in the investment policies for the current year.

Memberships of the plans are as follows:

Group	<u>PPRF</u>	<u>FPRF</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Active employees	39	40	79
Retirees and beneficiaries currently			
receiving benefits	51	55	106
Former members due refunds	_9	_1	<u>10</u>
	<u>99</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>195</u>

These plans are defined benefit plans. The following is a summary of funding policies, contribution methods and benefit provisions.

	PPRF	<u> FPRF</u>
Determination of contribution requirements	Actuarially determined	Actuarially determined
Employer	the members and the allocabl will be sufficient to meet the actuarial deficiency over a pe accordance with West Virgin municipalities may utilize an allows the Municipality to co contribution provided the act be solvent over the next 15 y. West Virginia State Code §8 contribution be less than the	unt which, together with contributions from the portion of the State premium tax fund, normal cost of the fund and amortize any period of not more than forty years in the state code §8-022-10. However, alternative contribution method which postribute no less than 107% of the prior year that uary certifies in writing that the fund will the ears under this method as authorized by -22-20c(1). In no event can the employer normal cost as determined by the actuary. In 107% of the prior year's contributions for plans.
Plan Members	7% of covered payroll	7% of covered payroll
Period required to vest	No vesting occurs. If separate entitled to a refund of his/her	tion from employment occurs the member is contributions only.
Post-Retirement benefit increases	calculated on the first \$15,00 and then the cumulative inde	er two years of retirement. Adjustment to of the total annual benefit in the first year x for the preceding year. The fit shall not exceed four percent.

	PPRF	<u> FPRF</u>
Eligibility for distribution	20 years of credited se at least 50.	rvice or age 65; whichever comes first. Must be
Provisions for: Disability benefits Death benefits	<u>PPRF</u> Yes Yes	<u>FPRF</u> Yes Yes

Actuarial Assumptions and Rate of Return

Actuarial assumptions: Inflation rate Salary increases

Investment rate of return

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 for both plans, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021. Additional actuarial assumptions are disclosed in the Required Supplementary Information.

Policemen's	<u>Firemen's</u>
Pension & Relief	Pension & Relief
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
2.50%	2.50%
Rates vary by years of service	Rates vary by years of service
6.00%	6.00%

Mortality rates were based on the SOA Pub S 2010(B) Mortality Tables with generational projection using Scale MP-2019, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based upon the status of members.

Net Pension Liability, Reserves and Discount Rate

Current year net pension liability for the PPRF and FPRF are shown below. The annual required contributions were made in accordance with State Code by both the PPRF and FPRF.

Reserves

There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan members benefits for either plan.

Net Pension Liability

The Municipality's net pension liability for the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension and Relief funds are as follows:

	<u>PPRF</u>	<u>FPRF</u>
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 27,244,065 14,822,596	\$ 34,138,745 14,456,589
Net pension liability	\$ 12,421,469	\$ <u>19,682,156</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.41%	42.35%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00% for the PPFR and 6.00% for the FPRF, and the municipal bond rate of 3.69% for both plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that the plans sponsor would make the statutory required contribution in accordance with alternative funding method which is 107% of the prior year's contribution as allowed by West Virginia State Code. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following chart presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rates as used in the actuarial evaluation, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		<u>Current</u>	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.00%	6.00%	<u>7.00%</u>
PPRF's net pension liability	\$ 16,164,085	\$ 12,421,469	\$ 9,387,327
FPRF's net pension liability	\$ 24,221,987	\$ 19,682,156	\$ 15,968,920

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Municipality's Policemen's Pension and Relief Plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 116,482	\$ 225,215
Change in assumptions	-0-	2,812,509
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		
investments	<u>515,642</u>	
	\$ <u>632,124</u>	\$ <u>3,037,724</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,

2023	\$ (1,493,875)
2024	(1,529,874)
2025	70,043
2026	<u>548,106</u>
	\$ (<u>2,405,600</u>)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Municipality's Firemen's Pension and Relief Plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 276,757	\$ 108,309	
Change in assumptions	-0-	2,999,153	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments	<u>1,013,676</u>		
	\$ <u>1,290,433</u>	\$ <u>3,107,462</u>	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,

2023	\$ (1,915,585)
2024	(548,115)
2025	111,572
2026	535,099
	\$ (<u>1,817,029</u>)

Pension Trust Funds Financial Statements

	Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	(Mer	<u>Total</u> norandum Only)
Assets				
Cash	\$ 348,786	\$ 351,451	\$	700,237
Investments:				
Cash reserves	1,751,050	1,076,072		2,827,122
Mutual funds	12,720,874	5,306,584		18,027,458
U.S. Government obligations	-0-	836,450		836,450
Certificates of deposit	-0-	711,157		711,157
Corporate bonds	-0-	3,653,064		3,653,064
Corporate stocks	-0-	2,518,566		2,518,566
Receivables:				
Accrued interest	0-	20,703		20,703
Total assets	14,820,710	14,474,047		<u>29,294,757</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	0-	0-		
Total liabilities		-0-		-0-
Net Position				
Held in trust for pension				
benefits	\$ <u>14,820,710</u>	\$ <u>14,474,047</u>	\$	<u> 29,294,757</u>

	Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	<u>Total</u> (<u>Memorandum Only</u>)
Additions			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,947,374	\$ 1,959,262	\$ 3,906,636
Employee	223,860	203,585	427,445
Insurance premium tax	464.020	454 005	020 127
allocation	464,032	474,095	938,127
Total contributions	2,635,266	2,636,942	<u>5,272,208</u>
Investment income:			
Net appreciation in fair value			
of investments	(2,672,969)	(1,977,765)	(4,650,734)
Net gain (loss) on sale of	(=,= =,= =,= =, ,	(= / /	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
investments	801,955	1,655	803,610
Interest and dividends	<u>275,169</u>	<u>227,266</u>	502,435
Total investment income	(1,595,845)	(<u>1,748,844</u>)	(<u>3,344,689</u>)
Miscellaneous income		60	60
Total additions	1,039,421	<u>888,158</u>	<u>1,927,579</u>
Deductions			
General and administrative	189,720	62,158	251,878
Benefit payments	1,517,632	1,554,987	3,072,619
Total deductions	1,707,352	1,617,145	3,324,497
Net increase	(667,931)	(728,987)	(1,396,918)
Net position – beginning of year	15,488,641	15,203,034	<u>30,691,675</u>
Net position – end of year	\$ <u>14,820,710</u>	\$ <u>14,474,047</u>	\$ <u>29,294,757</u>

V.B.1 Plan Descriptions Contribution Information and Funding Policies

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia participates in a state-wide, cost sharing, multiply-employer defined benefit plan on behalf of general Municipality employees. The system is administered by agencies of the State of West Virginia and funded by contributions from participants, employers, and State appropriations, as necessary.

The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions:

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Eligibility to participate All Municipal full-time employees, except those

covered by other pension plans

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefit provisions State Statute

Plan member's contribution rate 4.50% hired prior to 7/1/15 and 6.00% for

employees hired on or after 7/1/15

City's contribution rate 10.00%

Period required to vest Five Years

Benefits and eligibility for

distribution

A member who has attained age 60 and has earned 5 years or more of contributing service or age 55 if the sum of his/her age plus years of credited service is equal to or greater than 80. The final average salary (three highest consecutive years in the last 15) times the years of service times 2%

equals the annual retirement benefit.

Deferred retirement portion No

Provisions for:

Cost of living No Death benefits Yes

V.B.2 Trend Information

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Fiscal Year	Ann	ual Pension Cost	Percentage Contributed
2022	\$	516,809	100%
2021	\$	478,627	100%
2020	\$	492,779	100%

PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 4101 MacCorkle Ave S.E., Charleston, WV 25304.

The Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia elected to become a participating employer under the West Virginia Employees Retirement System (PERS plan).

General Information about the Plan

The plan is a defined benefit plan and provides pensions for all participating employees of the Municipality. The PERS plan is a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit retirement plan for public employees established on July 1, 1961. All employees of the State of West Virginia and any political subdivision whose governing body elects to participate are required (with certain exceptions) to become members. The PERS Plan is managed by a Board of Trustees, which consists of the Governor, State Auditor, State Treasurer, and Secretary of the Department of Administration together with the following gubernatorial appointments that are subject to the advice and consent of the State Senate: for residents of the State who are not participants in the retirement plans, one State and one non-state employee participant in PERS, and one participant each from TRS, SPDDRS, SPRS, DSRS, EMSRS, MPFRS, and TDCRS.

Participants in the PERS Plan who retire at age 60 with at least five years of credited service or at least age 55 with their age plus service equal to 80 or greater are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2% of average salary multiplied by years of service. Average salary is the average of the three consecutive highest annual earnings out of the last fifteen years of earnings. Terminated members with at least five years of contributory service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions may elect to receive their benefits at age 62. The PERS Plan also provides death and disability benefits.

Employees covered by benefit terms are all active employees.

Contribution rates for the PERS Plan are subject to Chapter 5, Article 10 of the West Virginia State Code. For the year ended June 30, 2022, active members contributed 4.5 and 6.0 percent of their salary, and employers contributed 10.0 percent of the member's compensation into the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2021, active members contributed 4.5 and 6.0 percent of their salary, and employers contributed 10.0 percent of the member's compensation into the plan.

Public Employees Retirement System Tier II

The Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) was established on July 1, 1961 for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for employees of the State and other political subdivisions. PERS Tier II benefits were created effective July 1, 2015 for those members first hired with a PERS participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015. PERS has approximately 11,036 members as of July 1, 2018. PERS is funded by employee and employer contributions. An active member hired for the first time by a participating public employer who first became a member on or after July 1, 2015 contributes 6% of his or her gross monthly salary to the plan. As of fiscal year 2021, the employer will contribute 10% of the member's gross monthly salary for a total combined contribution equal to 16%. All payroll deducted employee contributions currently remitted are tax deferred. Contributions for members are established by statute and are subject to legislative limitations. The employer contributions are annually reviewed by the Board to assure that they result in actuarially sound funding for the plan.

"Board", when used in the following sections of this brochure refers to the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board.

Retirement Benefits

In order to qualify for retirement benefits, a Tier II member of PERS must meet certain eligibility requirements.

A PERS Tier II member who has not separated from employment with a participating PERS agency may:

- Retire with full benefits at age 62 if he or she has 10 or more years of contributing service, excluding no-USERRA purchased military service.
- Retire between the age of 60 and 62 with reduced benefits if he or she has 10 or more years of contributing service, excluding no-USERRA purchased military service.
- Retire between the age of 57 and 62 with reduced benefits if he or she has 20 or more years of service, excluding non-USERRA purchased military service.
- Retire between the age 55 and 62 with reduced benefits if he or she has 30 or more years of contributing service, excluding non-USERRA purchased military service.

A PERS Tier II member who has separated from employment with a participating PERS agency prior to retirement and has not withdrawn his or her contributions may:

- Retire at age 64 with full benefits if he or she has 10 or more years of contributory service, excluding non-USERRA purchased military service.
- Retire at age 63 with full benefits if he or she has 20 or more years of service, excluding no-USERRA purchased military service.

Retirement Benefit Estimate

Approximately 6 to 12 months prior to retirement eligibility, members should contact the Board to request an estimate of benefits for all three retirement annuity options. An estimate is required prior to receiving a retirement packet.

Effective Date of Retirement

- Effective date of retirement is dependent upon termination of employment, meeting retirement eligibility and the Board's receipt of the retirement application. The Date the Board receives of the retirement application can impact the effective date of retirement. If the member is less than age 62 upon termination of employment, and all retirement criteria are met, the effective date of retirement will be the first day of the month following receipt of the retirement application.
- Retirement benefits are not automatic. Prospective retirees must make application to the Board in order to commence retirement benefits.

Retirement Benefit Formula

- Regular retirement benefits are paid in equal monthly installments in an amount equal to 2% multiplied by the member's years of credited service multiplied by the member's Final Average Salary (FAS).
- Final Average Salary means the average annual salary from the highest 60 consecutive months within the last 15 years of employment. Any lump sum payment that is not guaranteed to be paid annually is not considered compensation and is, therefore, not used in FAS. Annual increment pay received by State employees is considered compensation and is, therefore, used in FAS.

2% x Years of Service x FAS = Annual Straight Life Retirement Benefit

3 Annuity Options Upon Retirement

- Straight Life: A lifetime annuity payable monthly to the retiree determined under the full benefit formula without adjustment. There are no beneficiary benefits payable under this option.
- Option A 100% Joint and Survivor: A reduced annuity payable monthly to the retiree for his or her lifetime. Upon the death of the retiree, the named beneficiary will receive the same amount for his or her lifetime.
- Option B 50% Joint and Survivor: A reduced annuity payable monthly to the retiree for his or her lifetime. Upon the death of the retiree, the named beneficiary will receive one-half of the monthly payment for his or her lifetime.

The named beneficiary in both Option A and Option B must have an insurable interest in the life of the retiree such as a spouse, child, parent, or other dependent. Under all options, any unpaid employee contributions, plus 4% interest, remaining at the retiree's or beneficiary's death, will be paid to the named beneficiary or the estate.

The benefit option you elect is extremely important. Once you receive any benefits under the option you select, you will NOT be allowed to change your benefit option unless you qualify under the provisions of WV Code §5-10-24.

Benefit Payments

The first benefit payment due a retiree or beneficiary will be mailed directly to the recipient's home address. Following the firs payment, barring any unforeseen circumstances, benefit payments are credited by direct deposit to retiree accounts on the 25th of each month, except in the month of December when retiree accounts are credited on the 18th. If the 25th (or December 18th) falls on a weekend or holiday, direct deposits are processed on the prior full business day. Direct deposit is mandatory.

Social Security income, private sector income, or private sector retirement benefits do not affect PERS regular retirement benefits. (Some stipulations apply to disability retirees.)

Required Minimum Distributions

Distributions (whether eligible for lump sum refund or monthly annuity) must start by April 1 of the year following the later of: (A) the date you reach age 72 if you were born after June 30, 1949; B) the date you reach age 70½ if you were born before July 1, 1949; or C) the date upon which you terminate employment.

Disability Retirement

Less than 10 years of service — A member who has less than 10 years of credited service may apply for disability retirement benefits only if the incapacitation occurred as a result of a work related injury and if the member became incapacitated within 12 months of last being employed with a participating public employer. The member must be receiving (or have received) Workers' Compensation benefits on account of such disability.

10 or more years of service – A member who has 10 or more years of credited service may apply for disability retirement benefits if still employed or if the member became incapacitated within 12 months of last being employed with a participating public employer.

Disability benefits shall not be less than 50% of a member's FAS. At age 65, the disability benefit is calculated on actual years of service and may be reduced, but the straight life benefit or equivalent may not be less than 20% of the FAS.

Disability retirees are required to submit medical recertifications and copies of his or her annual statement of earnings for specified periods of time following receipt of disability benefits.

Changing a Beneficiary Prior to Retirement

If a member whishes to change a beneficiary(ies), he or she must complete a new beneficiary form and return it to the Board. The member should keep a copy of this form for his or her records. If a member's family situation changes (birth, death, divorce, marriage.) his or her beneficiary designation should be reevaluated.

Beneficiary options Prior to Retirement

PERS members may select beneficiary options based only upon the specific category that describes his or her particular circumstances at the time a beneficiary form is completed (i.e. date of hire, years of service and marital status).

Category 1: Less than 10 years of credited service regardless of original date of hire or marital status:

A member who falls under this category may elect to name a beneficiary(ies) to receive a lump sum payment of his or her employee contributions, plus 4% interest, if he or she had more than 2 years of contributory service.

Category 2: Has 10 or more years of credited service, and is married at the time of death:

Upon the death of a member who falls under this category, a 100% Joint and Survivor annuity will be paid to the deceased member's surviving spouse, calculated as if the member had retired the day preceding the date of his or her death, unless the "Spouse's Waiver of Survivorship Annuity" section on the beneficiary form is completed. If the "Spouse's Waiver of Survivorship Annuity" section is completed, the member may:

- (A) Elect to name a beneficiary(ies) to receive a lump sum payment of his or her employee contributions, plus 4% interest; or
- (B) Elect to name a child who is financially dependent by virtue of a permanent mental or physical disability to receive the 100% Joint and Survivor Annuity. *Evidence of the dependent child's disability must be provided and the disabled child must be named sole beneficiary.

Category 3: Has 10 or more years of credited service and is NOT married at the time of death:

A member who falls under this category may elect one of the following options:

- (A) The member may elect to name a beneficiary(ies) to receive a lump sum payment of his or her employee contributions plus 4% interest.
- (B) The member may elect to have a 100% Joint and Survivor annuity, calculated as if the member had retired the day proceeding the date of his or her death, paid to a child who is financially dependent upon the member by virtue of a permanent mental or physical disability.
 - *Evident of the dependent child's disability must be provided and the disabled child must be named sole beneficiary.
- (C) The member may elect not to name a beneficiary and have his or her per-retirement death benefit paid as a monthly annuity, calculated as though the member had retired as of the date of his or her death and elected a Straight Life annuity, to a minor child or children until the minor child or children attains age 21 or sooner marries or becomes emancipated. In no event shall any child or children receive more than \$250.00 per month under this option.

Dependent Scholarship

Any person who qualifies as a surviving dependent child of a law enforcement officer who dies in the performance of duty is entitled to receive a scholarship to be applied to the career development education of that dependent.

Employment after Retirement

- If a retiree becomes regularly employed by a participating PERS employer, payment of his or her annuity shall be suspended during his or her re-employment, and he or she shall again become a contributing member of the retirement system.
- A retiree may accept temporary employment or permanent part-time (less than 1,040 hours per calendar year) employment from a participating employer so long as he or she does not receive compensation in excess of \$20,000 during any calendar year.
- It is the retiree's responsibility to contact the Board to report re-employment and to determine future retirement options.
- Disability retirees may not earn more than the Social Security substantial gainful activity amount.

Termination of Employment

If a member terminates employment prior to the time he or she qualifies for retirement benefits and has accrued at least 10 years of contributing service, contributions may be left on deposit until he or she qualified for retirement benefits, or the member may choose to withdraw his or her employee contributions (plus 4% interest if he or she has two or more years of contributing service) from the plan after termination of employment. Employer contributions are not eligible to be withdrawn even if you are vested. Once the member withdraws employee contributions from the system, all future retirement and disability benefits are forfeited.

Reinstatement of Previously Withdrawn Service

Any member who has been re-employed for one full year by a participating public employer may purchase previously withdrawn service, provided that he or she redeposits the withdrawn funds plus interest. Members must be re-employed for one year and the first reinstatement payment must be made between the first and second year of re-employment. If the first reinstatement payment is not made before the end of the member's second year of re-employment, the member is not eligible to reinstate previously withdrawn service. The full reinstatement amount must be repaid (in a lump sum or payments) before the end of the fifth year of the member's return to employment. Members should contact the Board at the end of his or her first year of return to employment to obtain the cost to reinstate withdrawn PERS service.

Military Service

Up to 5 years of active duty military service and/or National Guard service may be purchased by PERS Tier II members in accordance with the WV Code §§5-10-15 and 5-10-15c.

A Tier II member interested in purchasing active duty military service and/or National Guard service must notify PERS in writing that he or she request to purchase military service during the first 12 months of employment. After completion of 12 months of retirement contributions, PERS will calculate the actuarial reserve purchase amount and notify the member. Said military service purchased will not count as contributing service for vesting or retirement eligibility.

Employees who continue concurrently in active service of the WV National Guard after the time to purchase the employees prior National Guard service nay purchase military service credit earned after the prior service period in every even calendar year following, up to the 5 year total.

Members who have a break in employment as a result of being called to active military service may be eligible to purchase additional military service credit as provided by federal law USERRA.

Out of State Service

A member of PERS may purchase up to five years of service credit for public employment performed in another state. However, the member cannot be vested in the other state's retirement system or be in receipt of an annuity from such plan. Purchased out-of-state service may not be used to establish eligibility for a PERS retirement benefit.

Appointments

Most retirement related matters can be handled from the convenience of your home via mail and telephone. However, members who wish to visit the Board to discuss retirement related matters with a PERS staff member are required to make an appointment.

Questions

Should you have any questions regarding PERS, Tier II, please feel free to contact us in writing, by phone, or e-mail, Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For additional information, you may also want to visit our website.

Note

Information contained in this brochure illustrates the CPRB's understanding of the current provisions of the PERS. These provisions are contained in the current plan statutes, and are subject to modification by the West Virginia Legislature each year. This brochure is for general guidance purposes only. In the event there is a discrepancy between information contained in this brochure and the WV State Code and Rules, the language in the Code and Rules shall prevail.

Employees covered by benefit terms are all active employees.

Contribution rates for the PERS Plan are subject to Chapter 5, Article 10 of the West Virginia State Code. For the year ended June 30, 2021, active members contributed 4.5 and 6.0 percent of their salary, and employers contributed 10.00 percent of the member's compensation into the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2022, active members contributed 4.5 and 6.0 percent of their salary, and employers contributed 10.00 percent of the member's compensation into the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022 the Municipality reported an asset of \$2,706,194 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using the actuarial assumption and methods described in the appropriate section of the notes. The Municipality's portion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Municipality's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating public employers actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2022, the Municipality reported the following proportions and increases/decreases from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021:

Amount for proportionate share of net pension asset

Percentage for proportionate share of net pension asset

1. 2,706,194

0.308245%

1. 29%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Municipality recognized pension expense of \$(1,215,406) on its government wide financial statements. At June 30, 2022, the Municipality reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	308,846	\$	10,258
Change in assumptions		514,896		21,935
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,180		39,883
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		-0-		3,465,655
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement period		516,809		
	\$	<u>1,342,731</u>	\$	<u>3,537,731</u>

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from governmental contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,

2023	\$ (677,953)
2024	(677,952)
2025	(677,952)
2026	(<u>677,952</u>)
	\$ (<u>2,711,809</u>)

Actuarial Information

The total pension liabilities for financial reporting purposes were determined by actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using the actuarial assumptions and methods described, as follows:

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal cost with level

percentage of payroll

Asset valuation method Fair Value

Amortization method Level dollar, fixed period Amortization period Through Fiscal Year 2035 Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25% net of investment expense

Projected salary increases:

 State
 2.75 - 5.55%

 Nonstate
 3.60 - 6.75%

Inflation rate 2.75% Discount rate 7.25%

Morality rates Active - Pub-2010 General Employee Tables, below-

median, headcount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018

Health Male Retirees – 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male Table, below-median, headcountweighted, projected generationally with Scale

MP-2018

Health Female Retirees – 122% of Pub-210 General Retiree Female Table, below-median, headcountweighted, projected generationally with Scale

MP-2018

Disabled Males - 118% of Pub-2010 General/

Teachers Disabled Male Table, headcount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018

Disabled Females – 117% of Pub-2010 General/ Teachers Disabled Female Table, headcountweighted, projected generationally with Scale

MP-2018

Withdrawal rates:

 State
 2.28% – 45.63%

 Non-state
 2.50% – 35.88%

Disability rates 0.005% - 0.540%Retirement rates 12% - 100%

Dated range in most recent

experience study 2015 – 2020 – Economic assumptions; 2013 – 2018 – All other assumptions

West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board

Investment Section

Investment Pool Objectives, Financial Highlights, and Performance

Public Employees' Retirement System

The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) was created in 1961

Investment Objectives

The investment objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the actuarial interest rate assumption of 7.5 percent per annum, net of fees.
- Reduce the unfunded liability while maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy benefit payments and not subjecting PERS to an undue level of risk.

Asset Allocation

Based upon a determination of the appropriate risk tolerance, the Board adopted the following broad asset allocation guidelines for the assets managed for PERS. Base and Strategic Allocations are established on a market value basis.

Asset Class	Base Allocation	Strategic Allocations
Equity (including Portable Alpa)	60.0%	50.00%
Fixed Income	40.0%	15.00%
Private Markets:		
Private Credit and Income	0.0%	5.00%
Private Equity	0.0%	10.00%
Real Estate	0.0%	10.00%
Hedge Fund	0.0%	10.00%

Financial Highlights (in \$000s)

Progression of Plan Balance	
June 30, 2020	\$ 6,899,129
Contributions	114,676
Withdrawals	(<u>377,003</u>)
Net	(<u>262,327</u>)
Investment Income	4
Net appreciation	<u>2,170,289</u>
June 30, 2021	\$ <u>8,807,095</u>

Asset Allocation	<u>Fair Value</u>	Percentage of Securities
Domestic Equity	\$ 2,014,704	22.8%
Non-Large Cap Domestic	341,413	3.9%
International Qualified	621,044	7.1%
International Equity	1,437,612	16.3%
Short-Term Fixed Income	15,975	0.2%
Total Return Fixed Income	860,124	9.8%
Core Fixed Income	369,817	4.2%
Private Markets	2,341,876	26.6%
Hedge Fund	804,530	<u>9.1%</u>
Total	\$ 8,807,095	100.0%

Investment Performance

The IMB calculates total rates of return using the time-weighted rate of return methodology. The time-weighted method determines the rate of return exclusive of the effects of participant contributions or withdrawals. Actual rates of return are net of fees.

<u>Period</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Target
One-year	32.1%	7.5%
Three-year	13.1%	7.5%
Five-year	12.9%	7.5%
Ten-year	9.9%	7.5%
Twenty-year	8.1%	7.5%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assuming that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policies. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	. \$ (30,963)	\$ 2,706,194	\$ 5,016,481

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report available at the Consolidated Public Retirement Board's website at www.wvrewtirement.com. That information can also be obtained by writing to the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue SE, Charleston, WV 25304.

VI. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The West Virginia Other Post-employment Benefit Plan (the Plan), is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan and covers the retirees of State agencies, colleges and universities, county boards of education, and other government entities as set forth in the West Virginia Code Section 5-16D-2 (the Code). The financial activities of the Plan are accounted for in the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund (RHBT), a fiduciary fund of the State of West Virginia. The Plan is administered by a combination of the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA) and the RHBT staff. Plan benefits are established and revised by PEIA and RHBT management with approval of the Finance Board. The Finance Board is comprised of nine members. Finance Board members are appointed by the Governor, serve a term of four years and are eligible for reappointment. The State Department of Administration cabinet secretary serves as Chairman of the Board. Four members represent labor, education, public employees and public retirees. Four remaining members represent that public-at-large.

Active employees who retire are eligible for PEIA health and life benefits, provided they meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the applicable State retirement system and if their last employer immediately prior to retirement, is a participating employer under the Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB) and, as of July 1, 2008 forward, is a participating employer with the Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA). Active employees who, as of July 1, 2008, have ten years or more of credited service in the CPRB and whose employer at the time of their retirement does participate with CPRB, but does not participate with PEIA will be eligible for PEIA retiree coverage provided: they otherwise meet all criteria under this heading and their employer agrees, in writing, upon a form prescribed by PEIA, that the employer will pay to PEIA the non-participating retiree premium on behalf of the retiree or retirees, or that the retiree agrees to pay the entire unsubsidized premium themselves. Active employees who are members of the Teacher's Defined Contribution Retirement plan must be either: 55 years of age and have 12 or more years of credited service; or be at least 60 years of age with five years of service; and their last employer immediately prior to retirement must be a participating employer under that, or the CPRB system to qualify to continue PEIA insurance benefits upon

retirement. Employees who participate in non-State retirement systems but that are CPRB system affiliated, contracted, or approved (such as TIAA-CREF and similar plans), or are approved, in writing, by the PEIA Director must, in the case of education employees, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the State Teacher's Retirement System, and in all other cases meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the Public Employees Retirement System to be eligible for PEIA benefits as a retiree.

Benefits provided. The Plan provides medical and prescription drug insurance and life insurance. The medical and prescription drug insurance is provided through two options: 1) Self-Insured Preferred Provider Benefit Plan (primarily for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses) and 2) External Managed Care Organizations (primarily for Medicare-eligible retirees and spouses).

Contributions. Paygo premiums are established by the Finance Board annually. All participating employers are required by statute to contribute this premium to the RHBT at the established rate for every active policyholder per month. The active premiums subsidized the retirees' health care by approximately \$142 million for both fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the Municipality were \$311,168 for the current fiscal year.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At fiscal year-end, the Municipality reported an asset of \$50,738 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and OEPB expense were determined by an actuarial valuation date as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021, which is the measurement date. The Municipality's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the government's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the government's proportion was .17064%, which was a increase of 3.24% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For this fiscal year, the Municipality recognized OPEB expense of \$(52,457). The government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 88,253	\$ 201,093
Differences between expected and actual non-investment experience	-0-	349,509
Change in assumptions	-0-	1,073,639
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-0-	350,157
Reallocation of opt-out employer change in proportionate share	-0-	20,397
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement period	<u>311,168</u>	
	\$ <u>399,421</u>	\$ <u>1,994,795</u>

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Municipality contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,

2023 2024 2025	\$ (476,636) (476,636) (476,635)
2026	(<u>476,635</u>)
Total	\$ (1,906,542)

Actuarial Assumptions. The net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases Specific to the OPEB covered group. Ranging from 2.75% to

5.18%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.65%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates The trend rate for pre-Medicare per capita costs of 7.0% for

plan year end 2022, 6.50% for plan year end 2023, decreasing by 0.25% each year thereafter, until ultimate trend rate of 4.25% is reached in plan year end 2032. Trend rate for Medicare per capita costs of 31.11% for plan year end 2022. 9.15% for plan year end 2023, 8.40% for plan year end 2024, decreasing gradually each year thereafter, until ultimate trend

rate of 4.25% is reached in plan year end 2036.

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll over a 20 year closed period

beginning June 30, 2017

Asset valuation method Market value

Wage inflation 2.75% for PERS and TRS, and 3.25% for Troopers

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the June 30, 2020

actuarial valuation.

Aging factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From

Birth to Death"

Expenses Health administrative expenses are included in the

development of the per capita claims cost. Operating expenses

are included as a component of the annual expense.

Mortality Post Retirement TRS: Pub-2010 General Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables

projected with MP-2019 and scaling factors of 100% for

males and 108% for females.

PERS: Pub-2010 Below-Median Income General Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables projected with MP-2019 and scaling factors of 106% for males and 113% for females.

Troopers A and B: Pub-2010 Public Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables projected with scale MP-2019 and scaling

factors of 100% for males and females.

Mortality Pre-Retirement TRS: Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Tables projected

with MP-2019.

PERS: Pub-2010 Below-Median Income General Employee

Mortality Tables projected with scale MP-2019.

Troopers A and B: Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality Tables projected with scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

Certain assumptions have been changed since the prior actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and a measurement date of June 30, 2020 as reflected in the footnote *Reconciliation of the Total OPEB Liability between Valuation Dates*. The net effect of assumption changes was approximately \$1,147 million.

- General/Price Inflation Decrease price inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.25%.
- Discount Rate Decrease discount rate from 7.15% to 6.65%.
- Wage inflation Decrease wage inflation rate from 4.00% to 2.75% for PERS and TRS, and 3.25% for Troopers.
- OPEB Retirement Develop explicit retirement rates for members who are eligible to retire with healthcare benefits and elect healthcare coverage.
- Waived Annuitant Termination Develop explicit waived termination rates for members who are eligible to retire with healthcare benefits but waive healthcare coverage.
- SAL Conversion Develop explicit SAL conversion rates for members who are eligible to convert sick and annual leave (SAL) balances to retirement and convert SAL balances into OPEB benefits.
- Lapse/Re-entry Develop net lapse/re-entry rates for members who either lapse coverage after electing healthcare coverage or elect healthcare coverage after waiving coverage.
- Other demographic assumptions develop termination, disability, and mortality rates based on experience specific to OPEB covered group.
- Salary increase develop salary increase assumptions based on experience specific to the OPEB covered group.

The long-term expected rate of return of 6.65% on OPEB plan investments was determined by a combination of an expected long-term rate of return of 7.00% for long-term assets invested with the WV Investment Management Board and an expected short-term rate of return of 2.50% for assets invested with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments.

Long-term pre-funding assets are invested with the WVIMB. The strategic asset allocation consists of 55% equity, 15% fixed income, 10% private equity, 10% hedge fund and 10% real estate invested. Short-term assets used to pay current year benefits and expenses are invested with the WVBTI.

The long-term rates of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Target asset allocations, capital market assumptions ("CMA"), and forecast returns were provided by the Plan's investment advisors, including West Virginia Investment Management Board ("WV-IMB"). The projected return for the Money Market Pool held with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments ("WV-BTI") was estimated based on WV-IMB assumed inflation of 2.0% plus a 25 basis point spread.

The target allocation and estimates of annualized long-term expected real returns assuming a 10-year horizon are summarized below:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Global equity	6.8%
Core Plus Fixed Income	4.1%
Core Real Estate	6.1%
Hedge Fund	4.4%
Private equity	8.8%

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.65% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.65% and a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date of the extent benefits are effectively financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The long-term municipal bond rate used to develop the single discount rate was 3.13% as of the beginning of the year and 2.45% as of the end of the year. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the prefunding and investment policies. Future pre-funding assumptions include a \$30 million annual contribution from the State through 2037. Based on those assumptions, and that the Plan is expected to be fully funded by fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. Discount rates are subject to change between measurement dates.

Sensitivity of the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) to changes in the discount rate. The following chart presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability), as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (<u>6.15%</u>)	Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
Net OPEB asset (liability)	\$ (272,266)	\$ 50,738	\$ 318,923

Sensitivity of the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following chart presents the Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability), as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates described in the actuarial assumptions:

	1% Decrease	<u>Healthcare Cost</u> <u>Trend Rate</u>	1% Increase
Net OPEB asset (liability)	\$ 374,622	\$ 50,738	\$ (343,790)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report available at the West Virginia Public Employee Insurance Agency's website at peia.wv.gov. That information can also be obtained by writing to the West Virginia Public Employee Insurance Agency, 601 57th. Street, Suite 2, Charleston, WV 25304.

VII. Debt Service Coverage

The debt service coverage factor for the Sanitary Board Fund has been calculated as follows for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Operating revenues Operating expenses Total operating income	\$ 4,744,974 <u>4,460,470</u> <u>284,504</u>
Add: Depreciation expense Add: Interest income	695,914 1,285
Amount available for debt service and capital expenditures	\$ <u>981,703</u>
Maximum annual debt service	\$ 481,000
Calculated debt service coverage factor	2.04
Required debt service coverage factor	1.10

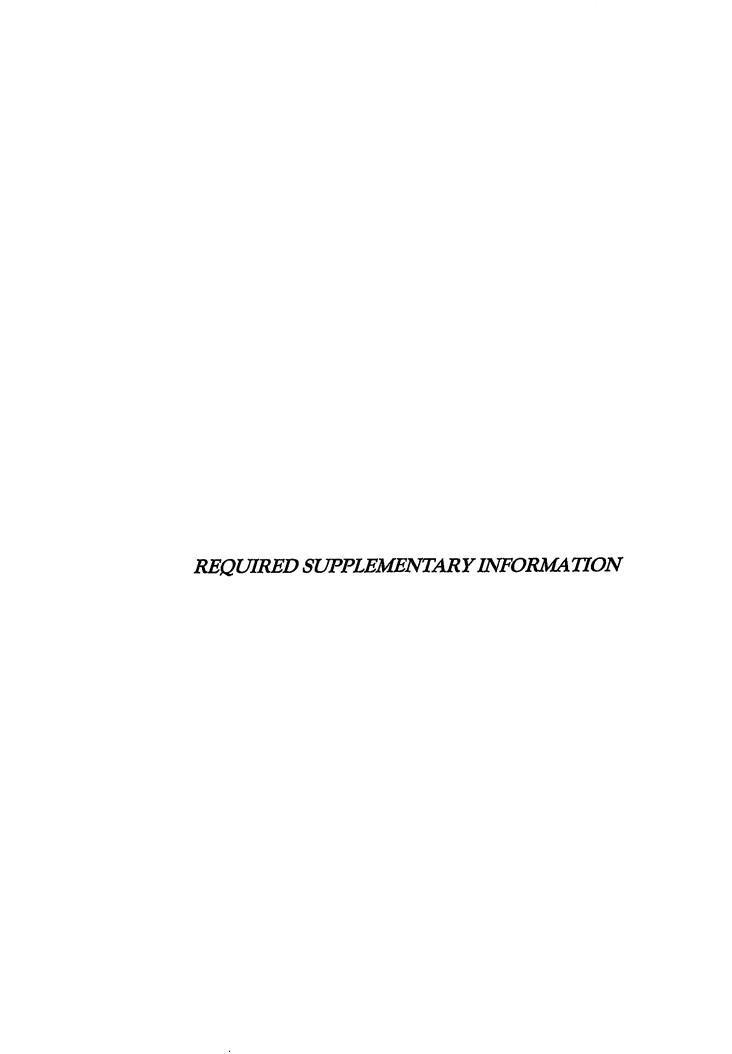
Based on this calculation, it appears that the Sanitary Board Fund was in compliance with the provisions set forth in its bond ordinance as of June 30, 2022.

VIII. COVID-19 Pandemic

During 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak a public health emergency. There have been mandates from international, federal, state, and local authorities requiring forced closures of various schools, businesses, and other facilities and organizations. In response to this, the U.S. Government has allocated and spent trillions of dollars in economic aid. Should these trends continue, the impact could have a material adverse effect on the Municipality's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

IX. Subsequent Events

The Municipality has considered all subsequent events through March 18, 2023, the date the financial statements were made available.



MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			(I	<u>Actual</u> Budgetary Basis)	Budget to GAAP Difference			Actual Amounts AAP Basis	Wi E Fa	riance th Final Sudget vorable favorable)
Revenues												
Taxes (including interest and penalties):												
Ad valorem	\$	2,693,757	\$	2,693,757	\$	2,462,751	\$	67,944	\$	2,530,695	\$(
Excise utility		652,000		755,000		818,894		1,171		820,065		63,894
Business and occupation		7,601,000		7,916,000		7,971,173		284,441		8,255,614		55,173
Alcoholic beverage		110,000		157,400		157,671	(9,148)		148,523		271
Hotel occupancy		144,000		242,050		232,578	(9,550)		223,028	(9,472)
Animal control		4,800		4,800		4,555		-0-		4,555	(245)
Oil and gas		25,000		29,600		29,632		-0-		29,632		32
Licenses and permits		450,150		518,645		299,103		321,818		620,921	(219,542)
Charges for services		1,560,000		1,305,350		1,366,734	(50,706)		1,316,028		61,384
Fines and forfeitures		252,500		258,500		267,546		4,804		272,350		9,046
Franchise fees		145,000		170,000		167,850	(3,265)		164,585	(2,150)
Interest		1,000		1,000		719	(322)		397	(281)
Donations		-0-		-0-		200		-0-		200		200
Intergovernmental:												
Federal		-0-		9,700		290,471		13,303		303,774	_	280,771
State		330,000		352,600		-0-		-0-		-0-	(352,600)
Other		2,000		200		-0-		-0-		-0-	(200)
Video lottery and gaming income		106,500		104,294		124,931	(660)		124,271		20,637
Miscellaneous		108,410		<u>244,311</u>		<u>571,765</u>	(_	<u>520,897</u>)		50,868	-	327,454
Total revenues		14,186,117		14,763,207		14,766,573	_	98,933		14,865,506	•	<u>3,366</u>
Expenditures												
General government		4,664,523		6,203,015		5,314,645	(831,786)		4,482,859		888,370
Public safety		10,530,319		9,955,918		9,895,183	(5,509,894)		4,385,289		60,735
Highways and streets		3,433,647		3,053,190		2,924,104		152,464		3,076,568		129,086
Health and sanitation		113,554		366,791		366,145	(61,825)		304,320		646
Culture and recreation		1,537,074		1,768,536		1,710,747	(59,301)		1,651,446		57,789
Social services		48,000		48,000		36,250	(_	6,250)		30,000		11,750
Total expenditures		20,327,117		21,395,450		20,247,074	(_	<u>6,316,592</u>)		13,930,482	•	<u>1,148,376</u>
(Deficiency) excess of revenues												
(under) over expenditures		(6,141,000))	(<u>6,632,243</u>)		(<u>5,480,501</u>)	-	<u>6,415,525</u>		935,024		1,151,742

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Budget to GAAP Difference	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out) Total other financing sources	\$ 4,641,000 	\$ 4,661,000 	\$ 4,155,147 0-	\$ -0- -0-	\$ 4,155,147 	\$ (505,853)
(uses)	4,641,000	4,661,000	4,155,147		4,155,147	(_505,853)
Net change in fund balance	(1,500,000)	(1,971,243)	(1,325,354)	6,415,525	5,090,171	645,889
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,500,000	1,971,243	(_4,966,905)	(23,484,393)	(28,451,298)	(<u>6,938,148</u>)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$	\$(<u>6,292,259</u>)	\$(<u>17,068,868</u>)	\$(<u>23,361,127</u>)	\$ (<u>6,292,259</u>)

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – COAL SEVERANCE FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Budget to GAAP Difference	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues						
Interest	\$ 100	\$ 10	\$ 6	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ (4)
Intergovernmental:						
State	<u>42,000</u>	<u>50,994</u>	<u>62,757</u>	<u>-0-</u> -0-	<u>62,757</u>	<u>11,763</u>
Total revenues	<u>42,100</u>	<u>51,004</u>	<u>62,763</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>62,757</u>	<u>11,759</u>
Expenditures						
General government	10,726	19,063	10,018	-0-	10,018	9,045
Public safety	22,524	19,471	17,929	-0-	17,929	1,542
Highways and streets	8,000	9,400	7,698	-0-	7,698	1,702
Health and sanitation	1,850	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Culture and recreation	13,000	13,000	13,000	<u>-0-</u>	13,000	0-
Total expenditures	56,100	60,934	48,645	<u>-0-</u>	48,645	<u>12,289</u>
Net change in fund balance	(14,000)	(9,930)	14,118	<u>-0-</u>	14,112	24,048
Fund balance at beginning of year	14,000	9,930	<u>19,364</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>19,364</u>	9,434
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>33,482</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>33,476</u>	\$ <u>33,482</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021		scal Year Ended te 30, 2020		iscal Year Ended ne 30, 2019		iscal Year Ended ne 30, 2018	Fiscal Year Ended one 30, 2017	iscal Year Ended ne 30, 2016	_	iscal Year Ended ne 30, 2015		Fiscal Year Ended une 30, 2014
Municipality's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	(.29%)		0.31%		0.33%		0.33%	0.32%	0.31%		0.31%		0.31%
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (2,706,194)	\$	1,634,328	s	721,695	s	855,770	\$ 1,384,985	\$ 2,875,093	s	1,735,341	s	1,148,488
Municipality's covered - employee payroll	\$ 5,168,090	S	4,786,270	\$	4,927,779	\$	4,831,790	\$ 4,859,918	\$ 3,928,408	\$	4,310,474	s	4,218,741
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	(52.36%)		34.15%		14.65%		17.72%	28.50%	65.08%		40.26%		27.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	(111.07%)		96.99%		93.90%		96.33%	93.67%	86.11%		91.29%		93.98%

The information presented in the schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability is the only years available as of June 30, 2022. The Municipality will be adding additional years to the accompanying schedule as information is available.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF MUNICIPALITY CONTRIBUTIONS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 516,809	\$ 478,627	\$ 492,779	\$ 483,178	\$ 534,591	\$ 471,409	\$ 581,122	\$ 590,023	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	516,809	478,627	492,779	483,178	534,591	471,409	581,122	590,023	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>s -0-</u>	<u>s -0-</u>	<u>s -0-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -0-</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Municipality's covered – employee payroll	5,168,090	4,786,270	4,927,779	4,831,790	4,859,918	3,928,408	4,310,474	4,218,741	
Contributions as a percentage of covered – employee payroll	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	11.00%	12.00%	13.50%	14.00%	

The information presented in the schedule of Municipality's contributions is the only years available as of June 30, 2022. The Municipality will be adding additional years to the accompanying schedules as information is available.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2022

West Virginia Public Employees' Retirement System

Notes to Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer

The net pension liability (NPL) is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments related to past periods. The NPL for the employers is based on the allocation percentages from the Schedule of Employer Allocations.

The components of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, are as follows (in thousands):

Total Pension Liability	\$ (7,927,948)
Fiduciary Net Position	<u>8,805,884</u>
Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$ <u>877,936</u>
Fiduciary Net Position as a percent	
of Total Pension Liability	111.07%

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

	202	22	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	1,85 66 (6 (2,15 (1,55	92,231 59,840 54,648 63,093) 52,658) 54,987)	\$ 944,371 1,868,340 -0- (198,743) (4,692,144) (1,391,691) 38,062,631	1,744, 1,107,	-0- 034 -0- 528)	906,710 1,646,488 -0- 660,159 -0- (1,241,719) 33,550,617	\$ 911,837 1,604,493 -0- (1,021,000) -0- (1,199,305) 33,254,592	\$ 1,041,846 1,540,729 -0- (1,006,489) (2,433,972) (1,223,009) 35,335,487	\$ 739,794 1,503,073 -0- (511,633) 4,020,701 (1,239,292) 30,822,844	\$ 735,159 1,480,035 -0- (837,150) -0- (1,250,939) 30,695,739	\$ 729,815 1,492,730 -0- -0- -0- (1,303,181) 29,776,375
Total pension liability - ending (a)	34,59	92,764	38,062,631	38,062,	631	35,522,255	33,550,617	33,254,592	35,335,487	30,822,844	30,695,739
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer (including Premium Tax Allocation) Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	(1,81 (1,55 (73	33,357 03,585 10,353) 54,987) (7,914) -0- 36,312) 92,901	2,399,993 185,487 2,712,034 (1,391,691) (7,500) -0- 3,898,323 11,294,578		172 379 528) 500) <u>-0-</u> –	2,034,183 167,038 517,666 (1,241,719) -0- (7,500) 1,469,668 8,484,043	2,029,582 155,596 561,109 (1,199,305) (7,500) 0- 1,539,482 6,944,559		1,361,271 145,720 315,511 (1,239,292) (6,000) -0- 577,210 5,072,427	1,288,742 140,550 185,060 (1,250,939) (6,000) -0- 357,413 4,715,014	1,210,474 135,019 465,521 (1,303,181) (6,000) -0- 501,833 4,213,181
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	14,45	56,589	15,192,901	11,294,	578	9,953,711	8,484,043	6,944,559	5,649,637	5,072,427	4,715,014
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 19,68	82,156	\$ 19,399,863	\$ 26,768,	<u>053</u> <u>\$</u>	25,568,544	\$ 25,066,574	\$ 26,310,033	\$ 29,685,850	\$ 25,750,417	\$ 25,980,725
	202	22	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	42.35%	43.92%	29.67%	28.02%	25.29%	20.88%	15.99%	16.46%	15.36%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,830,115	\$ 2,056,574 \$	2,064,594 \$	1,963,141 \$	1,912,017 \$	1,919,071 \$	1,868,455 \$	1,826,835 \$	1,812,838
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	1075.46%	943.31%	1296.53%	1302.43%	1311.00%	1370.98%	1588.79%	1409.56%	1433.15%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	3.78	3.96	4.01	3.85	-0-

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes The Plan adopted an open Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

Changes of assumptions: The discount rate changed from 5.50% to 6.00%.

*Totals may not add due to rounding

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MULTIYEAR LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (WHICH MAY BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY) FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FY Ending June 30,	<u>Total</u> <u>Pension</u> <u>Liability</u>	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	<u>Covered</u> <u>Payroll</u>	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 30,695,739	\$ 4,715,014	\$ 25,980,725	15.36%	\$ 1,812,838	1433.15%
2015	\$ 30,822,844	\$ 5,072,427	\$ 25,750,417	16.46%	\$ 1,826,835	1409.56%
2016	\$ 35,335,487	\$ 5,649,637	\$ 29,685,850	15.99%	\$ 1,868,455	1588.79%
2017	\$ 33,254,592	\$ 6,944,559	\$ 26,310,033	20.88%	\$ 1,919,071	1370.98%
2018	\$ 33,550,617	\$ 8,484,043	\$ 25,066,574	25.29%	\$ 1,912,017	1311.00%
2019	\$ 35,522,255	\$ 9,953,711	\$ 25,568,544	28.02%	\$ 1,963,141	1302.43%
2020	\$ 38,062,631		\$ 26,768,053	29.67%	\$ 2,064,594	1296.53%
2021	\$ 34,592,764	\$ 15,192,901	\$ 19,399,863	43.92%	\$ 2,056,574	943.31%
2022	\$ 34,138,745	\$ 14,456,589	\$ 19,682,156	42.35%	\$ 1,830,115	1075.46%

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MULTIYEAR FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of Employer Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022	202	21	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,034	,507 \$ 2,4	\$3,333 \$	2,340,972 \$	2,327,809 \$	2,026,406 \$	2,031,009 \$	2,124,224 \$	1,697,409 \$	1,676,866 \$	1,603,979
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution: Employer provided State provided	1,959 474		363,796 36,197	1,861,120 437,224	1,581,814 452,369	1,592,742 436,840	1,345,298 445,631	936,850 424,421	867,454 421,288	803,198 407,276	743,702 473,392
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (398	,850) \$	53,340 \$	42,628 \$	293,626 \$	(3,176) \$	240,080 \$	762,953 \$	408,667 \$	466,392 \$	386,885
Covered payroll	\$ 1,830	,115 \$ 2,0)56,574 \$	2,064,594 \$	1,963,141 \$	1,912,017 \$	1,919,071 \$	1,868,455 \$	1,826,835 \$	1,812,838 \$	1,712,139
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	132	.96% 1	16.70%	111.32%	103.62%	106.15%	93.32%	72.86%	70.55%	66.77%	71.09%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. The assumption shown below are those used in the 7/1/2020 actuarial valuation to calculate the FY2022 ADC. Assumptions used to determine all contributions in the past would not have been the same.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar
Remaining amortization period 15 to 28.5 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by years of service

Investment rate of return 5.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Rates vary by age

Mortality SOA PubS-2010(B) with generational projection using Scale MP-2019

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The information requested in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022, measurement date based on actuarial liabilities as of July 1, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level-Percentage-of-Pay
Actuarial Value of Assets	Market value used for GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 reporting
Contribution Policy and Amortization Method	The sponsor finances benefits using the Alternative funding policy as defined in state statue. Sponsor contributions are equal to 107 percent of the prior year contribution. The plan also receives state contributions based on an allocation of premium tax that depends on the number of active and retired members. This funding policy does not directly amortize the unfunded actuarial liability. However, projected sponsor, state and member contributions along with projected investment earnings are expected to fully fund the projected actuarial liability for current plan members by 2042.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.00% per year

GASB 67/68 Discount Rate 5.50% per year at June 30, 2022

Projected Salary Increases Rates vary by years of service

Cost of Living Increases 2.50% on first \$15,000 of Annual Benefit and on the

accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D) FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Single Discount Rate

A GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%, and the municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the Plan sponsor would make the statutory required contribution as defined by the funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments, on behalf of current plan members for all future plan years. Therefore, the single discount rate of 6.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	9	Current Single Discoun	<u>t</u>
	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
	<u>5.00%</u>	<u>6.00%</u>	<u>7.00%</u>
Net pension (liability)	\$(24,221,987)	\$(19,682,156)	\$(15,968,290)

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability																		
Service cost	\$	650,421	S	885,593	S	826,002	\$	979,662	S	964,909	S	940,194	\$	678,319	\$	618,071	\$	666,702
Interest		1,543,707		1,589,949		1,520,547		1,458,048		1,429,392		1,404,357		1,370,741		1,338,559		1,332,234
Changes of benefit terms		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Differences between expected and actual experience		80,307		(210,847)		(180,582)		281,256		(630,123)		(1,132,945)		(192,337)		(345,859)		-0-
Changes of assumptions		-0-		(3,914,799)		(2,137,778)		-0-		-0-		-0-		3,317,951		-0-		-0-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,517,632)		(1,541,624)		(1,520,272)	_	(1,417,693)	_	(1,259,755)		(1,192,439)	_	(1,208,416)		(1,210,149)	_	(1,150,677)
Net change in total pension liability		756,803		(3,191,728)		(1,492,083)		1,301,273		504,423		19,167		3,966,258		400,622		848,259
Total pension liability - beginning		26,487,262		29,678,990		31,171,073		29,869,800		29,365,377		29,346,210		25,379,952		24,979,330		24,131,071
Total pension liability - ending (a)	_	27,244,065		26,487,262	_	29,678,990	_	31,171,073	_	29,869,800		29,365,377		29,346,210		25,379,952		24,979,330
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																		
Contributions - employer (including Premium Tax Allocation)		2,411,406		2,352,621		2,268,729		2,024,660		2,015,709		1,758,504		1,333,490		1,261,009		1,189,034
Contributions - member		223,860		218,223		200,742		192,160		176,039		168,474		157,241		154,449		151,027
Net investment income		(1,777,796)		3,141,843		1,016,297		297,401		469,963		669,529		(21,235)		133,494		632,587
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,517,632)		(1,541,624)		(1,520,272)		(1,417,693)		(1,259,755)		(1,192,439)		(1,208,416)		(1,210,149)		(1,150,677)
Administrative expense		(7,725)		(10,138)		(8,300)		(7,500)		(7,500)		(7,500)		(7,750)		(7,500)		(7,500)
Other	_	-0-		-0-	_	<u>543</u>	_	(30)	_	-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	_	206
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(667,887)		4,160,925		1,957,739		1,088,998		1,394,456		1,396,568		253,330		331,303		814,677
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		15,490,483		11,329,558		9,371,819	_	8,282,821	_	6,888,363		5,491,795		5,238,465		4,907,162		4,092,485
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		14,822,596	_	15,490,483	_	11,329,558	_	9,371,819		8,282,821	_	6,888,363	_	5,491,795	_	5,238,465	_	4,907,162
Employer's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>s</u>	12,421,469	<u>\$</u>	10,996,779	<u>\$</u>	18,349,432	\$	21,799,254	<u>s</u>	21,586,979	<u>s</u> _	22,477,014	<u>s</u>	23,854,415	<u>\$</u>	20,141,487	<u>s</u>	20,072,168

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MULTIYEAR POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.41%	58.48%	38.17%	30.07%	27,73%	23.46%	18.71%	20.64%	19.64%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,190,551 \$	2,221,226	\$ 1,852,849 \$	2,250,404 \$	2,118,610 \$	2,085,929 \$	1,989,442 \$	1,808,232 \$	1,958,068
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	567.05%	495.08%	990.34%	968.68%	1018.92%	1077.55%	1199.05%	1113.88%	1025.10%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.41	5.34	5.30	4,75	-0-

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: There were no changes for FY2022

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes for FY2022

^{*}Totals may not add due to rounding

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MULTIYEAR LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (WHICH MAY BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY) POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FY Ending June 30,	<u>Total</u> <u>Pension</u> <u>Liability</u>	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 24,979,330 \$	4,907,162	\$ 20,072,168	19.64%	\$ 1,958,068	1025.10%
2015	\$ 25,379,952 \$	5,238,465	\$ 20,141,487	20.64%	\$ 1,808,232	1113.88%
2016	\$ 29,346,210 \$	5,491,795	\$ 23,854,415	18.71%	\$ 1,989,442	1199.05%
2017	\$ 29,365,377 \$	6,888,363	\$ 22,477,014	23.46%	\$ 2,085,929	1077.55%
2018	\$ 29,869,800 \$	8,282,821	\$ 21,586,979	27.73%	\$ 2,118,610	1018.92%
2019	\$ 31,171,073 \$	9,371,819	\$ 21,799,254	30.07%	\$ 2,250,404	968.69%
2020	\$ 29,678,990 \$	11,329,558	\$ 18,349,432	38.17%	\$ 1,852,849	990.34%
2021	\$ 26,487,262 \$	15,490,483	\$ 10,996,779	58.48%	\$ 2,221,226	495.08%
2022	\$ 27,244,065 \$	14,822,596	\$ 12,421,469	54.41%	\$ 2,190,551	567.05%

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MULTIYEAR POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Last	10	Fiscal	Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017 2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,407,656	\$ 1,862,522	\$ 2,134,042	\$ 2,139,078	\$ 1,878,699 \$	1,864,693 \$ 1,802,	92 \$ 1,392,630	\$ 1,419,464 \$	1,517,921
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution: Employer provided State provided Contribution deficiency (excess)	1,947,374 464,032 \$ (1,003,750)	1,852,686 499,935 \$ (490,099	1,850,032 418,697 \$ (134,687)	1,573,002 451,658 \$ 114,418	1,583,840 431,869 \$ (137,010) \$	1,337,055 929, 421,449 404, 106,189 \$ 468,	400,623	796,654 392,380 \$ 230,430 \$	737,643 525,982 254,296
Covered payroll	\$ 2,190,551	\$ 2,221,226	\$ 1,852,849	\$ 2,250,404	\$ 2,118,610 \$	2,085,929 \$ 1,989,	42 \$ 1,808,232	\$ 1,958,068 \$	2,017,329
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	110.08%	105.929	6 122.45%	89.97%	95.14%	84.30% 67.	3% 69.74%	60.72%	62.64%

Notes to Schedule

Asset valuation method

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. The assumption shown below are those used in the 7/1/2020 actuarial valuation to calculate the FY2022 ADC. Assumptions used to determine all contributions in the past would not have been the same.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method Amortization method Level Dollar Remaining amortization period 15 to 28.5 years 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases Rates vary by years of service 6.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Investment rate of return

Retirement age Rates vary by age

SOA PubS-2010(B) with generational projection using Scale MP-2019 Mortality

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The information requested in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022, measurement date based on actuarial liabilities as of July 1, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level-Percentage-of-Pay
Actuarial Value of Assets	Market value used for GASB Nos. 67 and 68 reporting
Contribution Policy and Amortization Method	The sponsor finances benefits using the Alternative funding policy as defined in state statue. Sponsor contributions are equal to 107 percent of the prior year contribution. The plan also receives state contributions based on an allocation of premium tax that depends on the number of active and retired members. This funding policy does not directly amortize the unfunded actuarial liability. However, projected sponsor, state and member contributions along with projected investment earnings are expected to fully fund the projected actuarial liability for current plan members by 2042.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.00% per year

GASB 67/68 Discount Rate 6.00% per year at June 30, 2022

Projected Salary Increases Rates vary by years of service

Cost of Living Increases 2.50% on first \$15,000 of Annual Benefit and on the

accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D) POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Single Discount Rate

A GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%, and the municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the Plan sponsor would make the statutory required contribution as defined by the funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments, on behalf of current plan members for all future plan years. Therefore, the single discount rate of 6.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	<u>Current Single Discount</u>				
	1% Decrease 5.00%	Rate Assumption 6.00%	1% Increase 7.00%		
Net pension (liability)	\$(16,164,085)	\$(12,421,469)	\$(9,387,327)		

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Public Employees Insurance Agency Six Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Municipality's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(0.17064%)	0.176347%	0.1573615%	0.1811420%	0.1661998%	0.1895212%
Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (50,738)	\$ 778,908	\$ 3,110,836	\$ 3,886,279	\$ 4,106,461	\$ 4,706,425
Municipality's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,836,843	\$ 4,206,395	\$ 4,759,574	\$ 4,568,011	\$ 4,826,817	\$ 4,828,711
Municipality's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(1.32%)	18.52%	65.43%	85.08%	85.08%	108.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	(101.81%)	73.49%	39.69%	30.98%	25.10%	21.64%

^{* -} Applicable information was available for six years for this schedule.

This schedule presents the only years available at June 30, 2022. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information and independent auditor's report.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF MUNICIPALITY CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB JUNE 30, 2021

Public Employees Insurance Agency Six Fiscal Years*

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 311,168	\$	340,859	\$	385,685	\$	370,162	\$	343,011	\$	324,207
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (311,168)	_	(340,859)		(385,685)	_	(370,162)	_	(343,011)		(324,207)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	<u>-0-</u>
Municipality's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,836,843	\$	4,206,395	\$	4,759,574	\$	4,568,011	\$	4,826,817	\$	4,828,711
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	8.11%		8.11%		8.10%		8.11%		7.93%		6.72%

^{* -} Applicable information was available for six years for this schedule.

This schedule presents the only years available at June 30, 2022. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information and independent auditor's report.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.65%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.65%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (5.65%)	Discount Rate (6.65%)	<u>1% Increase</u> (7.65%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 159,559,746	\$ (29,734,708)	\$ (186,903,110)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower:

	10/ D	Healthcare Cost	10/ Tmamaga
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (219,545,277)	\$ (29,734,708)	\$ 201,746,232

Reconciliation of Total OPEB Liability Between Valuation Dates

The preparation of duel actuarial OPEB valuations, both measured at June 30, 2021 created a variance from the total OPEB liability disclosed in RHBT's June 30, 2021 financial statements in comparison to the total OPEB liability in the GASB Statement No. 75 allocation schedules because of the differences in the actuarial valuation dates.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – NET OPEB LIABILITY (CONT'D) JUNE 30, 2022

Reconciliation of net OPEB liability (asset) of the Plan

The reconciliation of the net OPEB liability of the RHBT as June 30, 2020, measured at June 30, 2020 to the net OPEB (asset) at June 30, 2020, measured at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, measured at June 30, 2020 ^a	\$ 441,691,746
OPEB Expense	(499,896,871)
Employer Contributions	(182,142,000)
Change in liability experience outflows/(inflows) recognized in current liabilities	81,557,184
Change in assumption changes experience outflows/(inflows) recognized in current liabilities	367,790,037
Change in investment experience outflows/(inflows) recognized in current assets	(238,734,804)
Net OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2020, measured at June 30, 2021 ^b	\$ (<u>29,734,708</u>)

^a Based on actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, with a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

^b Based on an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2020, with a measurement date of June 30, 2021.



MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Sanitary</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Fund</u>	Parking Authority Fund
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 194,837	\$ 26,853
Receivables, net of allowances:		
Accounts	1,095,938	-0-
Due to/from other activities	(41,688)	-0-
Inventory	<u>301,491</u>	
Total current assets	<u>1,550,578</u>	<u>26,853</u>
Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted assets	1,219,941	-0-
Net other post benefit obligations asset	8,331	-0-
Net pension asset	892,233	<u> 16,778</u>
Total noncurrent assets	2,120,505	<u>16,778</u>
Capital Assets		
Land	84,065	2,543,901
Construction in process	7,114,908	- 0-
Buildings	1,532,698	7,663,710
Structures and improvements	7,895,033	453,583
Machinery and equipment	-0-	338,301
Transmission and distribution	28,843,020	-0-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(<u>21,668,709</u>)	(<u>5,099,779</u>)
Net capital assets	23,801,015	<u>5,899,716</u>
Total assets	<u>27,472,098</u>	<u>5,943,347</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS	442,674	8,330
Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT	65,913	0-
Total deferred outflows of resources	508,587	<u>8,330</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS (CONT'D) JUNE 30, 2022

	Sanitary Board Fund	4	Parking Authority Fund
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION			
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets) Accounts payable Accrued compensated absences Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	\$ 67,054 157,128 224,182	\$	3,273 128 3,401
Current Liabilities (payable from restricted assets) Revenue bonds payable Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	789,232 789,232		<u>-0-</u> -0-
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion) Revenue bonds payable Total long-term liabilities (net of current portion)	15,538,605 15,538,605		<u>-0-</u> <u>-0-</u>
Total liabilities	16,552,019		3,401
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources – WVPERS Deferred inflows of resources – WVRHBT Total deferred inflows of resources	1,166,567 <u>327,545</u> <u>1,494,112</u>		21,397 -0- 21,397
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for renewal and replacement Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 7,473,178 510,213 709,728 1,241,435 9,934,554	\$	5,899,716 -0- 21,781 <u>5,382</u> <u>5,926,879</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Sanitary</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Parking</u> <u>Authority</u> <u>Fund</u>
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ <u>4,744,974</u>	\$ <u>145,265</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>4,744,974</u>	145,265
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	1,893,445	74,010
Contractual services	403,777	-0-
Administrative and general	137,026	9,737
Fuel and oil	101,283	-0-
Liability insurance	61,155	4,071
Materials and supplies	513,933	5,961
Utilities	226,033	32,640
Depreciation	695,914	105,420
Maintenance	<u>427,904</u>	<u>8,092</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>4,460,470</u>	239,931
Operating income (loss)	<u>284,504</u>	(94,666)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest	1,285	14
Miscellaneous income	352,890	-0-
Interest and fiscal charges	(<u>142,191</u>)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	211,984	14
Change in net position	496,488	(94,652)
Total net position – beginning – restated	<u>9,438,066</u>	6,021,531
Total net position – ending	\$ <u>9,934,554</u>	\$ <u>5,926,879</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Sanitary Board Fund	Parking Authority Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,745,470	\$ 145,265
Payments to suppliers	(2,692,649)	(70,917)
Payments to employees	(1,657,838)	(<u>70,577</u>)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>394,983</u>	<u>3,771</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
(Increase) decrease in restricted assets	(63,126)	-0-
Repayment of revenue bonds	(589,241)	-0-
Proceeds from bonds payable	3,353,864	-0-
Acquisition of capital assets	(4,029,613)	-0-
Nonoperation miscellaneous income	352,890	-0-
Interest expense	(<u>142,191</u>)	<u>-0-</u>
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(<u>1,117,417</u>)	<u>-0-</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on investments	1,285	14
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,285	14
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(721,149)	3,785
Cash at beginning of year	915,986	23,068
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>194,837</u>	\$ <u>26,853</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – COMPONENT UNITS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		anitary Board Fund	Aut	rking thority und
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	284,504	\$(94.666)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash cash provided by operating activities:	Ψ	204,301	Ψ(.	,,,,,,,
Depreciation and amortization		695,914	1	05,420
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		496		-0-
Due to/from other funds		499		-0-
Inventory		16,519		-0-
Net other post-employment benefits asset	(8,331)		-0-
Net pension obligation asset	(892,233)	(16,778)
Deferred outflows of resources – WVPERS	(34,778)	(832)
Deferred outflows of resources – WVRHBT		36,899		-0-
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		3,466		231
Accrued compensated absences	(62,434)	(354)
Accrued post-employment benefits payable	(128,286)		-0-
Net pension obligation – WVPERS	į (526,254)	(9,643)
Deferred inflows of resources – WVPERS	`	1,111,805		20,393
Deferred inflows of resources – WVRHBT	(102,803)		-0-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$,	394,983	\$ _	3,771

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEETS – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Memorandum Only)
ASSETS			
Cash Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles of \$7,000):	\$ 2,824,646	\$ 365	\$ 2,825,011
Taxes	253,209	-0-	253,209
Notes	17,722	-0-	17,722
Due from/(to) other activities	(80,742)	<u>-0-</u>	(<u>80,742</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>3,014,835</u>	\$ <u>365</u>	\$ <u>3,015,200</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 31,519	\$ -0-	\$ 31,519
Accrued payroll	<u> 18,866</u>	<u>-0-</u> -0-	18,866 50,385
Total liabilities	50,385	<u>-0-</u>	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred taxes	<u>159,292</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>159,292</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	209,677	<u>-0-</u>	209,677
Fund Balances			
Assigned	2,808,234	365	2,808,599
Unassigned	(<u>3,076</u>) 2,805,158	<u>-0-</u> 365	(<u>3,076</u>) 2,805,523
Total fund balances	<u> 2,803,138</u>	<u> 303</u>	<u> 2,002,223</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>3,014,835</u>	\$ <u>365</u>	\$ <u>3,015,200</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	
	<u>Special</u>	<u>Debt</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Service</u>	(Memorandum
	<u>Funds</u>	Funds	Only)
Revenues			
Taxes – Ad valorem	\$ 1,858,651	\$ -0-	\$ 1,858,651
Charges for services	1,312,237	133,582	1,445,819
Fines and forfeits	135,542	-0-	135,542
Interest	1,362	64	1,426
Donations	9,928	-0-	9,928
Intergovernmental:	•		•
Federal	138,914	-0-	138,914
Contributions from employees	418,076	-0-	418,076
Contributions from employer	1,671,716	-0-	1,671,716
Miscellaneous income	<u>810</u>	0-	<u>810</u>
Total revenues	<u>5,547,236</u>	<u>133,646</u>	<u>5,680,882</u>
Expenditures			
General government	9,340	-0-	9,340
Public safety	236,752	-0-	236,752
Highways and streets	721,680	-0-	721,680
Community development	1,152,759	-0-	1,152,759
Culture and recreation	376,532	-0-	376,532
Benefit payments	2,084,118	-0-	2,084,118
Capital outlay	414,004	-0-	414,004
Debt service – principal	207,532	-0-	207,532
Debt service – interest	<u>36,502</u>		36,502
Total expenditures	5,239,219	-0-	5,239,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	308,017	133,646	441,663

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total (Memorandum Only)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating transfers in	\$ 753,804	\$ -0-	\$ 753,804
Operating transfers (out)	(648,336)	(218,527)	(<u>866,863</u>)
Total other financing sources (uses)	105,468	(218,527)	(113,059)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources			
over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	413,485	(84,881)	328,604
Fund balance beginning of year	<u>2,391,673</u>	<u>85,246</u>	2,476,919
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>2,805,158</u>	\$ <u>365</u>	\$ <u>2,805,523</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEETS – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Police</u> <u>Fund</u>	Tax Increment Financing District Fund	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>	<u>Park</u> <u>Board</u>	Park Board Special Levy	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	PEIA Fund	Police National Night Out Fund	<u>Total</u> (<u>Memorandum</u> <u>Only</u>)
ASSETS										
Cash Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles of \$7,000)	\$ 291,171	\$ 1,355,164	\$ -0-	\$ 585,353	\$ 106,808	\$ 438,401	\$ 9,924	\$ 26,673	\$ 11,152	\$ 2,824,646
Taxes	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	101,284	151,925	-0-	-0-	-0-	253,209
Notes	-0-	-0-	17,722	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	17,722
Due from/(to) other activities	<u>8,256</u>			42,876	(8,683)	(110,191)	(<u>13,000</u>)	0-	<u>-0-</u>	(80,742)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>299,427</u>	\$ <u>1,355,164</u>	\$ <u>17,722</u>	\$ <u>628,229</u>	\$ <u>199,409</u>	\$ <u>480,135</u>	\$(<u>3,076</u>)	\$ <u>26,673</u>	\$ <u>11,152</u>	\$ <u>3,014,835</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEETS – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONT'D) JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Police</u> <u>Fund</u>	Tax Increment Financing District Fund	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>	<u>Park</u> Board	Park Board Special Levy	<u>Capital</u> <u>Improvement</u> <u>Levy Fund</u>	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	PEIA Fund	Police National Night Out Fund	<u>Total</u> (<u>Memorandum</u> <u>Only</u>)
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 31,519	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 31,519
Accrued payroll	0-	0-	0-	18,866	0-		0-	0-	0-	<u> 18,866</u>
Total liabilities		<u>-0-</u>	0-	<u>50,385</u>	<u>-0-</u>		0-		0-	50,385
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred taxes			0-	0-	63,717	<u>95,575</u>	0-	0-		159,292
Fund Balances										
Assigned	299,427	1,355,164	17,722	577,844	135,692	384,560	-0-	26,673	11,152	2,808,234
Unassigned			0-	<u>-0-</u>	0-	0-	(_3,076)	0-	0-	(3,076)
Total fund balances	<u>299,427</u>	1,355,164	<u>17,722</u>	<u>577,844</u>	<u>135,692</u>	<u>384,560</u>	(<u>3,076</u>)	<u>26,673</u>	<u>11,152</u>	<u>2,805,158</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>299,427</u>	\$ <u>1.355,164</u>	\$ <u>17,722</u>	\$ <u>628,229</u>	\$ <u>199,409</u>	\$ <u>480,135</u>	\$(<u>3,076</u>)	\$ <u>26,673</u>	\$ <u>11,152</u>	\$ <u>3,014,835</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Police Fund	Tax Increment Financing District Fund	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>	<u>Park</u> Board	Park Board Special Levy	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	<u>Dental and</u> <u>Vision Benefit</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>PEIA</u> <u>Fund</u>	Police National Night Out Fund	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues										
Taxes – Ad Valorem	\$ -0-	\$ 504,011	\$ -0- 5	-0-	\$ 24,351	\$ 1,330,289	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 1,858,651
Charges for services	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,312,237	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,312,237
Fines and forfeits	135,542	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	135,542
Interest	153	577	-0-	259	103	238	7	25	-0-	1,362
Donations	5,828	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	4,100	9,928
Intergovernmental:										
Federal	1,956	-0-	-0-	136,958	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	138,914
Contributions from employees	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	103,774	314,302	-0-	418,076
Contributions from employer	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	71,716	1,600,000	-0-	1,671,716
Miscellaneous income	<u>810</u>	-0-			0-			<u>-0-</u>	0-	<u>810</u>
Total revenues	<u>144,289</u>	504,588		1,449,454	24,454	<u>1,330,527</u>	<u>175,497</u>	<u>1,914,327</u>	4,100	<u>5,547,236</u>
Expenditures										
General government	-0-	-0-	- 0-	-0-	-0-	9,340	-0-	-0-	-0-	9,340
Public safety	163,125	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	73,627	-0-	-0-	-0-	236,752
Highways and streets	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	721,680	-0-	-0-	-0-	721,680
Community development	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,152,759	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,152,759
Culture and recreation	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	376,532	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	376,532
Benefit payments	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	175,085	1,909,033	-0-	2,084,118
Capital outlay	15,395	-0-	-0-	166,002	59,732	172,875	-0-	-0-	-0-	414,004
Debt service – principle	-0-	-0-	166,073	-0-	41,459	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	207,532
Debt service – interest	0-	-0-	<u>17,223</u>		<u> 19,279</u>		0-		0-	<u>36,502</u>
Total expenditures	178,520		<u>183,296</u>	1,318,761	<u>497,002</u>	<u>977,522</u>	<u>175,085</u>	1,909,033	0-	<u>5,239,219</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(<u>34,231</u>)	<u>504,588</u>	(<u>183,296</u>)	130,693	(<u>472,548</u>)	<u>353,005</u>	412	5,294	<u>4,100</u>	<u>308,017</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONT'D) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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	Police Fund	Increment Financing District Fund	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>	<u>Park</u> Board	Park Board Special Levy	Capital Improvement Levy Fund	Dental and Vision Benefit Fund	<u>PEIA</u> <u>Fund</u>	Police National Night Out Fund	Total (Memorandum Only)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Operating transfers in	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 183,296 \$	46,442	\$ 517,502	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 6,564	\$ 753,804
Operating transfers (out)	(<u>6,564</u>)		(<u>121</u>)	-0-	(124,149)	(<u>517,502</u>)			0-	(<u>648,336</u>)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(<u>6,564</u>)		<u> 183,175</u>	<u>46,442</u>	<u>393,353</u>	(<u>517,502</u>	0-		<u>6,564</u>	<u>105,468</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)										
expenditures and other financing (uses)	(40,795)	504,588	(121)	177,135	(79,195)	(164,497)	412	5,294	10,664	413,485
Fund balance beginning of year	340,222	<u>850,576</u>	<u>17,843</u>	400,709	<u>214,887</u>	_549,057	(_3,488)	21,379	488	<u>2,391,673</u>
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>299,427</u>	\$ <u>1,355,164</u>	\$ <u>17,722</u> \$	577,844	\$ <u>135,692</u>	\$ <u>384,560</u>	\$(<u>3,076</u>)	\$ <u>26,673</u>	\$ 11,152	\$ <u>2,805,158</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING FUND BALANCE SHEETS – NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ <u>365</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>365</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ <u>-0-</u> 0-
Fund Balances Assigned Total fund balances	365 365
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>365</u>

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Urban</u> <u>Renewal</u> <u>Authority</u>
Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 133,582
Interest	122.646
Total revenues	<u>133,646</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	133,646
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(010.505)
Operating transfers (out)	(218,527)
(Deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources	
(Deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(84,881)
(mider) experiences and enter managing asses	· ,
Fund balance beginning of year	<u>85,246</u>
	265
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>365</u>

Tetrick & Bartlett, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Council Municipality of Clarksburg Clarksburg, West Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clarksburg, West Virginia

Tetuck , Busin, PHI

March 18, 2023

Tetrick & Bartlett, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and Council Municipality of Clarksburg Clarksburg, West Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control
 over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance
 in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clarksburg, West Virginia

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March 18, 2023

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified Opinion
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified Opinion
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
United States Small Business Administration COVID-19 – Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program	AL #59.075
United States Department of Agriculture Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	AL #10.760
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	X yesno

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

B. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

No Findings

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

United States Small Business Administration – COVID-19 – Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program – AL 59.079 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

United States Department of Agriculture – Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities – AL 10.760 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no findings and questioned costs identified in the major federal award program audit.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	<u>Federal</u> <u>Assistance</u> <u>Listing</u> <u>Number (AL)</u>	Grant Number	Program or Award Amount	Receipts or Revenues Recognized	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures	<u>Loan</u> Balance
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster						
United States Department of Transportation						
West Virginia Department of Transportation West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles Highway Planning and Construction Total United States Department of Transportation – AL 20.205 Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Highway Safety Cluster United States Department of Transportation National Highway Safety Administration	20.205	F22-HS-05-DOHWZ \$	15,000	\$ <u>14,252</u> <u>14,252</u> <u>14,252</u>	\$ <u>14,252</u> <u>14,252</u> 	
West Virginia Department of Transportation West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles State and Community Highway Safety State and Community Highway Safety Total United States Department of Transportation – AL 20.600	20.600 20.600	F21-HS-05-402 F22-HS-05-402	192,700 192,700	\$ 33,942 <u>91,907</u> <u>125,849</u>	\$ 33,942 <u>91,907</u> 125,849	

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number (AL)	Grant Number	Program or Award Amount	Receipts or Revenues Recognized	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures	<u>Loan</u> Balance
Highway Safety Cluster						
United States Department of Transportation National Highway Safety Administration						
West Virginia Department of Transportation West Virginia Division of Motor Vehicles						
National Priority Safety Programs National Priority Safety Programs National Priority Safety Programs	20.616 20.616 20.616	F22-HS-05-405B F22-HS-05-405C F22-HS-05-405D	\$ 25,000 47,000 100,000	\$ 9,794 39,927 24,484	\$ 9,794 39,927 24,484	
National Priority Safety Programs National Priority Safety Programs National Priority Safety Programs	20.616 20.616	F21-HS-05-405B F21-HS-05-405C	47,000 80,000	3,940 12,287	3,940 12,287	
National Priority Safety Programs Total United States Department of Transportation – AL 20.616	20.616	F21-HS-05-405D	101,000	17,350 107,782	<u>37,350</u> <u>127,782</u>	
Total United States Department of Transportation - Highway Safety Cl	luster			233,631	253,631	
Total United States Department of Transportation				<u>247,883</u>	267,883	
Executive Office of the President						
Financial Commission for Appalachia High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area						
Passed thru Laurel County Fiscal Court High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program Total Executive Office of the President – AL 95.001 Total Executive Office of the President	95.001 95.001	GP21AP0001A G22AP0001A	36,000 19,000	\$ 5,539 11,084 16,623 16,623	\$ 5,539 	

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number (AL)	Grant Number	Program or Award Amount	Receipts or Revenues Recognized	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures	<u>Loan</u> Balance
United States Department of Justice						
Violence Against Women Office						
Passed Thru West Virginia Division of Justice and Community Services Passed Thru Task Force on Domestic Violence Violence Against Women Formula Grants Total United States Department of Justice AL 16.588	16,588	18-VAW-017	\$ 10,000	\$ <u>2,775</u> <u>2,775</u>	\$ <u>2,775</u> <u>2,775</u>	
United States Department of Justice						
Bureau of Justice Assistance						
Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total United States Department of Justice – AL 16.738	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0290	\$ 4,937	\$ <u>1,956</u> <u>1,956</u>	\$ <u>1,956</u> <u>1,956</u>	
Total United States Department of Justice				4,731	4,731	
United States Department of the Treasury						
Passed thru State of West Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund Total United States Department of the Treasury – AL 20.109	21.019	CVRF-2020	\$ 6,730,023	\$ <u>6,730,023</u> <u>6,730,023</u>	\$ <u>183,000</u> <u>183,000</u>	
Total United States Department of the Treasury				6,730,023	183,000	

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number (AL)	Grant Number	Program or Award Amount	Receipts or Revenues Recognized	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures	<u>Loan</u> <u>Balance</u>
United States Small Business Administration						
COVID-19 – Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program COVID-19 – Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program Total United States Small Business Administration – AL 59.075	59.075 59.075	SBAHQ21SV016361.3 SBAHQ21SV007146.2	\$ 136,958 714,811	\$ 136,958	\$ 136,958	
Total United States Small Business Administration				<u>851,769</u>	<u>851,769</u>	
United States Department of Agriculture						
Passed thru the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Age Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities Total United States Department of Agriculture – AL 10.760	ncy 10.760	2020A	\$ 7,900,000	\$ <u>1,756,002</u> <u>1,756,002</u>	\$ <u>1,756,002</u> <u>1,756,002</u>	\$ 6,473,202
Total United States Department of Agriculture				1,756,002	1,756,002	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ <u>9,607,031</u>	\$ <u>3,080,008</u>	

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

Municipality of Clarksburg, West Virginia has elected not to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D - Pass-through to Subrecipients

There were no awards passed through to subrecipients.

Note E – Assistance Listing (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA)

Assistance Listing (AL) has replaced the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) for identifying federal programs.

See independent auditor's report.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note F – Loan Balances

The United States Department of Agriculture – Community Facilities Loans and Grant Program – AL Number 10.766 represented a refinancing of a bond anticipation note purchased by the United States Department of Agriculture on May 24, 2019 in the amount of \$8,500,000. The outstanding balance of the bonds at June 30, 2022 was \$8,124,059.

The United States Department of Agriculture – Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities – AL Number 10.760 represents a loan through the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program. The total loan balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$6,473,202 of which \$1,756,202 was considered federal funding.

See independent auditor's report.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

United States Small Business Administration – COVID-19 – Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program – AL Number 59.075 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 and United States Department of Agriculture – Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities – AL Number 10.760 – Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Since there were no findings a corrective action plan is not required.

MUNICIPALITY OF CLARKSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Reference Number:

There were no Findings and Questioned Costs for the prior audit period of July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 that are required to be reported.